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HOOP/COLUMN ANTENNA RF VERIFICATION MODEL

VOLUME I: TEST RESULTS

W. F. Croswell (Editor), M. D. Vanstrum, R. J. Schrimpf, R. G. Taylor, and R. L. Moye

HARRIS CORPORATION Melbourne, Florida

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HOOP/COLUMN ANTENNA RF VERIFICATION MODEL ANALYSIS AND TEST

BY

HARRIS CORPORATION

GOVERNMENT ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION

PREPARED FOR: LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER
UNDER CONTRACT NAS1-15763

EDITOR: W. F. Croswell, Section Head

AUTHORS: M. D. Vanstrum, Senior Engineer

R. J. Schrimpf, Senior Engineer

R. G. Taylor, SAPE

R. L. Moye, Lead Engineer

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ANALYSIS AND CORRELATION DATA FOR HOOP/COLUMN ANTENNA RF VERIFICATION MODEL FINAL REPORT COMPRISE VOLUME II.

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HOOP/COLUMN ANTENNA RF VERIFICATION MODEL ANALYSIS AND TEST

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to present the results of an experimental and theoretical study of the RF characteristics of the Hoop/Column quad aperture antenna. The primary purposes of the RF Verification Model in the LSST Program were twofold.

- 1) To provide experimental pattern data for the quad aperture configuration at different reflector edge illumination levels from which the geometry and edge effects can be assessed. Also, to provide experimental data which can be compared with calculations using various theoretical reflector scattering formulations.
- 2) To experimentally determine the effects of scale model quartz cables, to be used in the hoop column design, upon secondary patterns in order to assess the importance of developing a scattering theory to predict such effects.

In addition to the description of experimental procedures and the presentation of extensive experimental results, a comprehensive theoretical study of how to feed the quad aperture configuration is described. Firstly, an outline of the physical optics formulation used for subsequent calculations is given. Secondly, the experimental feed horns were modeled, using a Huygen's source approximation. From these feed horn patterns, calculations for various experimental aperture configurations were made, and compared with experimental patterns. Using these data and measured raster scan contour plots, a fundamental effect of parasitic side lobes is discussed, including location in space, and reasons for the approximate amplitude.

Based upon these results, a comprehensive theoretical study was conducted in order to design a feed for use in the quad aperture configuration resulting in good pattern characteristics. The first feed studied was the corrugated horn, where contiguous cross track coverage suitable for a radiometric mission was considered. Next, the effect of feed aperture distributions upon the secondary gain and pattern characteristics was determined for a wide variety of typical low side lobe aperture distributions. Then, related to communications missions, a brief study was made of multimode horn feeds suitable for clusters. Finally, a discussion of feed designs suitable for the quad aperture is given, along with a brief summary of conclusions from the study.

DESCRIPTION OF TEST ARTICLES AND ALIGNMENT

A top-view drawing of the basic pie-shaped reflectors, support fixtures, and feed support plates are given in Figure 1. Notice that the center of rotation is located behind the vertex of the parabolas in order to balance the overall structure on the azimuth-elevation antenna mount. Front and side views of the structure are given in Figures 2, 3, and 4 where scale model quartz cables are shown attached to the antenna. It can be noted from these figures that the feed support and fixtures are located well below the primary apertures; the feed horn itself provides the only blockage area. Detailed sketches showing specific dimensions and angles are given in Figures 16 through 19. (See Volume II)

The reflectors, as shown in Figure 5, were fabricated on a mold with an accuracy of 0.002 inch. The surface was made conductive with a flame spray aluminum process. The final reflectors were checked on the backup structure with a swept template and shown to be accurate to within 0.008 inch rms.

The reflector and feed support assembly were hoisted in sections as shown in Figure 6 and assembled on the pedestal. Asspecial alignment tool was

manufactured to check feed alignment. Three known points located by holes were placed in each sector during manufacture. With these holes and an alignment fixture the distance to the feed on focus can be set to an accuracy of 0.03 inch. By placing fine cross hairs in the feed horn aperture, and the input waveguide to the feed horn, angular alignment was obtained. The exact offset angle of 21.6 degrees was marked on the reflector surface. The feed horn alignment was determined by observing the input waveguide, with the mixer removed.

The transmitting antenna, and an alignment scope, are shown in Figure 8. The transmitting antenna, which is located at the top of the tower, was aligned by the double cross hair method used on the feed horn. This alignment permitted bore sighting within a distance of ± 1.0 foot of the center axis of the two sectors as observed from the transmitting tower. The bore sight scope, as shown in Figure 8, permits the setting of the test antenna axis with errors of less than 0.004 degrees.

The quartz wires were mounted as required during the test program, using the fiberglass support fixture on the feed support structure, and special tabs attached around the edge of the dish, as shown in Figures 9 and 10. Also visible in Figure 10 are the standard gain horn, mounted on the feed support structure, and the white parabolic reflector used to obtain the phase reference for the two channel phase lock receiver.

DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST RANGE AND EQUIPMENT

The antenna test range equipment is illustrated in Figure 11. Most of the equipment is standard Scientific Atlanta and Hewlett Packard off-the-shelf instrumentation. Using analog-to-digital devices, the output of the synchros was digitized and recorded on floppy disks along with phase-amplitude data using a Vector computer. The data on the floppy disks were then transferred

off-line to the Harris H-80 and H-800 computers and stored. All of the subsequent raster scan data shown in this report were obtained in this manner. The basic pedestal gear and synchro accuracy was checked; hence the recorded data from the synchros can be repeated by rotating the pedestal in the same direction for each line of the raster scan run. The absolute accuracy of any angular number recorded was better than 0.05 degrees. It was noted that the stability of the amplitude recording system was better than 0.1 dB from day to day, as was the drift during any one 8 hour measurement day.

The geometrical arrangement of the antenna range, along with a conservative link budget, is given in Figure 12. It was noted during the course of measurement that receiver noise began to be noticeable about 70 dB down in dynamic range, although repeatable lobes were measured at lower values. The multipath signal levels for the test antenna were determined using the geometry of Figure 12, and the measured transmitting antenna pattern given in Figures 13 and 14. The cross-polarization levels from the transmitter were generally below -40 dB in the multipath reflection Fresnel zone. The direct polarization pattern level in the same region will be -26 dB to -30 dB down. The above mentioned measurements, along with the multipath zone being 13 to 16 degrees away from any measurement elevation angle, indicate that the multipath had minimal effect upon the detailed measurements reported.

DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT AND CALIBRATION

The receiving feed antennas were specified to have -6 dB and -14 dB edge tapers at the bisector of a pie reflector. The feed horns designed for use in this experiment are depicted in Figure 15. A detailed set of primary patterns were measured and recorded in both analog and digital form, as listed in the pattern log, LSST-I, page 24. The analog patterns are shown on the pages as

listed in LSST-I. The feed horns were set at an angle of 21.6 degrees corresponding to bisector of the angle between the focal point and the outer edge of the pie sector. For convenience, the following are the summary parameters used in this experiment:

FOCAL LENGTH	137.7 inches
OFFSET ANGLE	21.6 degree
RADIUS OF PIE SECTOR	110.8 inches
DIAMETER FROM FOCUS TO PIE EDGE	105.3 inches
OPERATING FREQUENCY	15.0 GHz
PHASE CENTER DISTANCE BEHIND HORN APERTURE	
-6 dB	0.30 inches
-14 dB	0.99 inches

The antenna range was chosen to minimize multipath signals. The distance between the towers was approximately D^2/λ or about one-half the conventional range distance. In order to correct for quadratic phase error, due to a fore-shortened range, the feed was displaced along the offset angle. Several calculations were run for symmetrical offset reflectors and compared with measurements where the axial feed displacement was varied. From these data, and gain measurements, it was determined that an axial defocus (movement along the offset angle of 21.6 degrees) of about 1.2 inches gave optimum gain. All of the data taken are given in the log, LSST-II, page 31, with the subsequent pages of patterns listed for indexing.

It should be noted that great care was taken to ensure calibration between pattern sets that were taken over a period of nearly five weeks. As a routine procedure, the pedestal was always rotated in the same direction during pattern taking. This tended to maintain gear wear errors in the same direction. Also, the systems were left on continuously to minimize warmup

errors, and there was a gain measurement taken by the substitution method before and after each measurement sequence. The only significant measurement error noted was the resetting of synchros to precise increments. This error, on an absolute basis, was less than 0.05 degree and was observable for only a few significant pattern locations. It was noticeable as an amplitude change on secondary peaks at wide angles. There was little chance of improving on the accuracy without a complete redesign and rebuild of the pedestal and synchro system.

Data were also taken for both no scan and scanned cases. For the scan cases the horn was mounted in a plane perpendicular to the offset angle of 21.6 degrees. The horns were scanned in the horizontal plane and toward the direction of the other pie sector. Data are presented in a three-dimensional azimuth-elevation-amplitude plot, followed by an azimuth-amplitude plot, and an elevation-amplitude plot for detailed review. The data presented allow for a detailed comparison of the aperture coupling problem between two pie-shaped sectors.

SUMMARY OF ANALOG PATTERN MEASUREMENTS

The purpose of presenting these results is to give an expanded pattern description of the aperture coupling and quartz wire effects over wide angular sectors. It should be noted that the quartz wires produced few noticable pattern changes, and hence no detailed raster scans were obtained. The secondary pattern log is given in LSST-IV through LSST-IX, pages 119-306. In order to compare one pattern set with another in absolute amplitude, the measured gain for that pattern set is available in the recorded floppy disk data.

HARDWARE DESCRIPTION AND ANALOG PATTERNS LOGS

The remainder of Volume I consists of photographs, hardware descriptions, and antenna patterns.

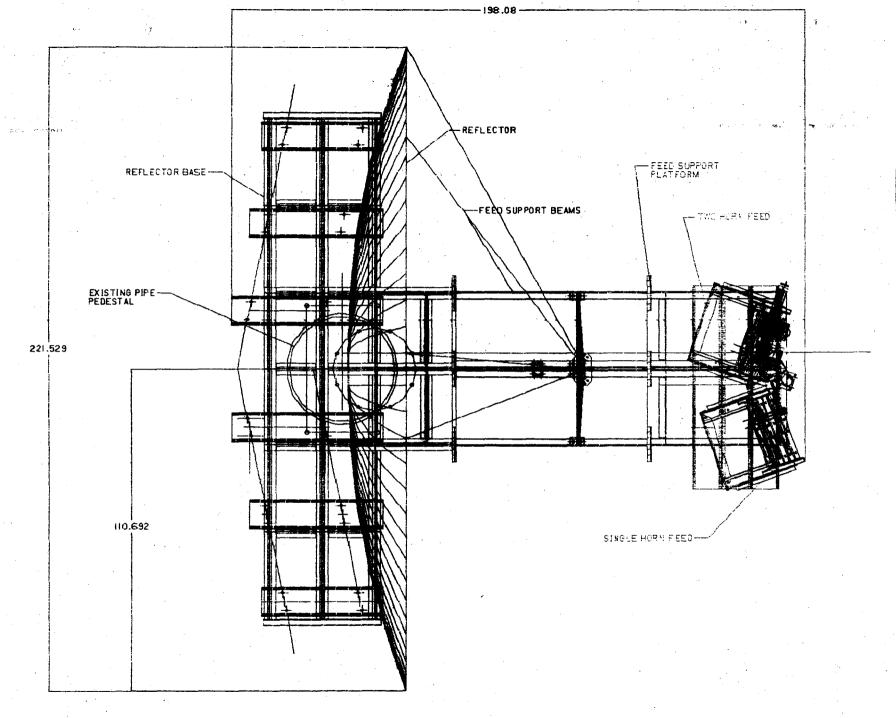


Figure 2. FRONT VIEW OF THE RF VERIFICATION MODEL

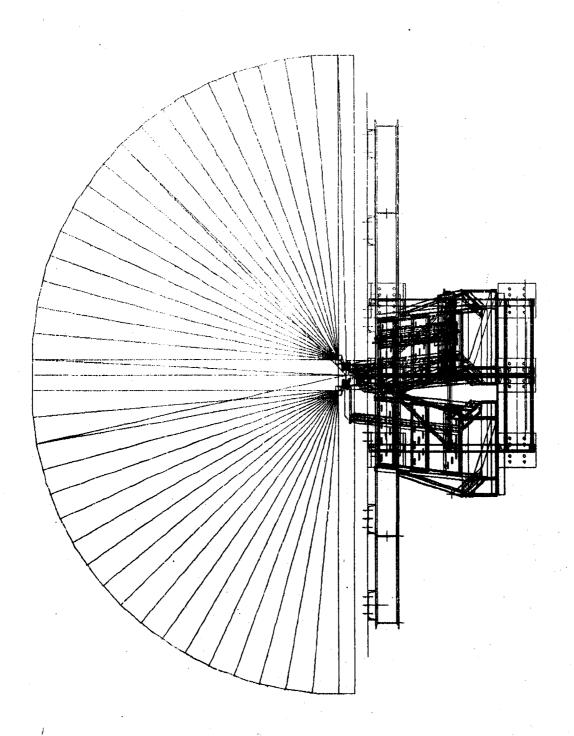


Figure 3. SIDE VIEW OF THE RF VERIFICATION MODEL

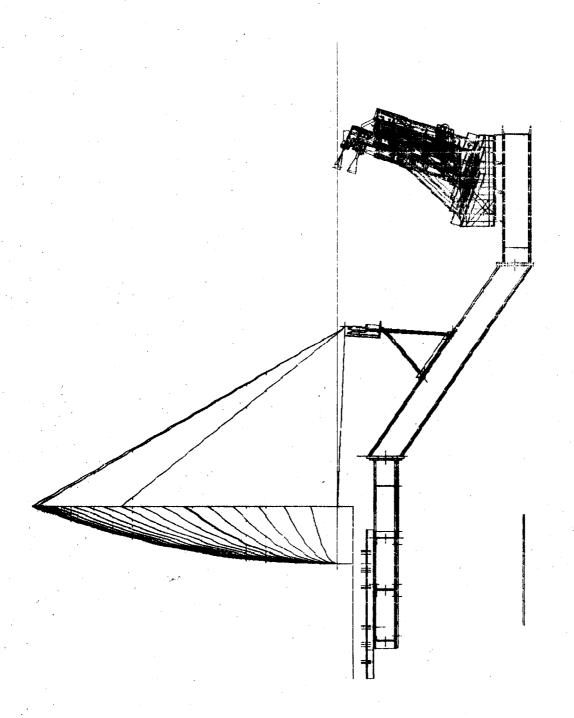
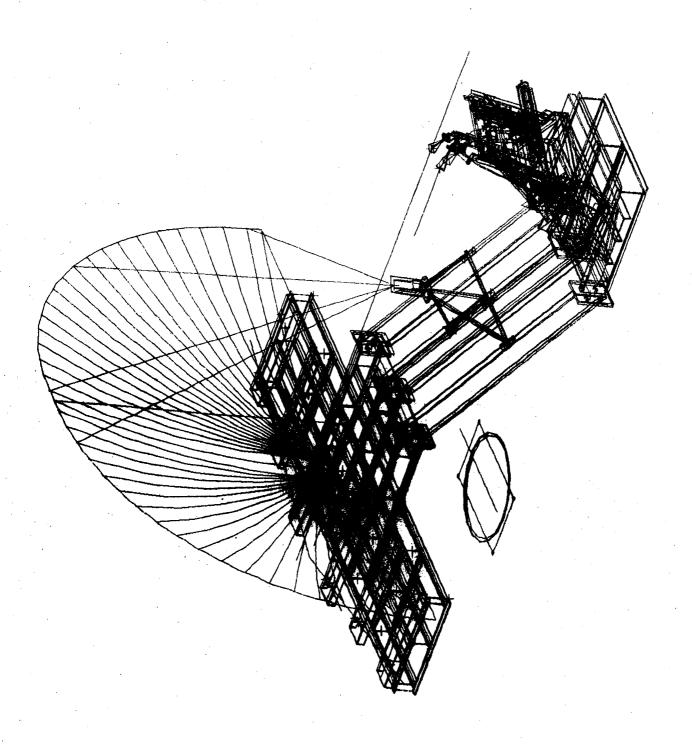
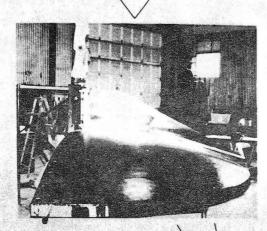


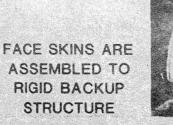
Figure 4. ISOMETRIC VIEW OF THE RF VERIFICATION MODEL

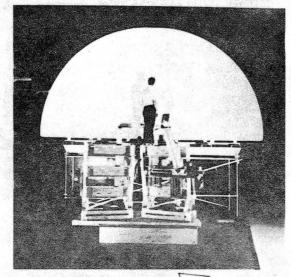


FABRICATION OF PRECISION RF **VERIFICATION MODEL**

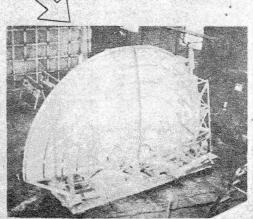


A MOLD WITH 0.05 mm (0.002 IN.) RMS ACCURACY IS USED TO BUILD **FIBERGLASS** FACE SKINS





ASSEMBLED ANTENNA TEST MODEL





ADJUSTMENT SCREWS BETWEEN FACE SKINS AND BACKUP STRUCTURE PROVIDE A HEFLECTOR ACCURACY OF 0.2 mm (0.008 IN.) RMS

Figure 6. PHOTOGRAPH OF THE REFLECTOR STRUCTURE BEING LIFTED ON THE ANTENNA RANGE

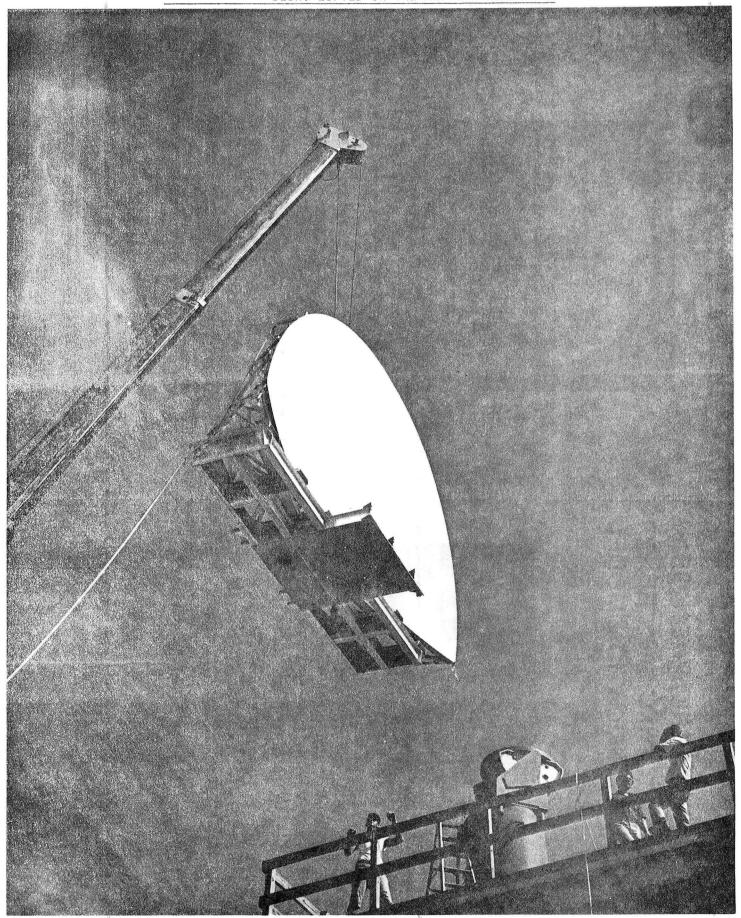


Figure 7. PHOTOGRAPH OF FEED ALIGNMENT STRUCTURE BEING USED ON ANTENNA RANGE

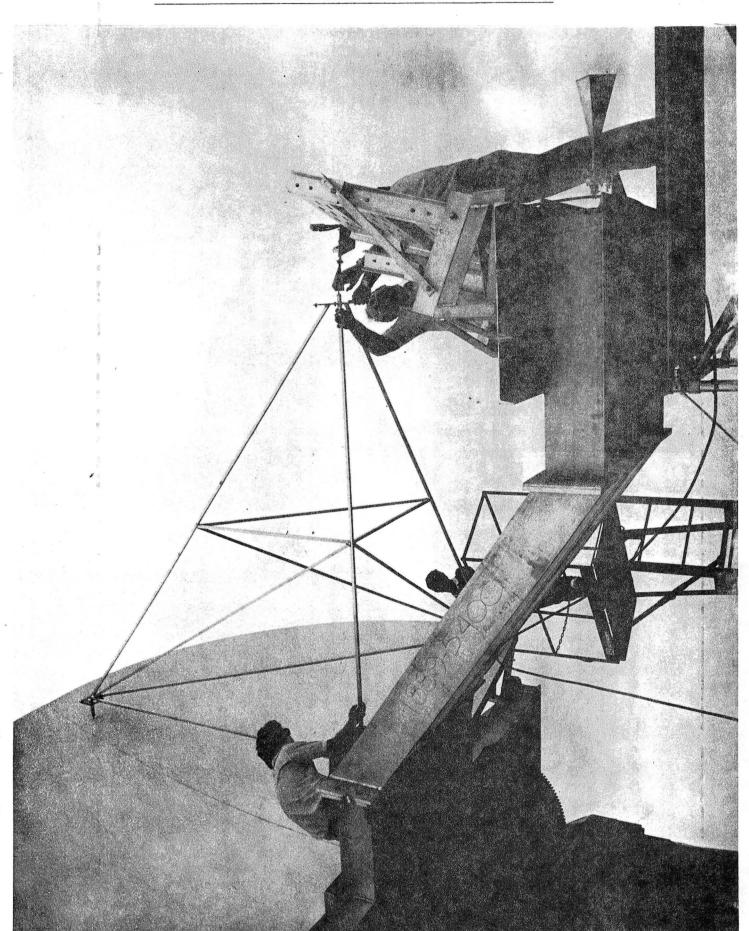


Figure 8. PHOTOGRAPH OF RF VERIFICATION MODEL LOCATED ON ANTENNA RANGE SHOWING THE ALIGNMENT SCOPE AND TRANSMITTING ANTENNA AND TOWER

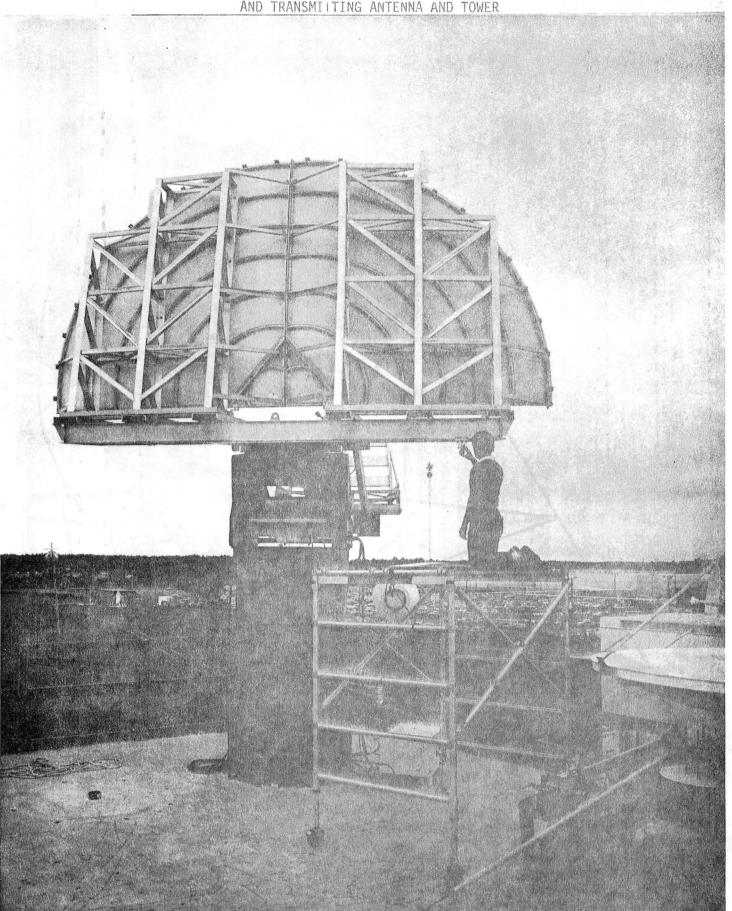
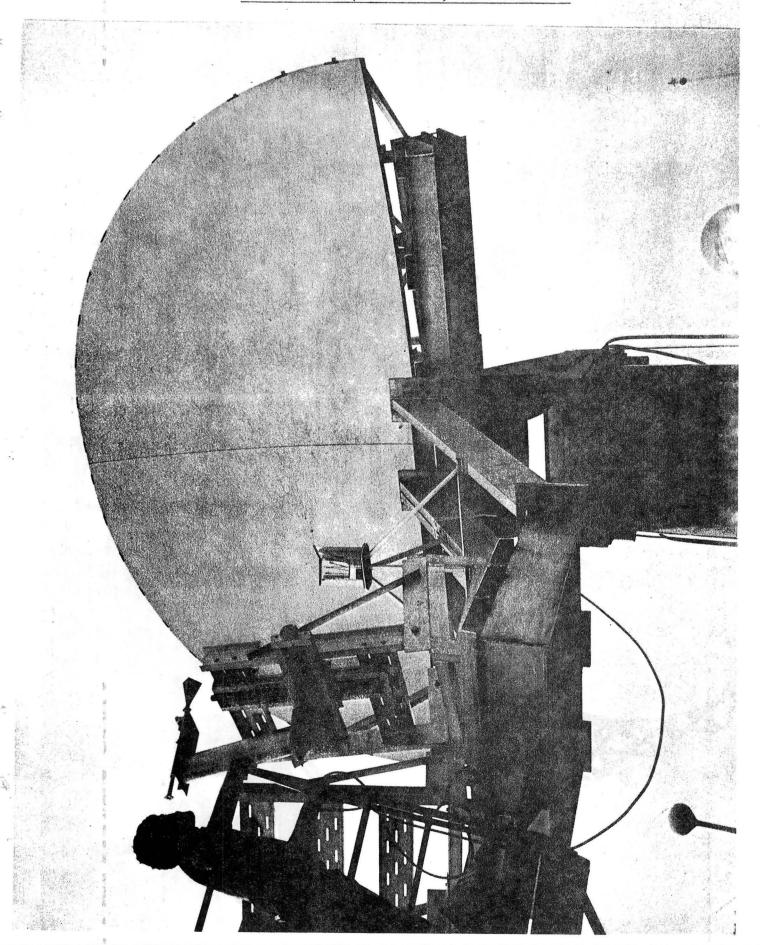
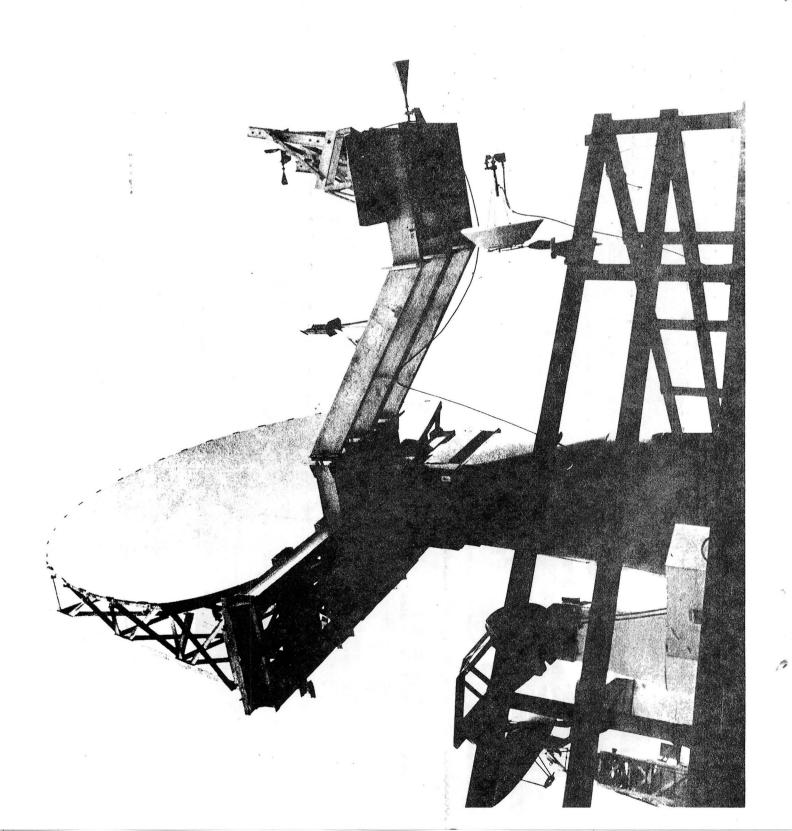
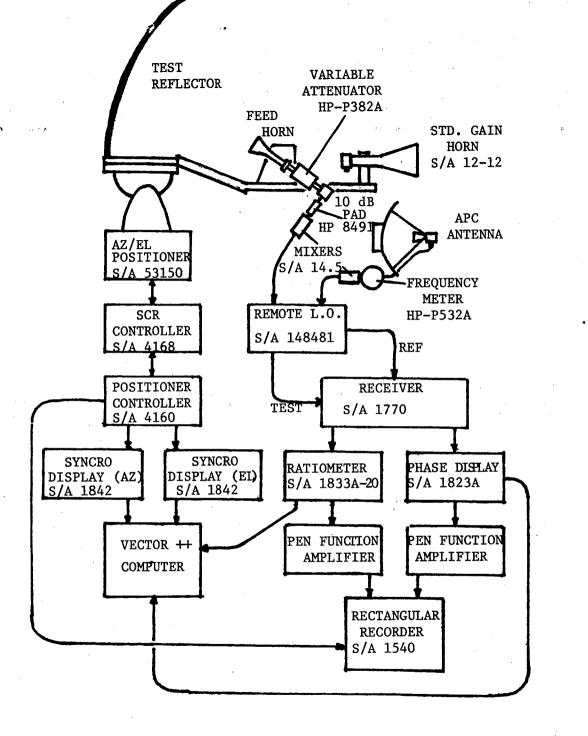


Figure 9. RF VERIFICATION MODEL SHOWING QUARTZ CORDS, FRONT VIEW







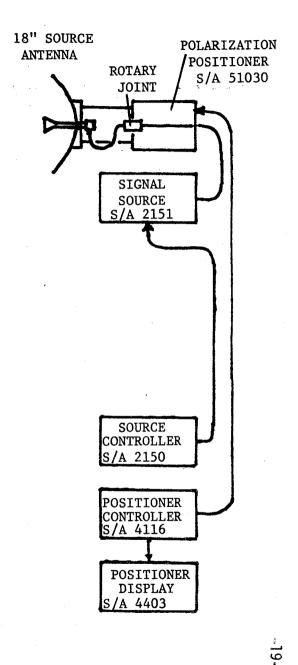
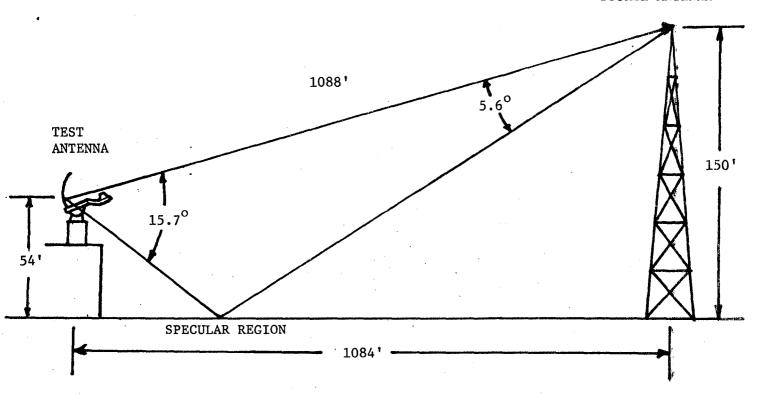


FIGURE 11. ANTENNA RANGE EQUIPMENT DIAGRAM

SOURCE ANTENNA



RANGE LINK BUDGET 8.0 dBm. SIGNAL SOURCE .141 COAX CABLE 5.0 dB. SOURCE ANTENNA + 31.0 dB. RANGE LOSS 106.0 dB. APC ANTENNA 33.0 dB. RECEIVED POWER 39.0 dBm. REFERENCE RECEIVER SENSITIVITY 50.0 dBm. CHANNEL MARGIN 11.0 dB. RECEIVED POWER 22.0 dBm. RECEIVER SENSITIVITY 90.0 dBm. TEST CHANNEL DYNAMIC RANGE 68.0 dB.

FIGURE 12. RANGE GEOMETRY and LINK CALCULATIONS

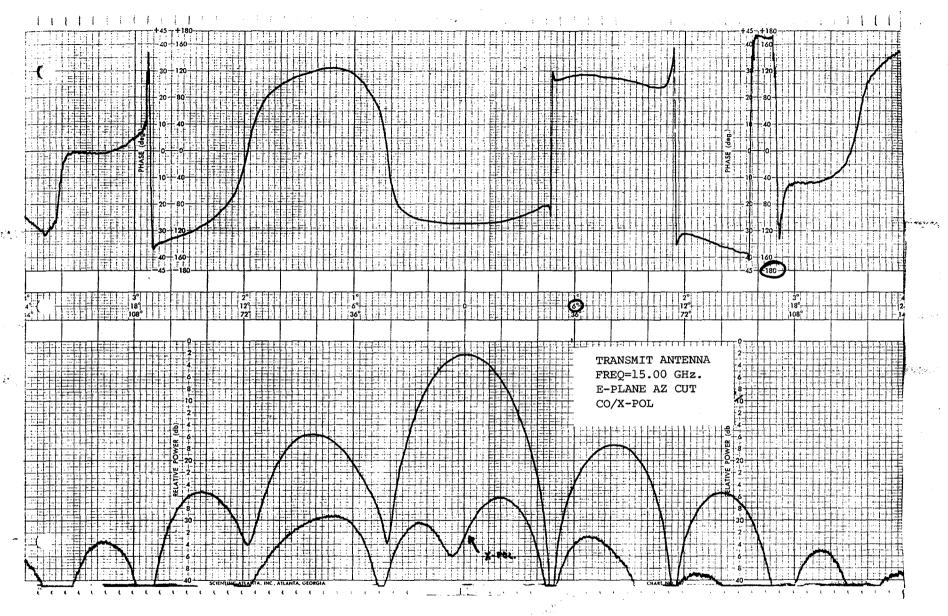


Figure 13. TRANSMIT ANTENNA PATTERNS, E PLANE-AZIMUTH CUT.

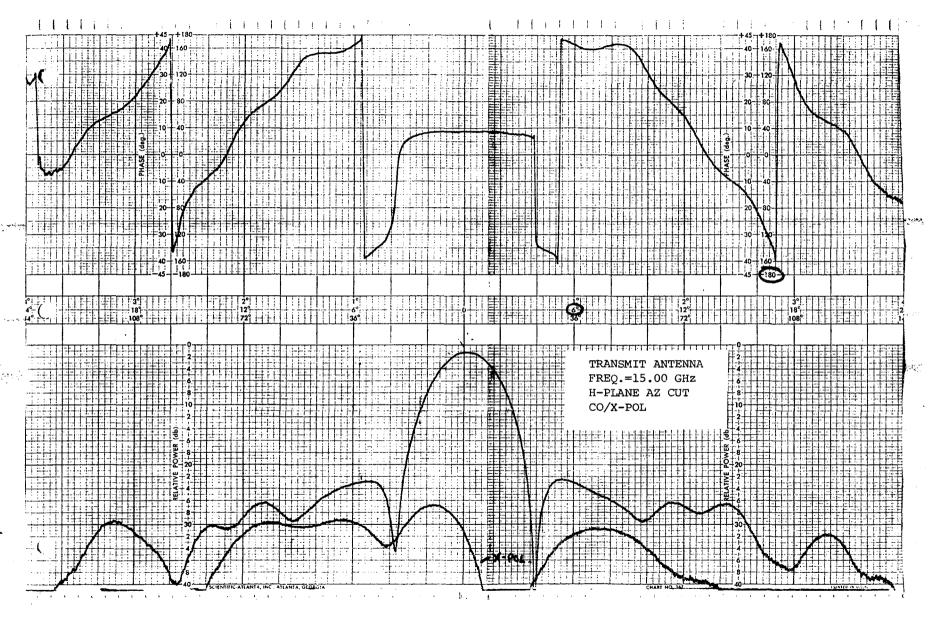
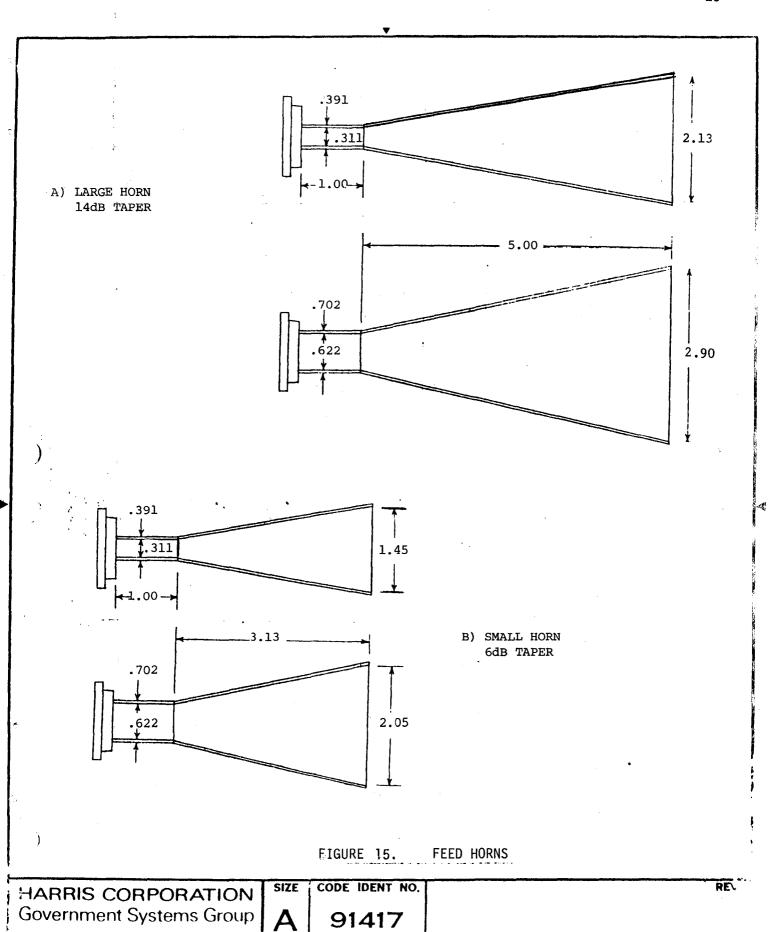
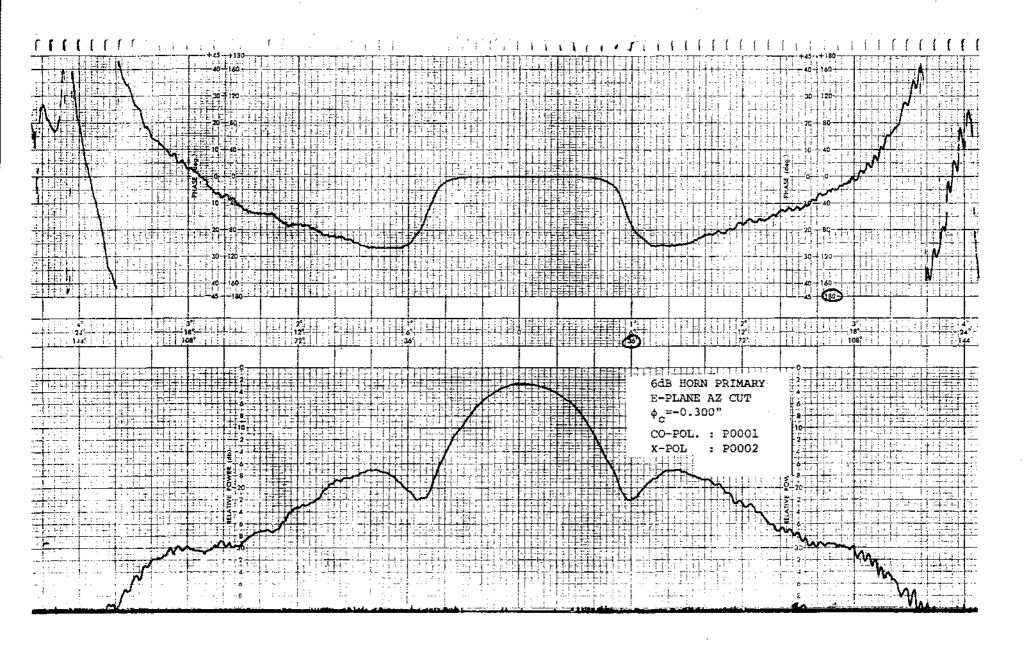


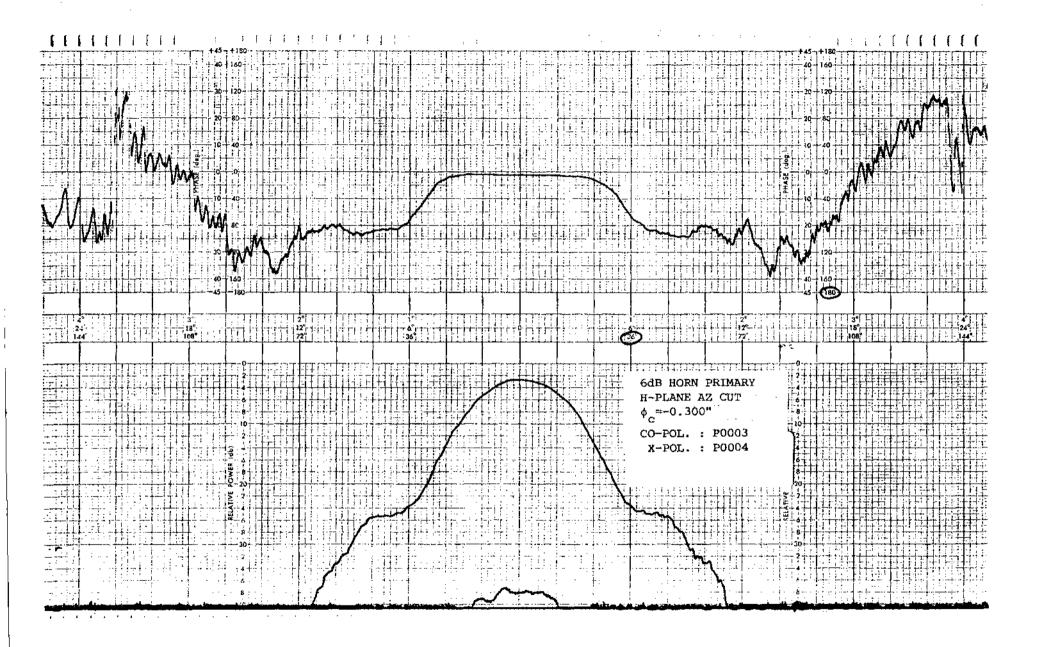
Figure 14. TRANSMIT ANTENNA PATTERNS, H PLANE AZIMUTH CUT.

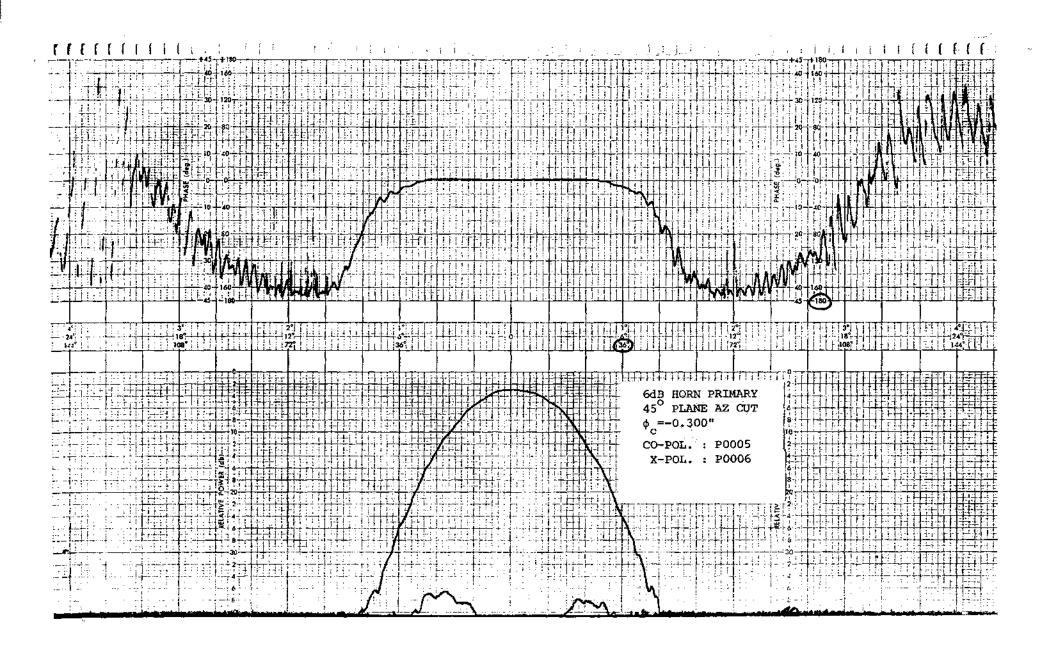


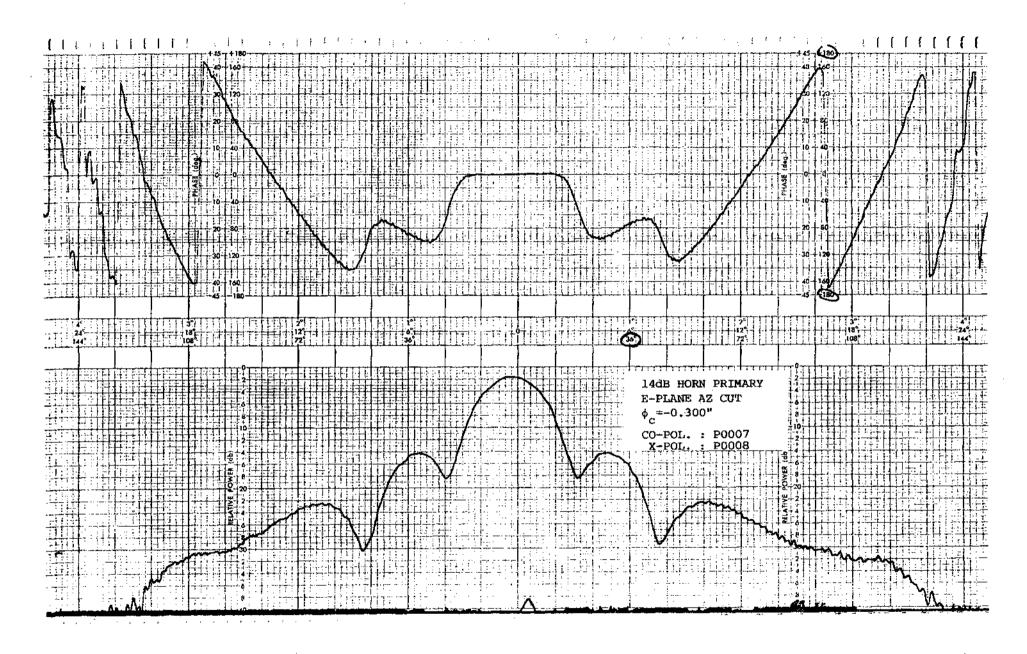
LSST - I PRIMARY PATTERN LOG

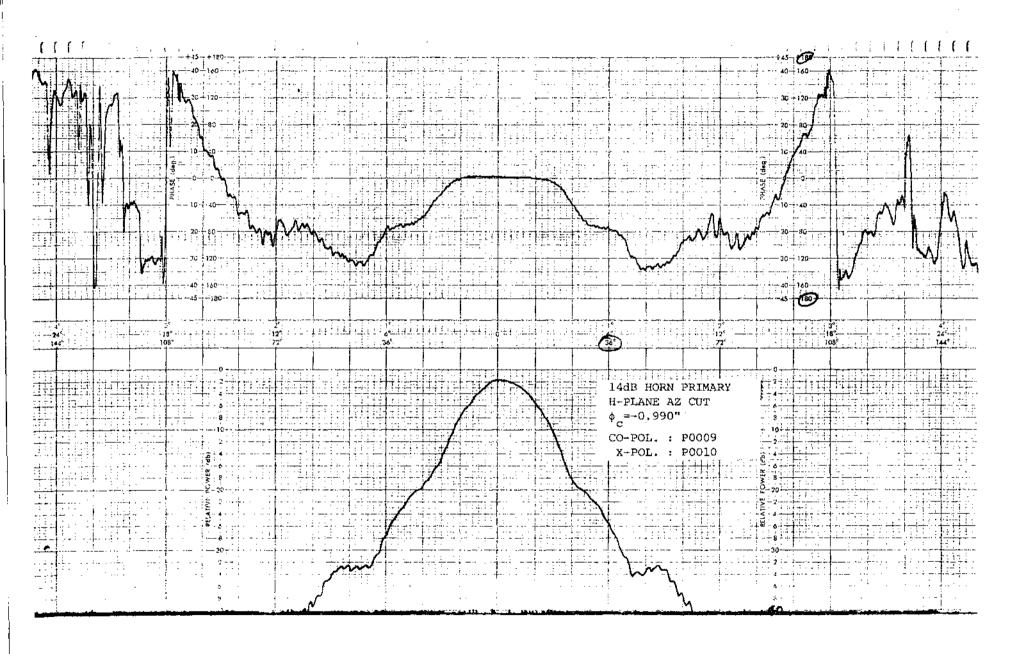
					PAGE
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6	dВ	E	x	P0002	25
6	dB	н	CO	P0003	26
6	dB	н	x	P0004	26
6	dB	45°	со	P0005	27
6	dВ	45°	X	P0006	27
14	dB	E	со	P0007	28
14	dВ	E	x	P0008	28
14	dB	н	со	P0009	29
14	dВ	H ⁵	X	P0010	29
14	dB	45 ⁰	СО	P0011	30
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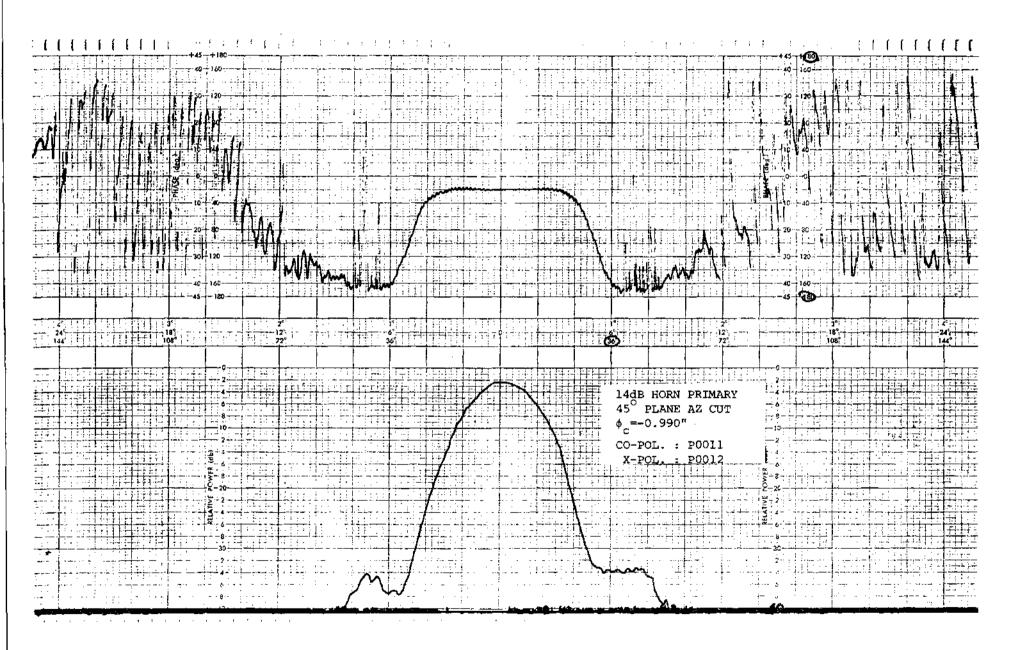












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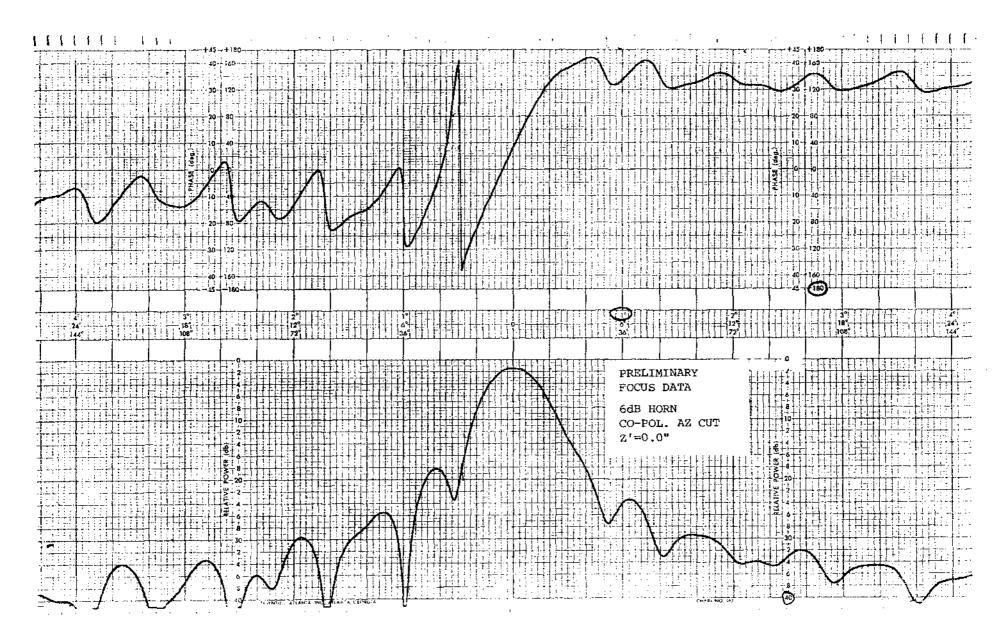
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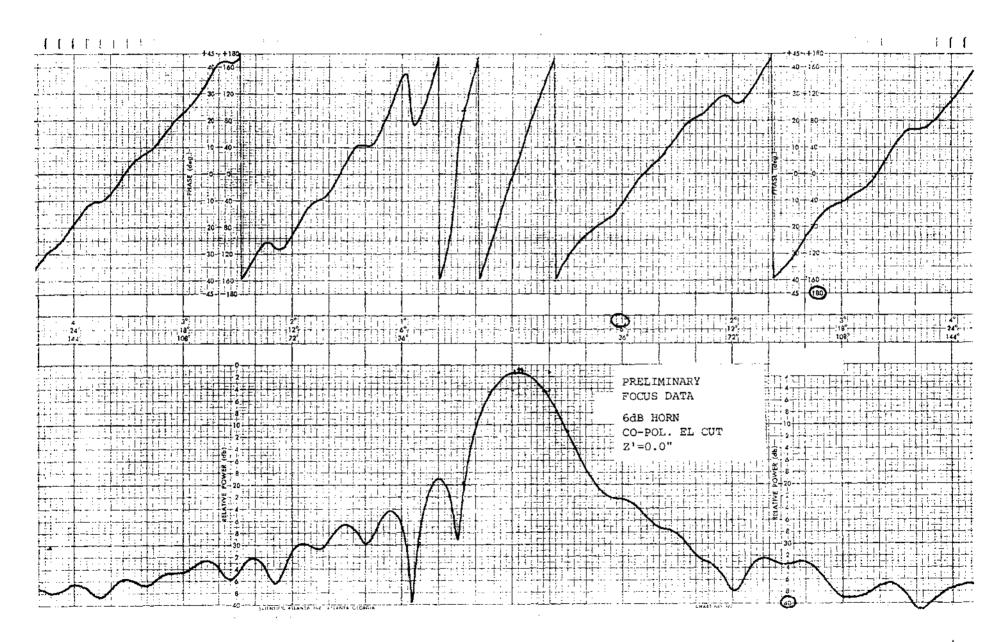
LSST ~ II
PRELIMINARY FOCUS DATA
SECONDARY PATTERN LOG

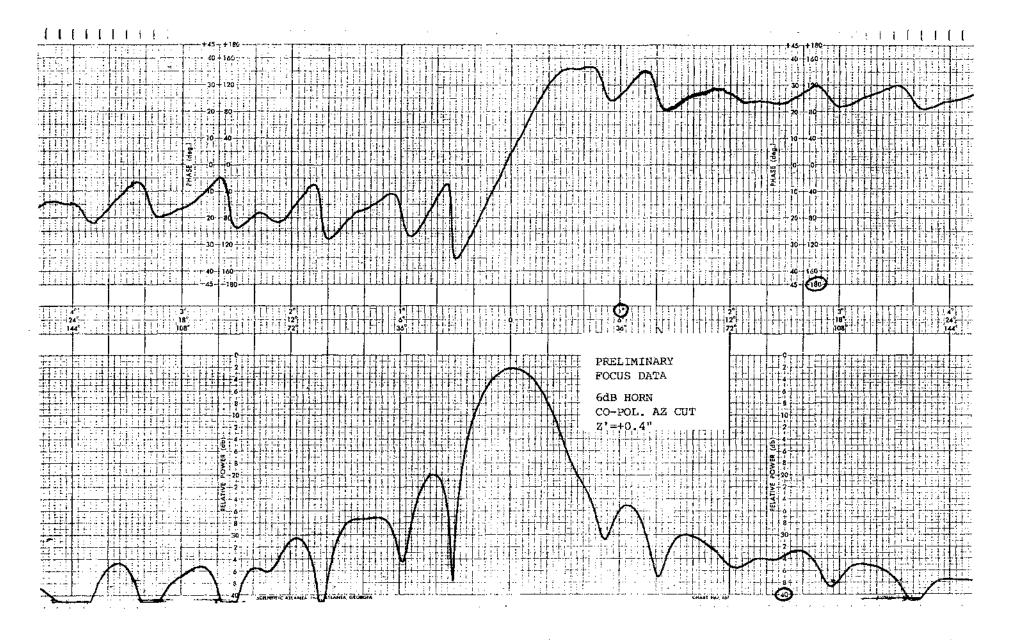
CONFIGURATION	HORN	FEED AXIAL POSITION	POL.	PEAK GAIN (dB1)	PATTERN	PAGE NUMBER
	6 dB	0.0"*	co	50.36	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	32
<u> </u>	6 dB	0.0"	CO	п	+ 5° EL	33
	6 dB	+0.4"	co	50.70	+ 5° AZ	34
Ì	6 dB	+0.4"	co	п	+ 5° EL	35
	6 dB	+0.8"	со	50.83	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	36
Ì	6 dB	+0.8"	со	"	± 5° EL	37
	6 dB	+1.2"#	co	50.85	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	3 8
	6 dB	+1.2"	co	11	<u>+</u> 5° EL	39
	6 dB	+1.6"	CO	50.77	\pm 5° AZ	40
	6 dB	+1.6"	co	**	<u>+</u> 5° EL	41
	6 dB	+1.8"	co	50.66	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	42
	6 dB	+1.8"	со	11	+ 5° EL	43
	6 dB	+2.0"	CO	50.50	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	44
	6 dB	+2.0"	со	· · · · ·	<u>+</u> 5° EL	45
	14 dB	0.0"*	co	50.00	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	46
	14 dB	0.0"	со	"	± 5° EL	47
	14 dB	+0.8"	СО	50.48	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	48
'	14 dB	+0.8"	CO	**	<u>+</u> 5° EL	49
	14 dB	+1.2"#	СО	50.52	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	50
	14 dB	+1.2"	со	Ħ	<u>+</u> 5° EL	51
	14 dB	+1.6"	CO	50.37	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	52
	14 dB	+1.6"	CO	F1	<u>+</u> 5° EL	53
	14 dB	+1.8"	CO	50.35	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	54
1	14 dB	+1.8"	CO	rr .	<u>+</u> 5° EL	55
	14 dB	+2.0"	co	50.36	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	56
₩	14 dB	+2.0"	со	τf	+ 5° EL .	57

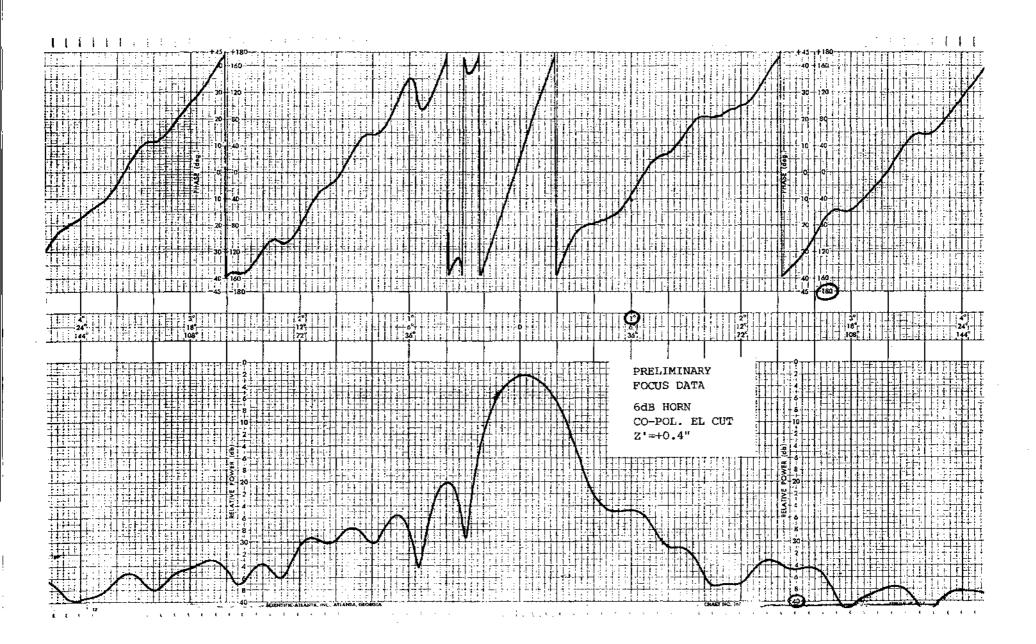
^{*} Z' = 0.0" is the mechanical focus position as determined with alignment tool.

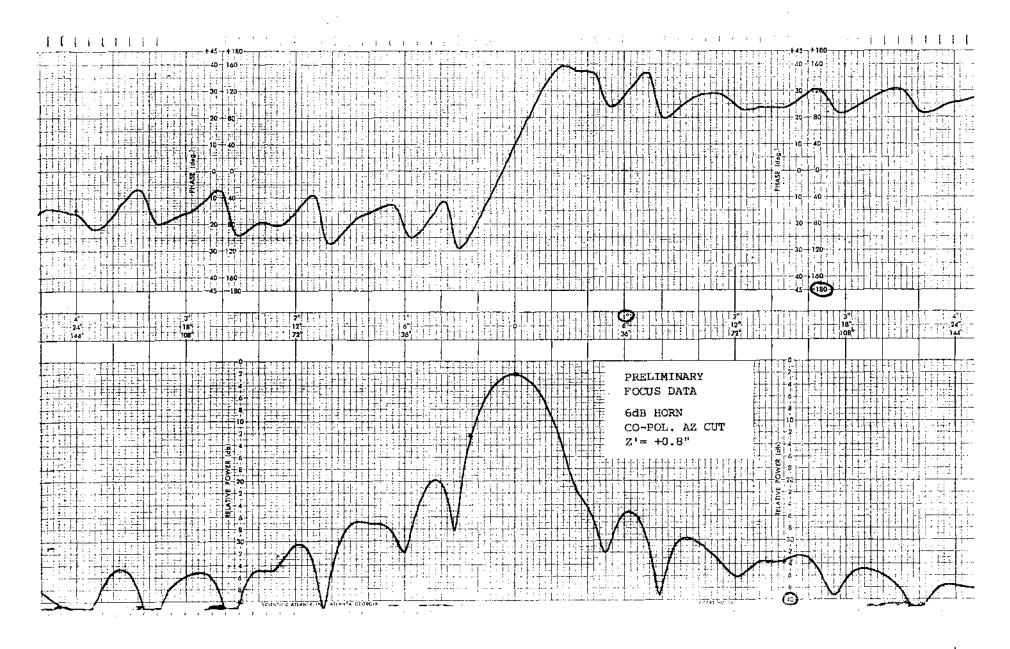
[#] Z' = +1.2" is the range corrected focus position used for all secondary measurements.

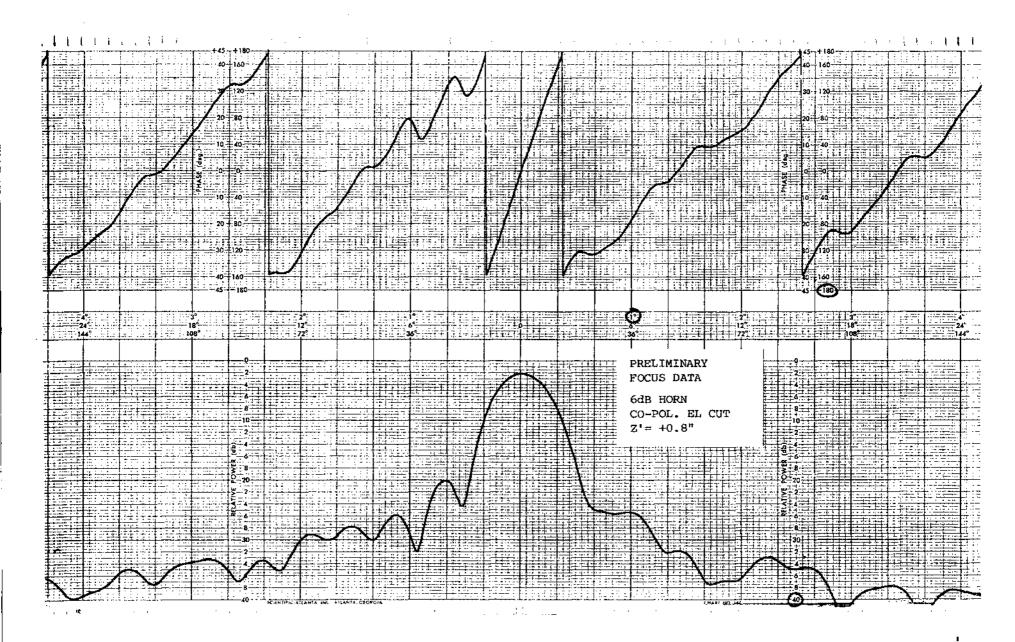


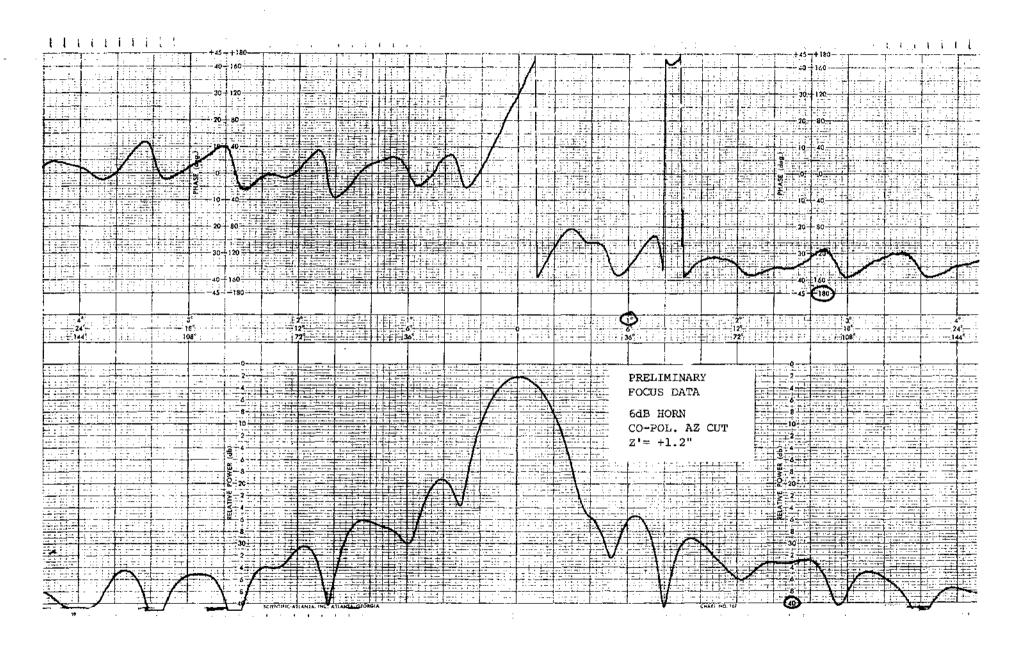


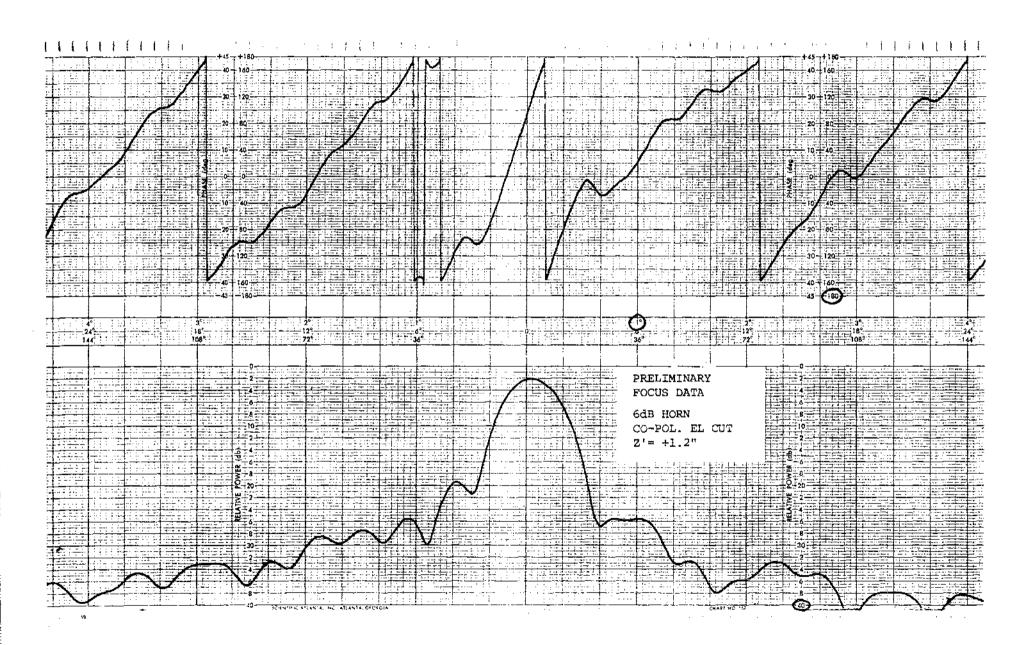


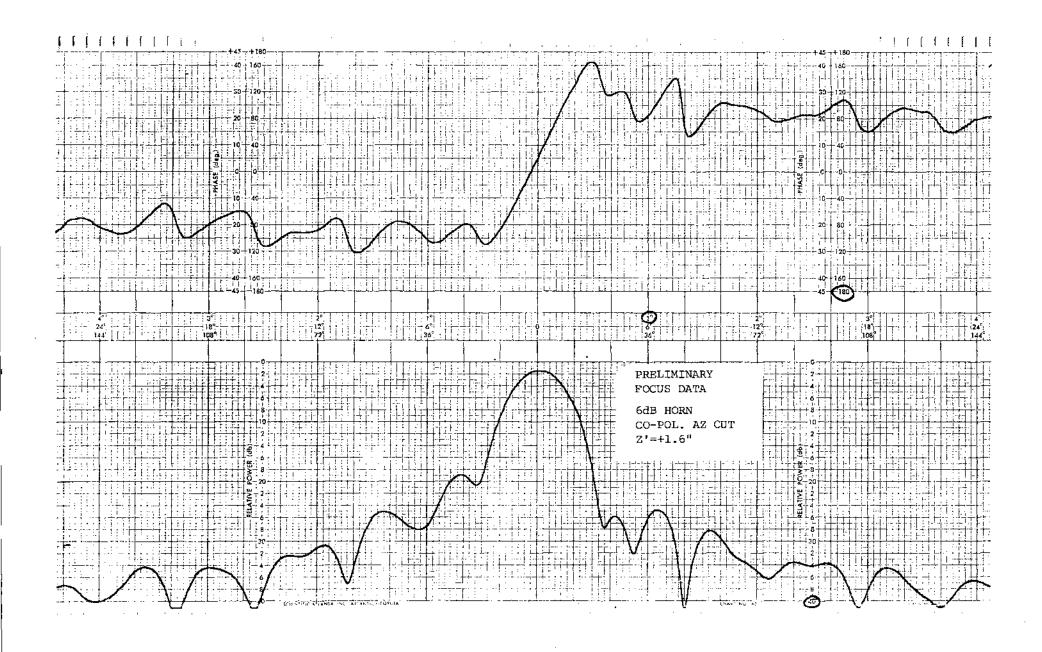


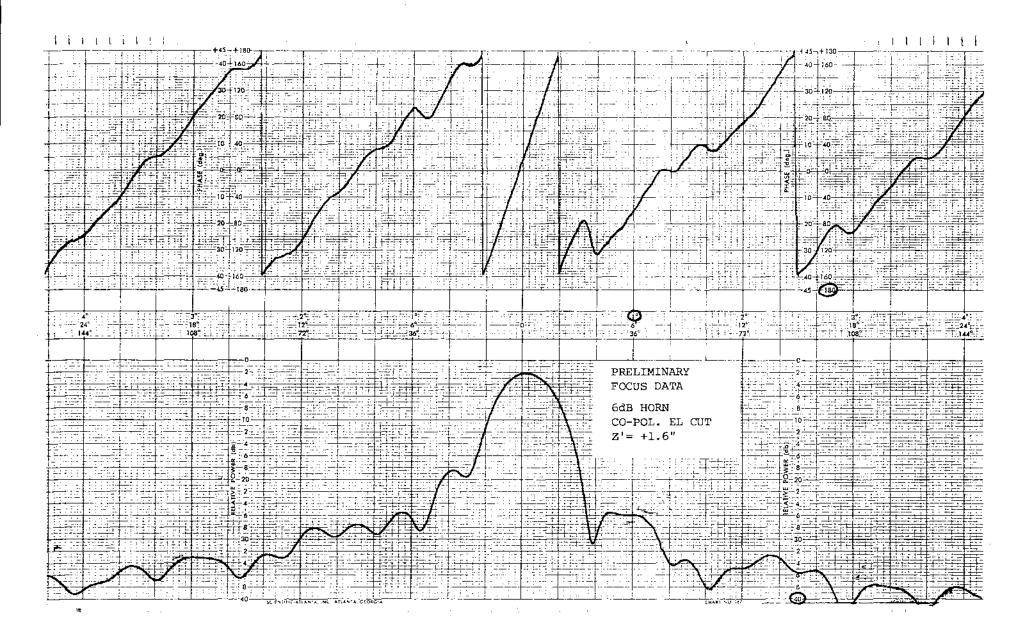


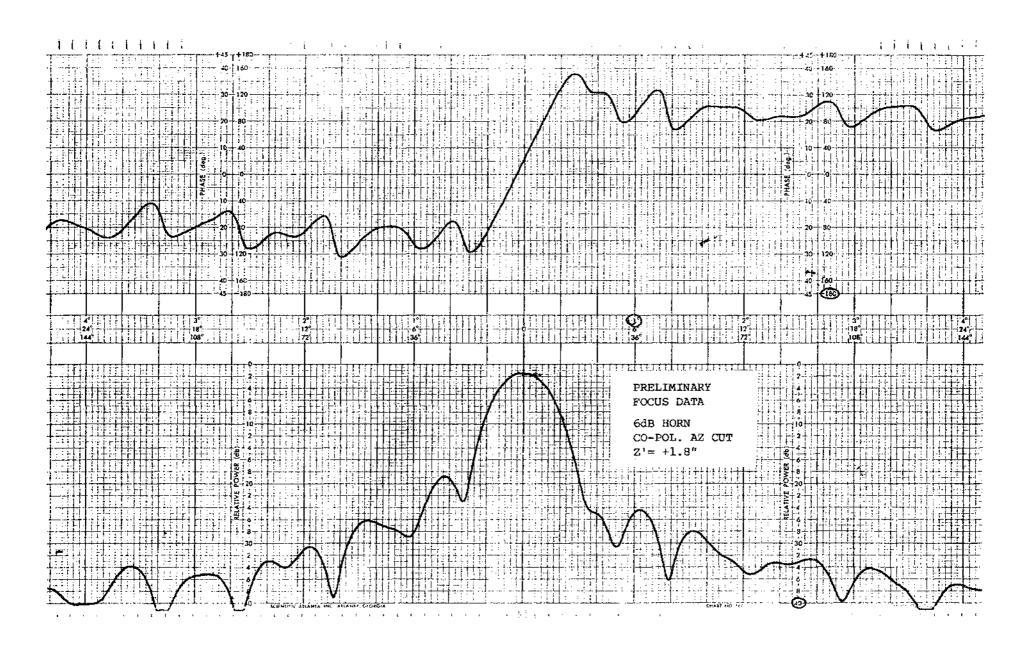


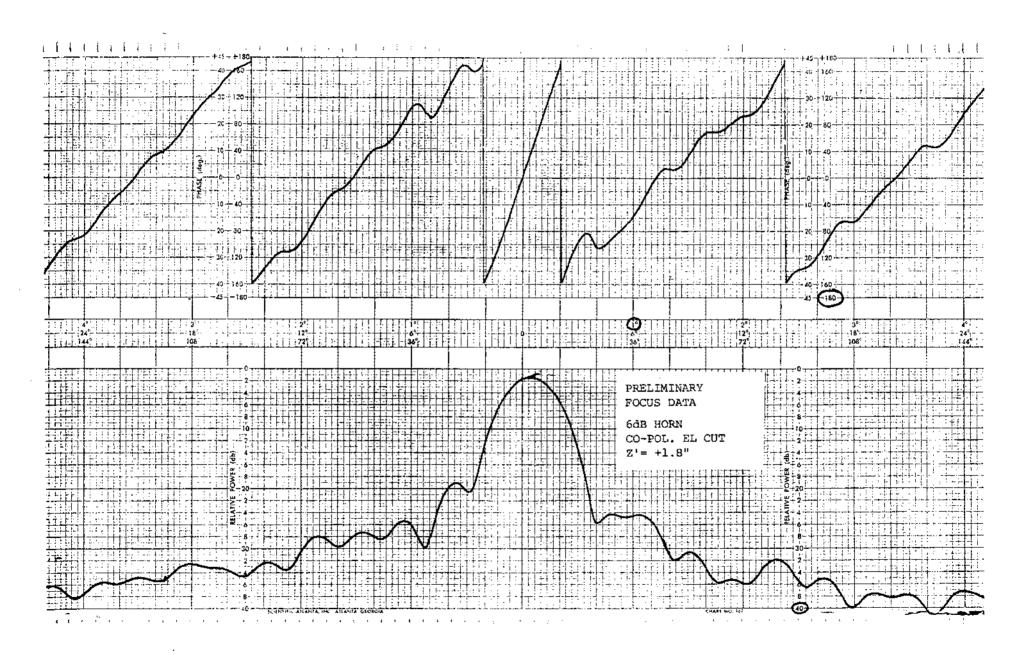


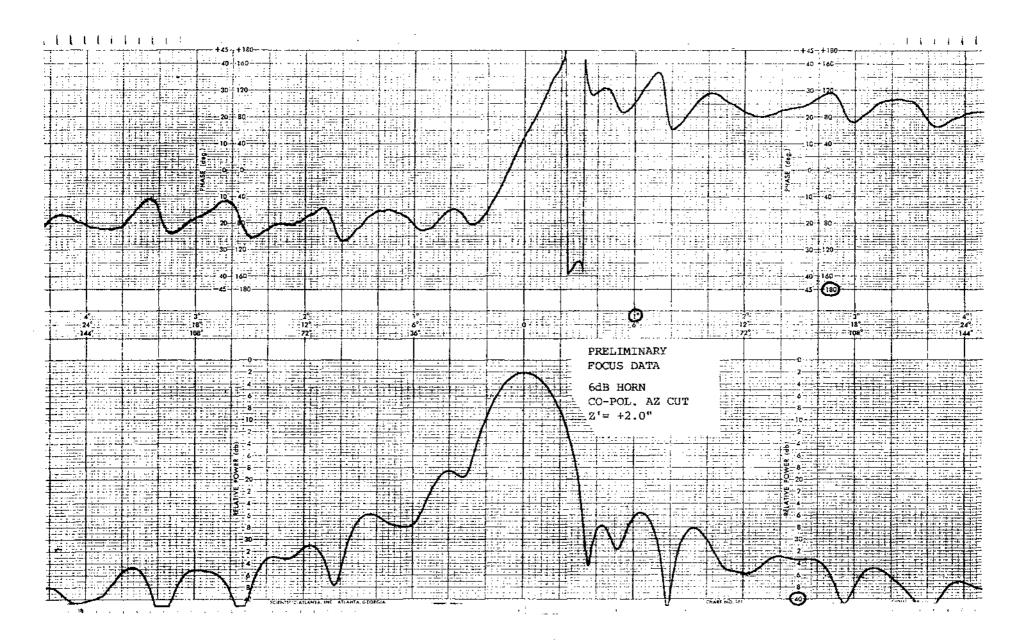


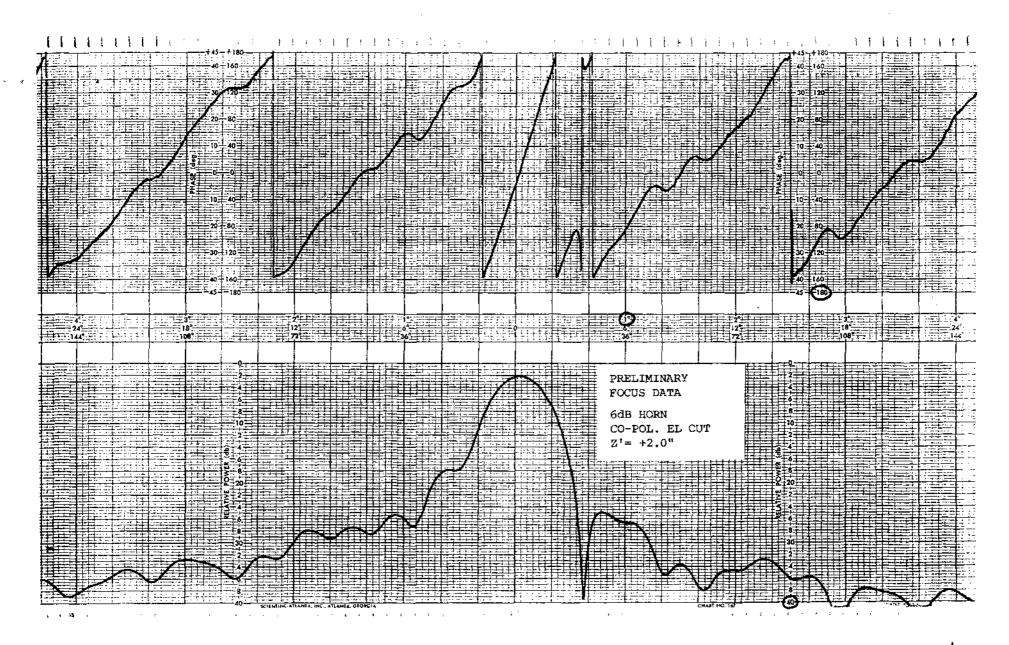


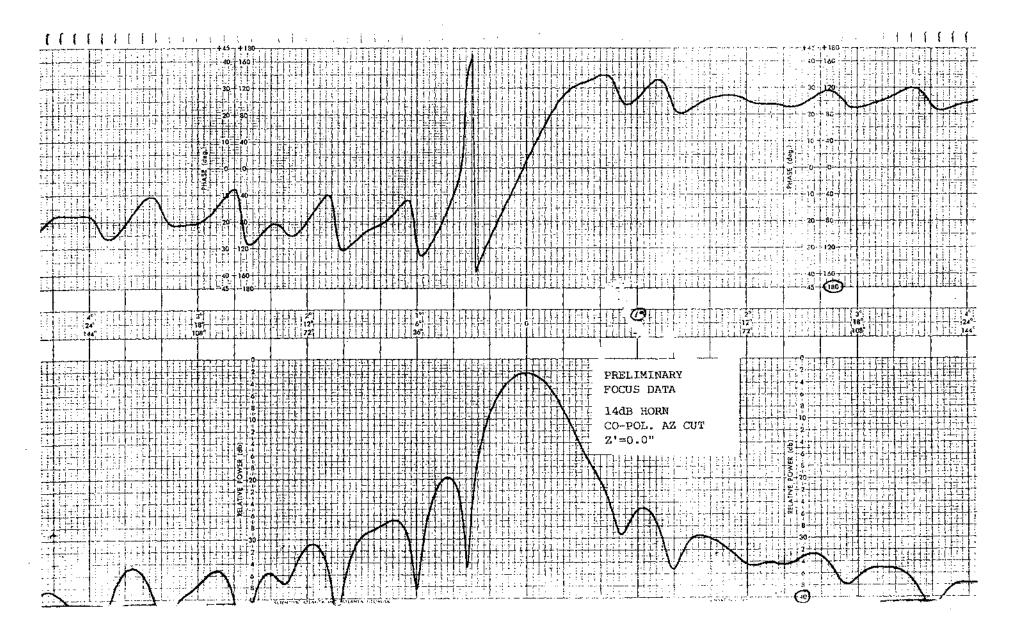


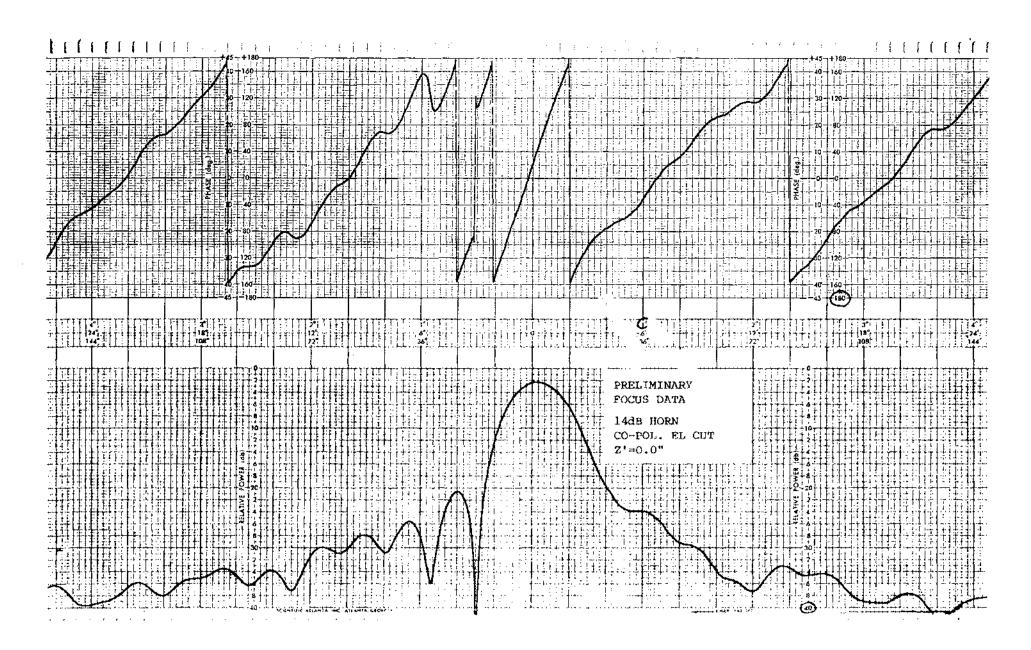


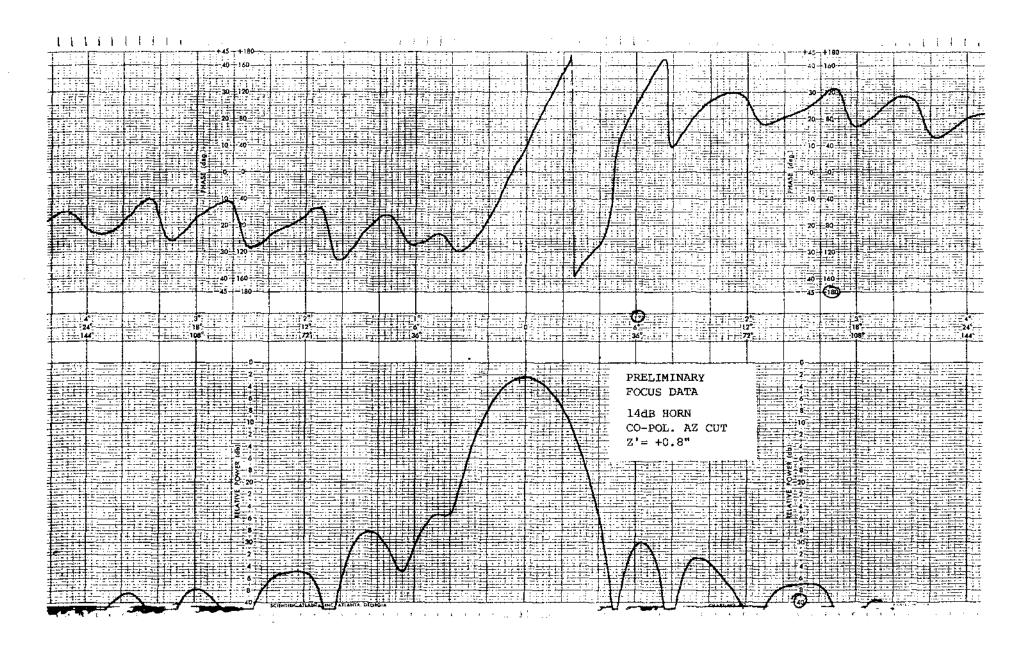


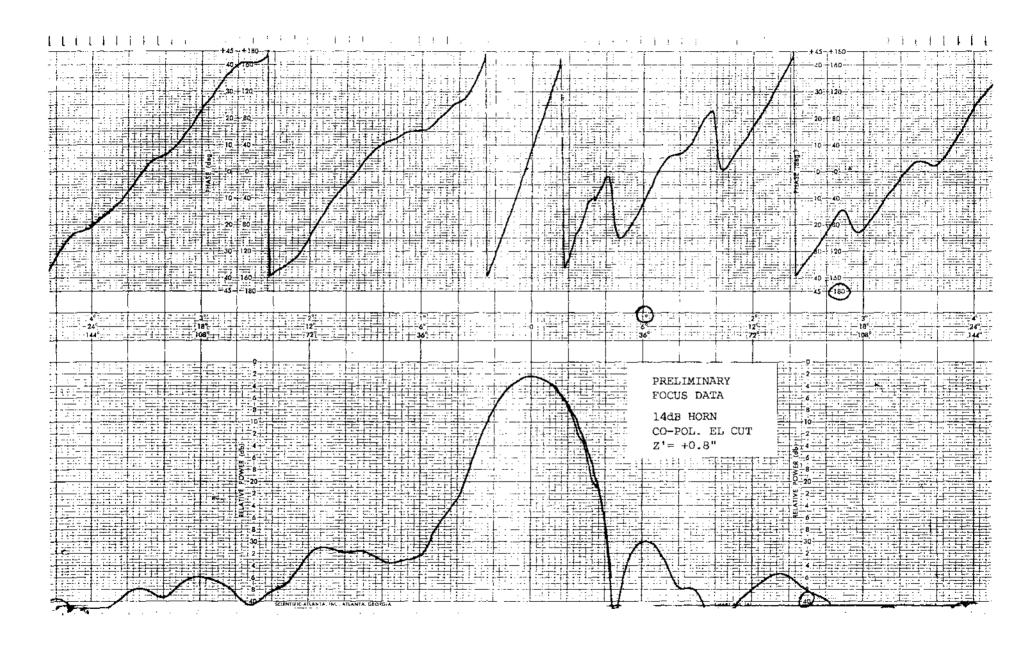


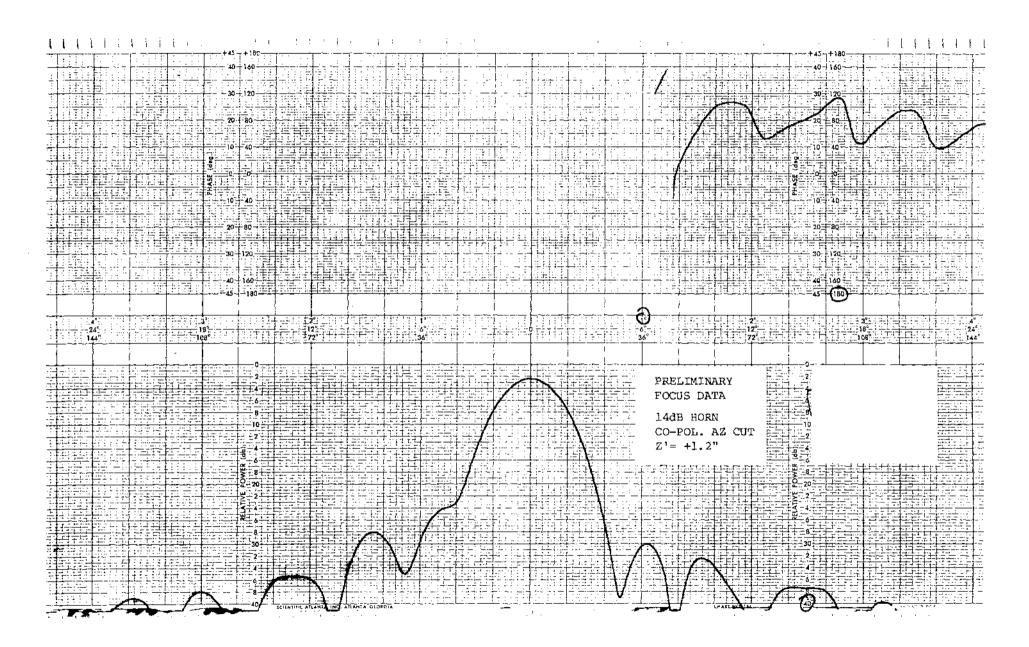




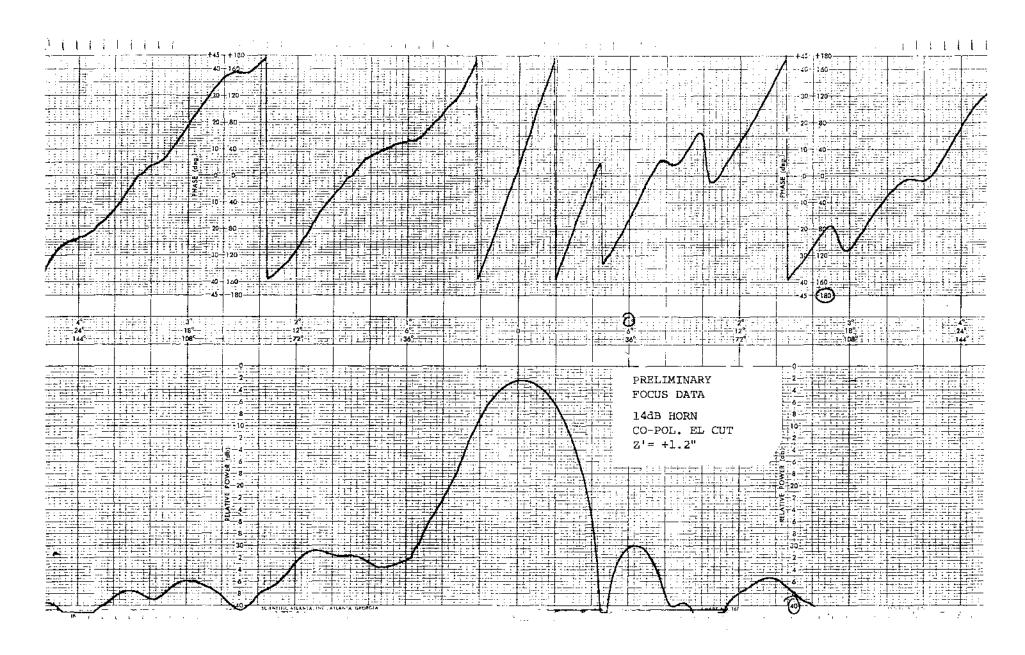


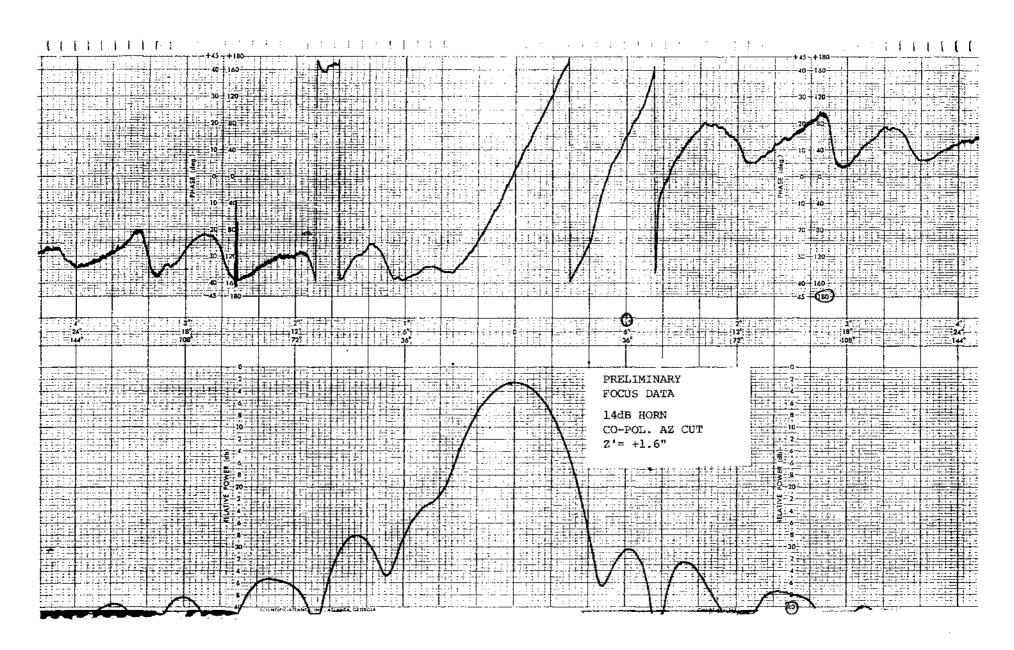




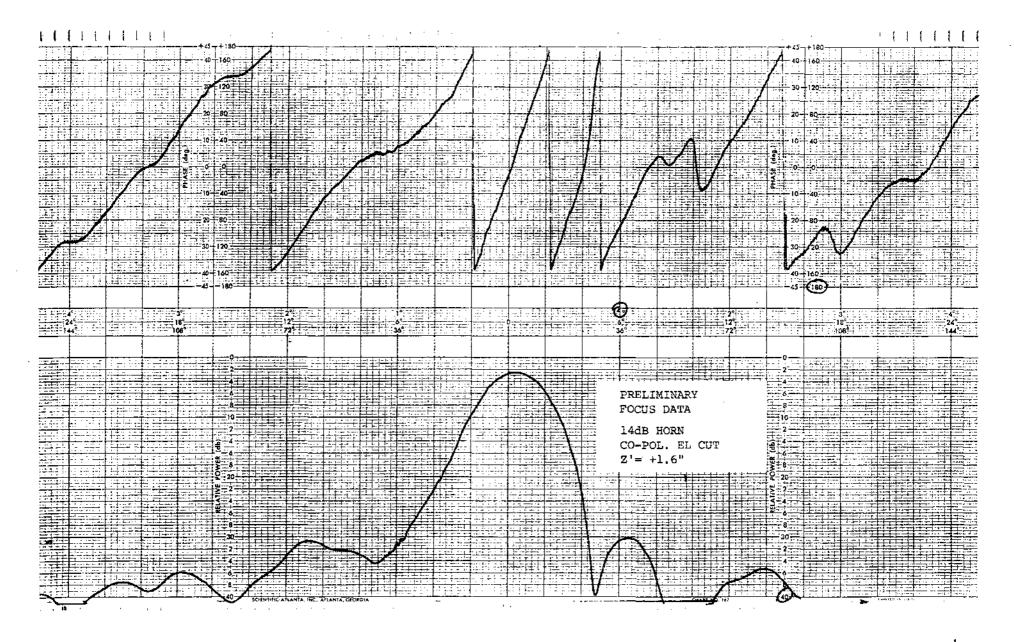


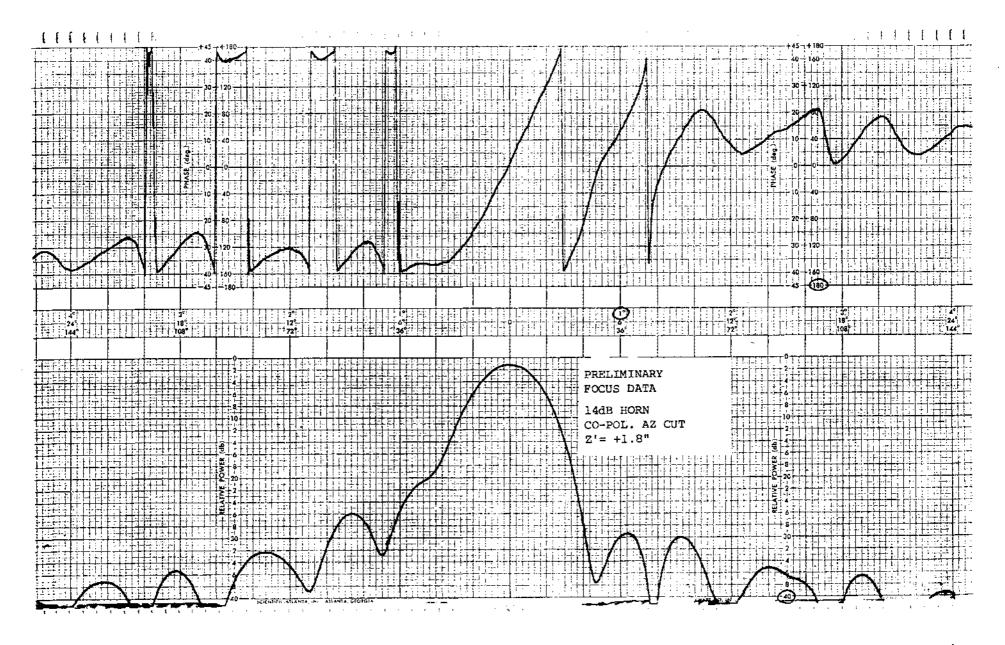
the contract of the contract of the

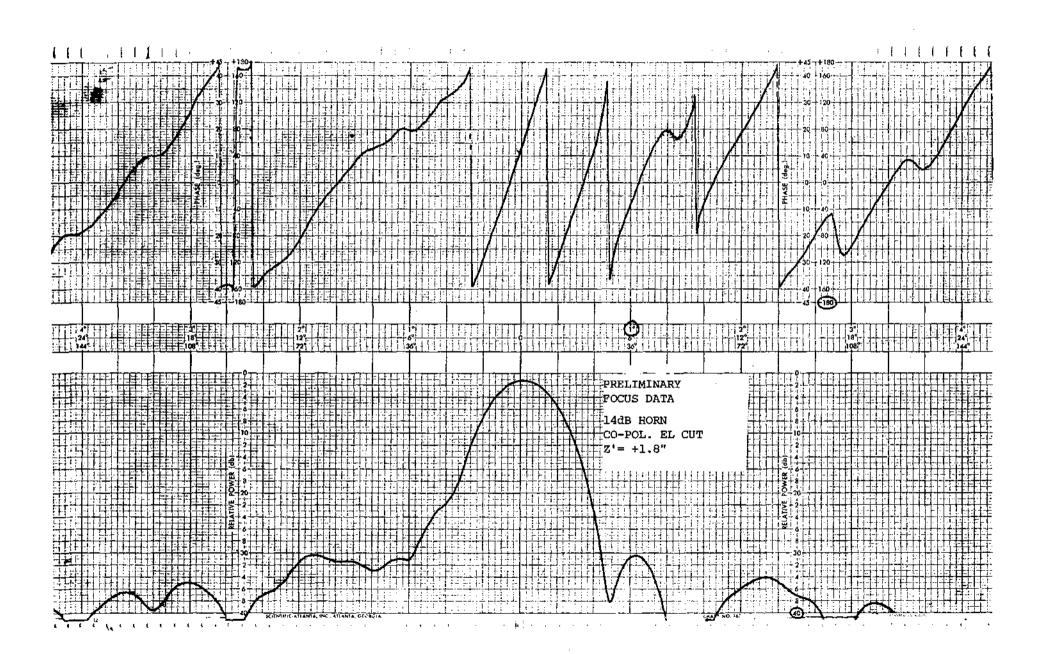


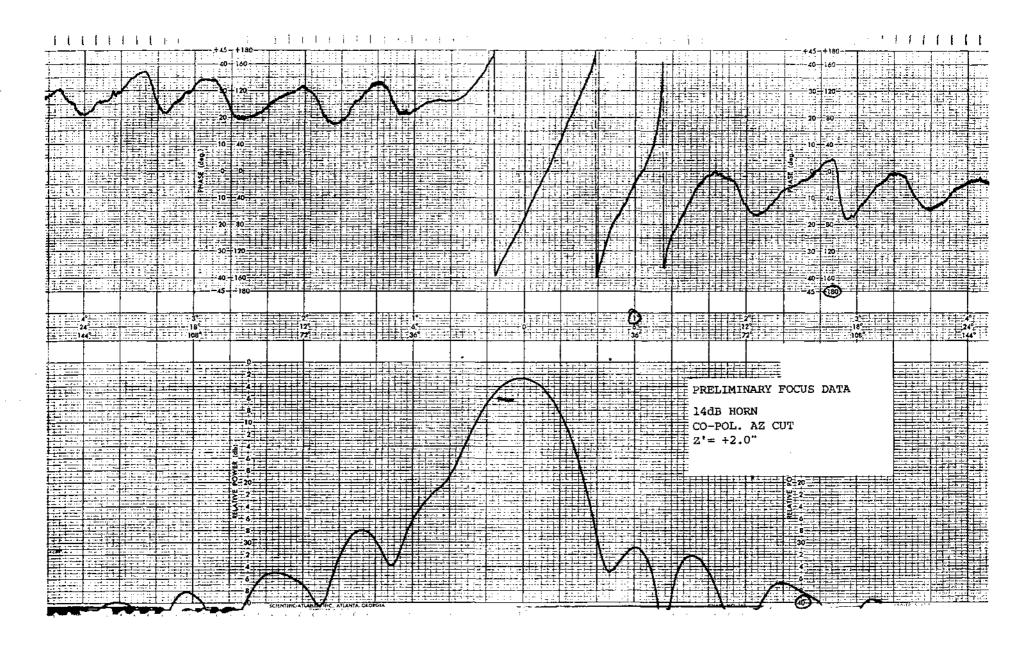


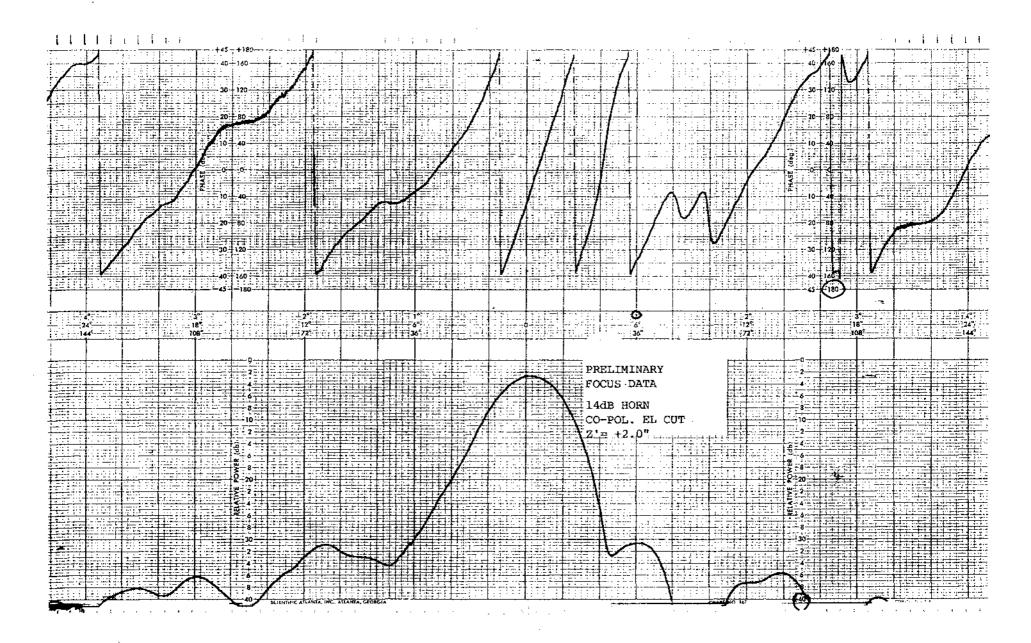
0.00











LSST - III

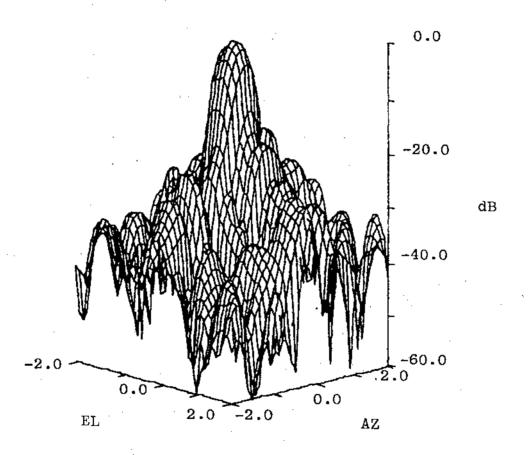
RASTER SCAN LOG

CONFIG.	HORN	SCAN	<u>POL.</u>	PK. GAIN	AZIMUTH	ELEVATION	FILE NAME	PAGE NO.
	6 dB	0.0"	CO	50.75	<u>+2</u> °	<u>+</u> 20	RAST 07	59 - 61
	6 dB	0.0"	Х	-	+2°	+2 ⁰	RAST 08	62 - 64
	6 dB	4.5"	CO	50.55	+2°	±2 ⁰	RAST 09	65 - 67
¥	6 dB	4.5"	X	-	+2° +2° +2°	<u>+</u> 2 ⁰	RASI 10	68 - 70
	6 dB	U . 0"	CO	50.75	-6° to +2°	+2 ⁰	RAST 17	71 - 73
	6 dB	0.0"	X		-6° to $+2^{\circ}$	+20	RAST 18	74 - 76
	6 dB	4.5"	CO	50.45	-6° to +2°	+2°	RAST 15	77 - 79
\	6 dB	4.5"	Х		-6° to $+2^{\circ}$	+2° +2° +2°	RAST 16	80 - 82
	6 dB	0.0"	CO		-6° to $+2^{\circ}$	<u>+2</u> 0	RAST 35	83 - 85
1	14 dB	0.0"	CO	50.52	<u>+</u> 2 ⁰	<u>+</u> 20	RAST 01	86 - 88
	14 dB	0.0"	Х	_	<u>+</u> 2°	<u>+</u> 2 ⁰	RAST 02	89 - 91
	14 dB	4.5"	CO	50.35	+2° +2° +2° +2° +2° +2° +2°	+2° +2° +2° +2°	RAST 05	92 - 94
	14 dB	4.5"	Х	-	<u>+</u> 2°	<u>+2</u> 0	RAST 06	95 - 97
	14 dʁ	6.5"	CO	50.05	<u>+</u> 2°		RAS1 03	98 - 100
*	14 dB	6.5"	Χ	-	<u>+</u> 2 ⁰	<u>+</u> 2°	RAST 04	101 - 103
	14 dB	0.0"	CO	50.39	-6° to $+2^{\circ}$	<u>+</u> 2 ⁰	RAST 11	104 - 106
	14 dB	U.O"	Х	-	-6° to $+2^{\circ}$	+2 ⁰	RAST 12	107 - 109
	14 d8	4.5"	CO	50.00	-6° to $+2^{\circ}$	+20	RASI 13	110 - 112
#	14 dB	4.5"	Х	-	-6° to $+2^{\circ}$	+2° +2°	RASı 14	113 - 115
	14 dB	0.0"	CO	50.55	-6° to +2°	<u>+</u> 2 ⁰	RASı 36	116 - 118



Scan: 0.0"

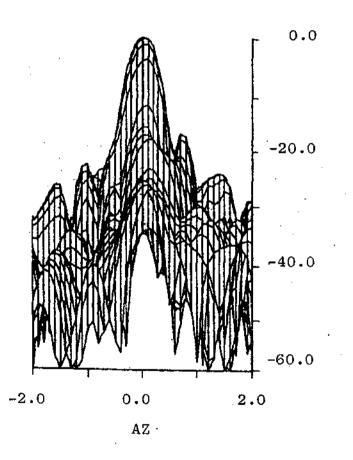
Co-Pol RASTER 07



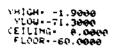


Scan: 0.0"

Co-Pol RASTER 07



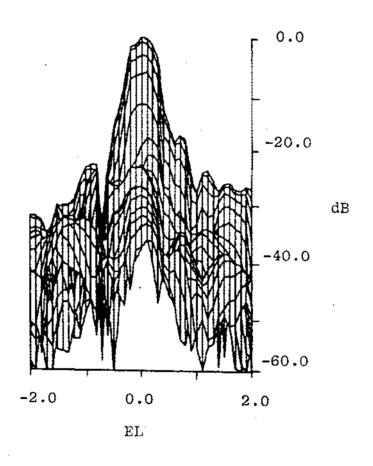
6





Scan: 0.0"

Co-Pol RASTER 07



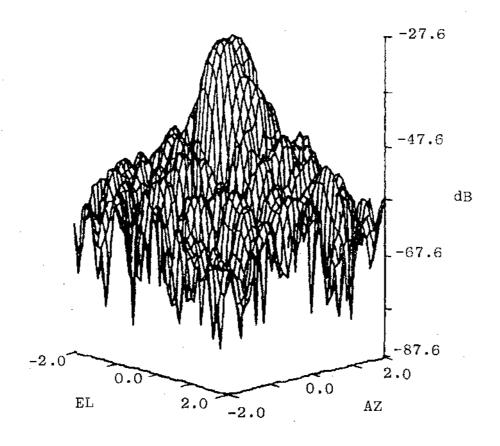
YMIGH--29.5000 YLOW--82.9000 CEILING--20.0000 FLOOR--80.0000



6 dB · HORN

Scan: 0.0"

X-Pol RASTER 08



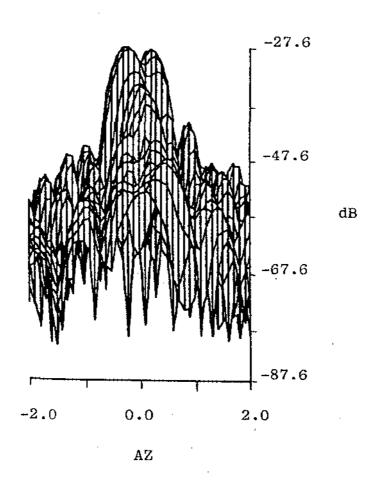
YHIGH--29.5000 YLOU--52.9000 CEILING--20.0000 FLOOR--50.0000



6 dB HORN

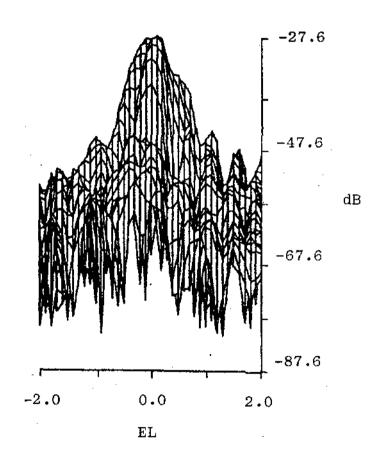
Scan: 0.0"

X-Pol RASTER 08



Scan: 0.0"

X-Pol RASTER 08

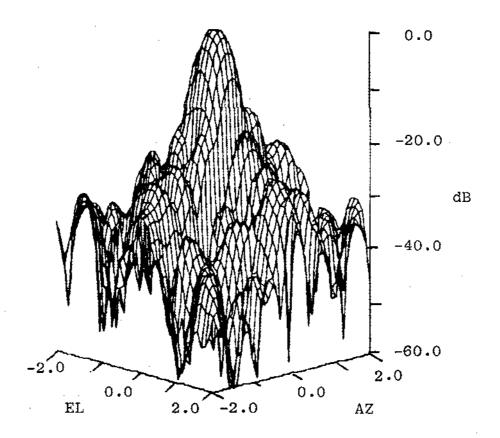


VHIGH- -3.4000 VEOU:-78.3000 CEILING- 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000

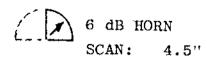


6 dB HORN SCAN: 4.5

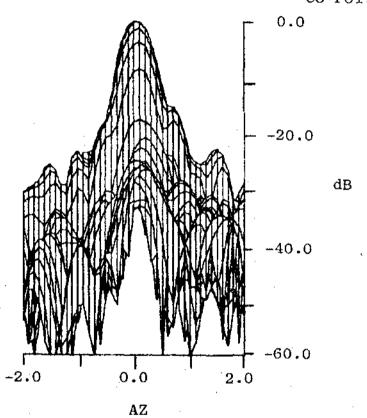
Co-Pol. RASTER O



YHIGH+ -3,4000 YEOU+-78,3000 CEILING+ 0,0000 FLOOR+-60,0000



Co-Pol. RASTER 09

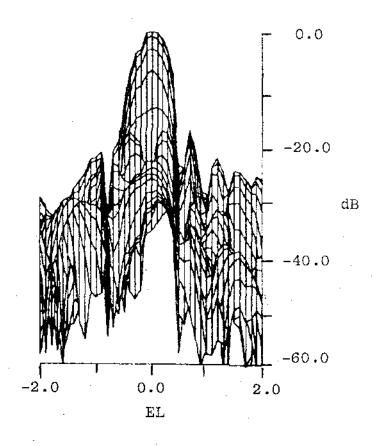


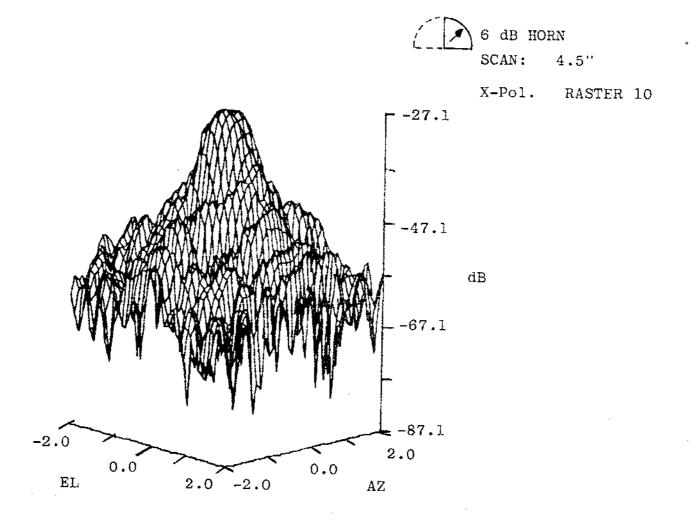
THICH: -3,4000 TEU:-75,3000 CEILING: 0,0000 FLOOR:-60,0000

6 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"

Co-Pol. RASTER 09





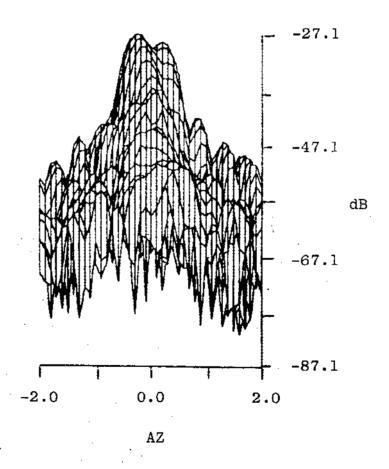
YHIGH+-30.5000 YEOU+-54.5000 CEILING+-20.0000 FLOOR+-50.0000



6 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"

X-Pol. RASTER 10



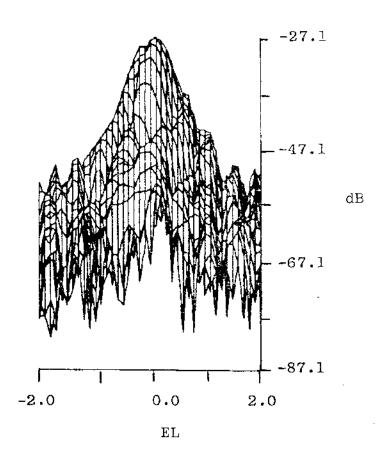
YHIGH+-38,5008 YEOU--54,5000 CEILING--28.0000 FLOOR--88.0000



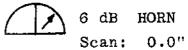
6 dB HORN

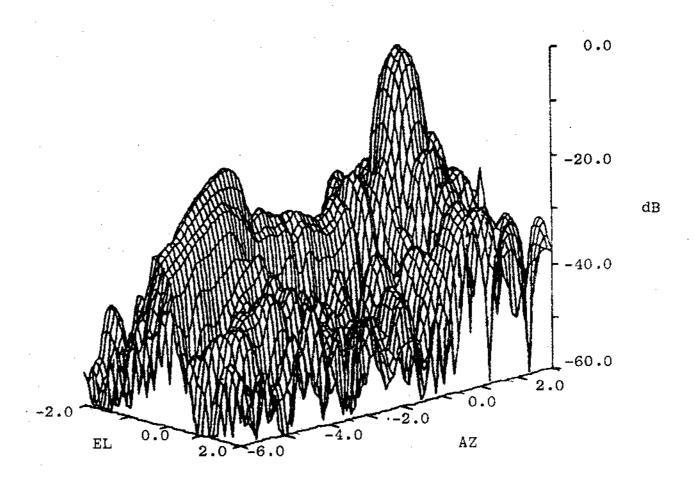
SCAN: 4.5"

X-Pol. RASTER 10



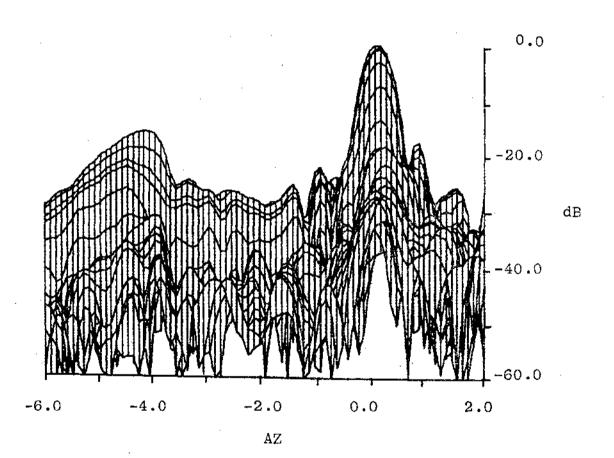
YHIGH: -3.1000 YEOU--53.3000 CEILING- 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000





Scan: 0.0"

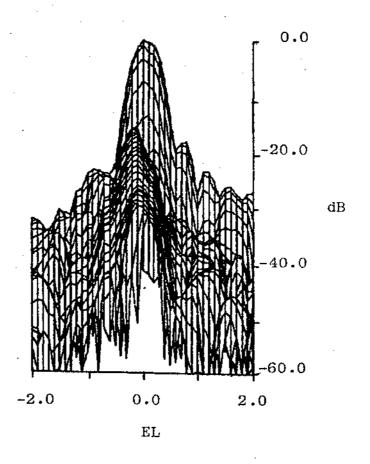
Co-Po1 RASTER 17



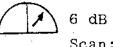
YHIGH: -3.1000 YLOU:-83.3000 CEILING: 0.0000 FLOOR:-60.0000



6 dB HORN Scan: 0.0"

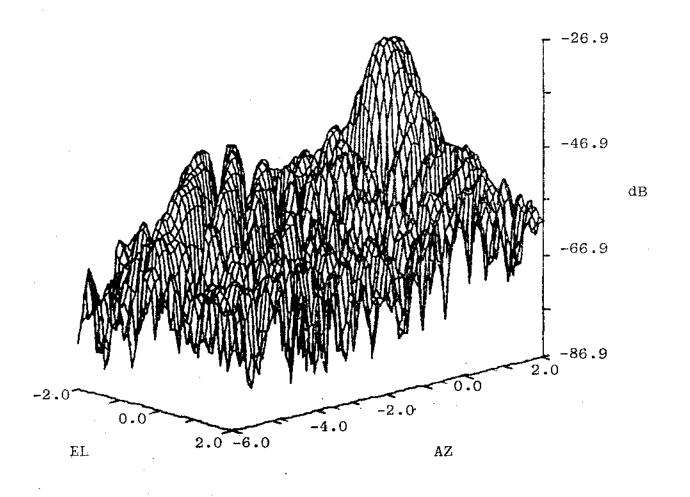


YHIGH--30.0000 YLOU--86.2000 CEILING--20.0000 FLOOR--80.0000



6 dB HORN

Scan: 0.0"

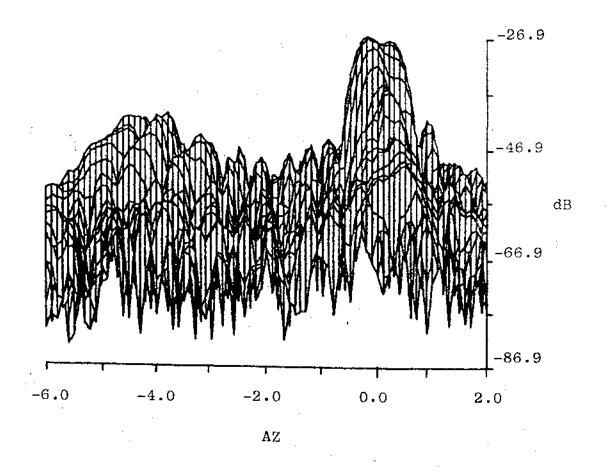


YHIGH:-30.0000 YLOU:-86.2000 CEILING:-20.0000 FLOOR:-30.0000



6 dB HORN

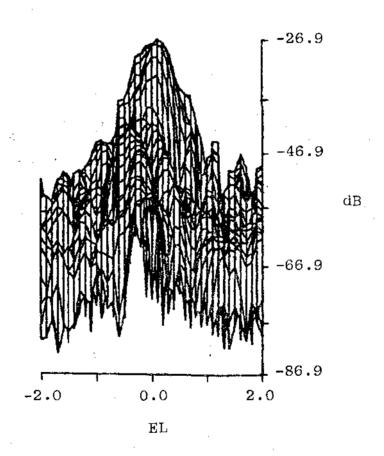
Scan: 0.0"



/HIGH=-30.0000 YLOU+-86.2000 EILING--20.0000 FLOOR--80.0000

6 dB HORN

Scan: 0.0"



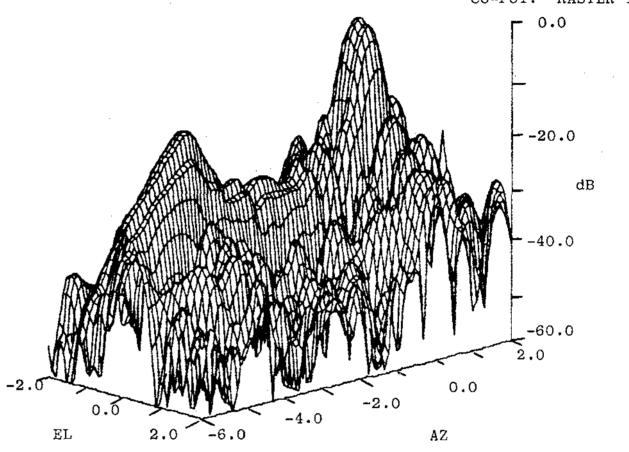
YHIGH: -3.5000 YLOU:-79.4000 CEILING: 2.0000 FLOOR:-50.0000



6 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"



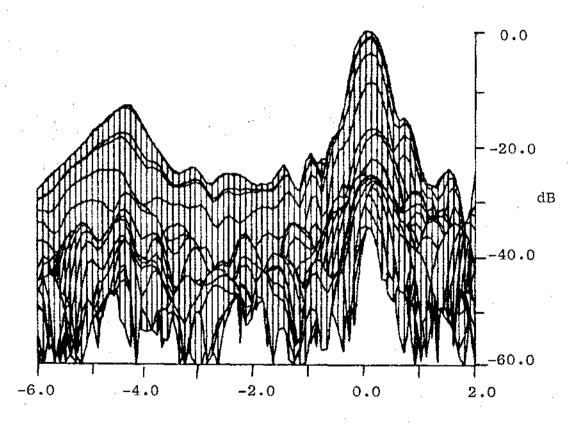


YHIGH- -3.5000 YLOU--79.4000 CEILING- 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000



6 dB HORN

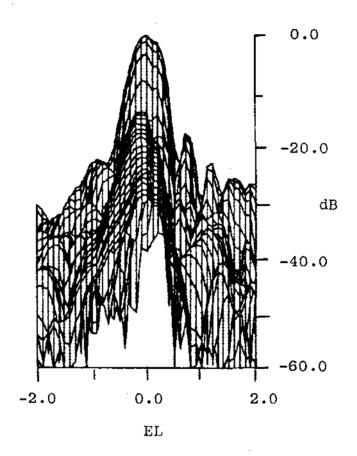
SCAN: 4.5



ΑZ



SCAN: 4.5"

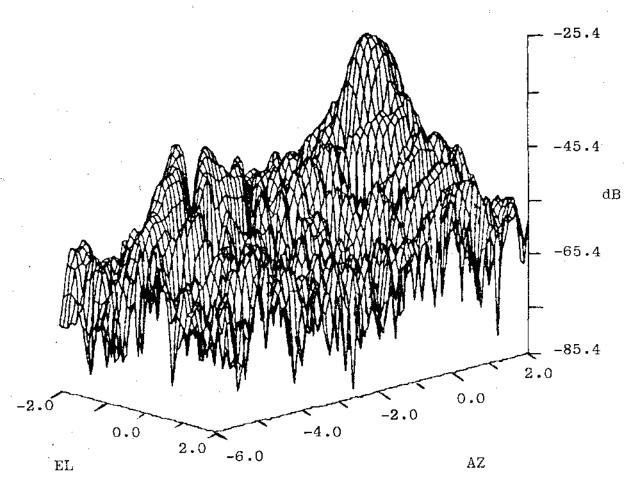


YRIGH+-28, 9000 -(Lou--87, 1000 CETLING+-20, 0000 FLOOR+-80, 0000



6 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"

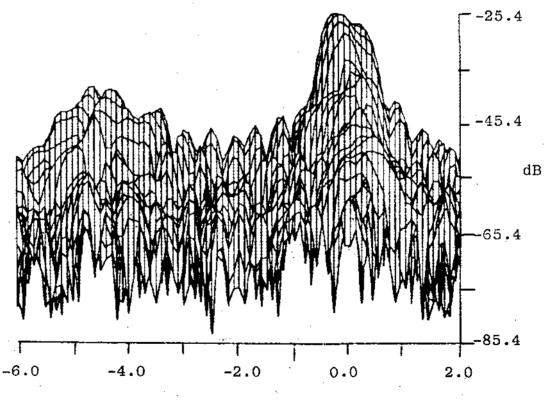


YHIGH+-28, 9000 YLOU+-87, 1000 CEILING+-20, 0000 FLOOR+-80, 0000



6 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"



AZ

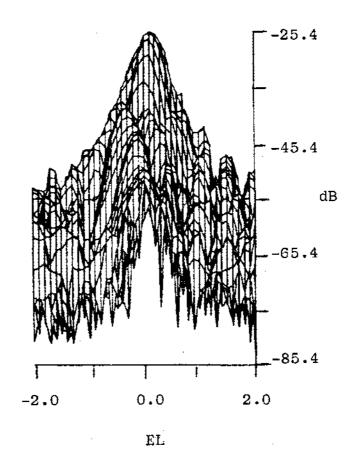
YHIGH+-28, 9000 YEOU=-57, 1000 CEILING4-20, 0000 FLOOR+-80, 0000



6 dB HORN

SCAN:

4.5"

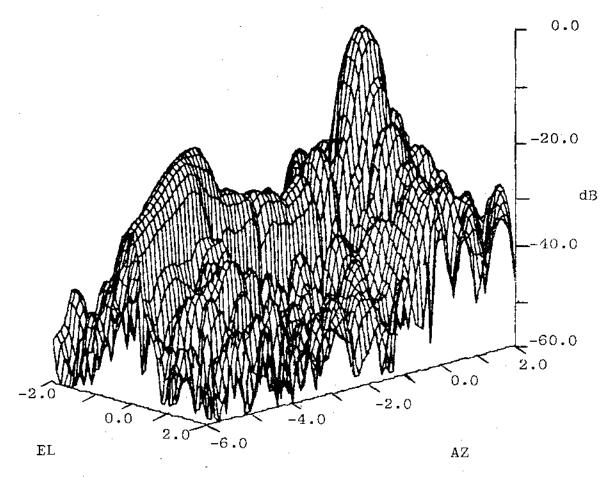




SCAN: 0.0"

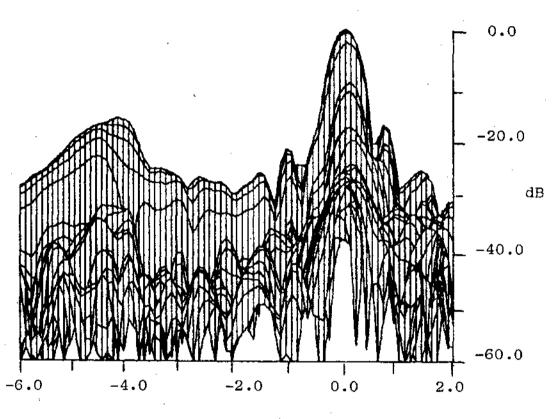
Co-Pol. RASTER 35

YHIGH- -2.2006 YLOU--80.3000 CEILING- 0.0000 FLOOR--60.8000





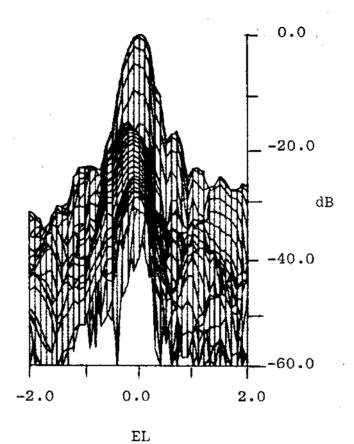
SCAN: 0.0"



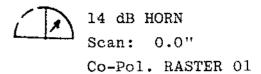
ΑZ

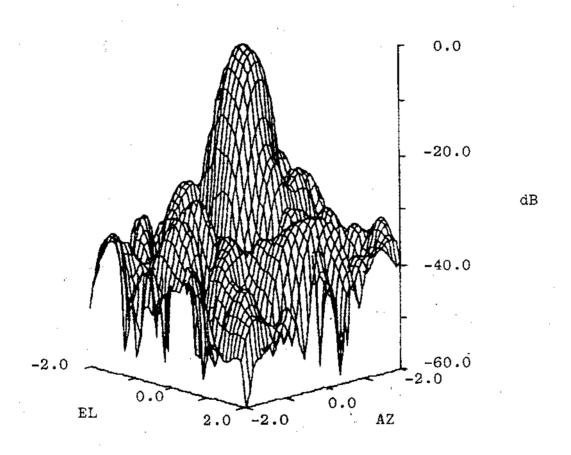


SCAN: 0.6"



*MIGH+ -2.2000 *YLOU+-73.3000 TEILING+ 0.0000 FLOOR+-60.0000



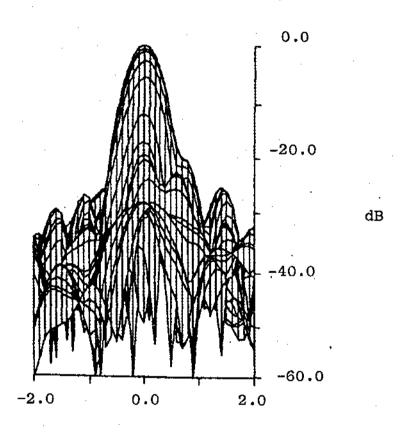


YHIGH- -2.2000 YLOU--73.3000 CEILING- 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000



14 dB HORN

Scan: 0.0"

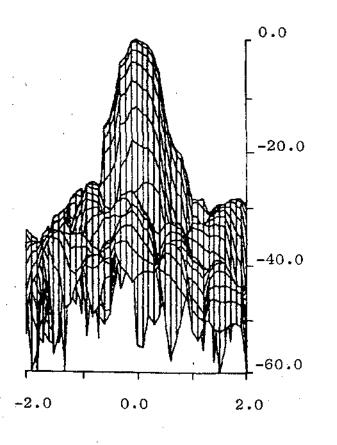


AZ

YHIGH- -2.2000 YEOU--73.3000 SEILING- 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000



14 dB HORN
Scan: 0.0"
Co-Pol. Raster 01



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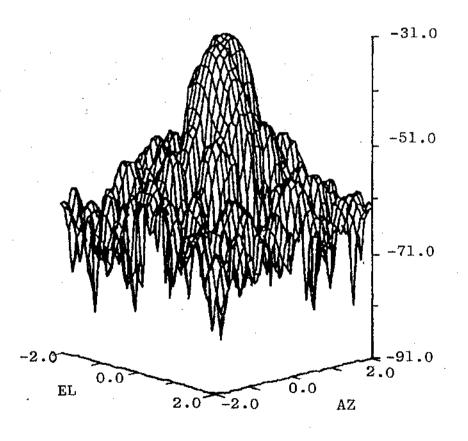
YHIGH--33.2**2000** YLOU--84.4**00**0 CEILING--20.0000 FLOOR--30.0000



14 dB HORN

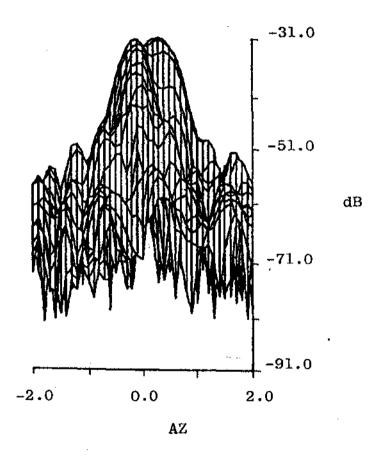
Scan: 0.0"

X-Pol RASTER 02



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Scan: 0.0"

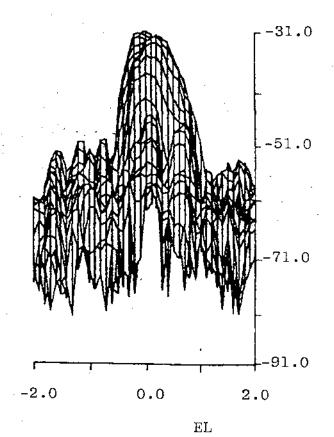




Scan: 0.0"

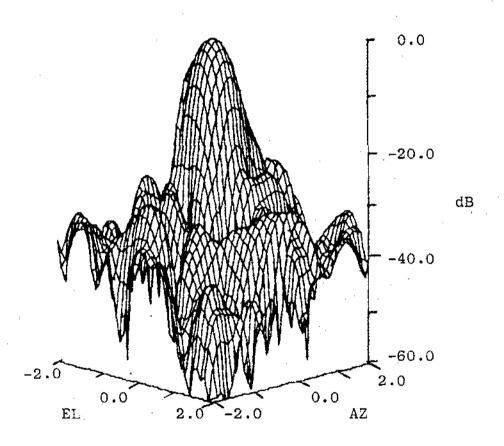
X-Pol RASTER 02

VHIGH--33,2000 YL09-84,4000 CEILING--20,0000 FL008--80,0000

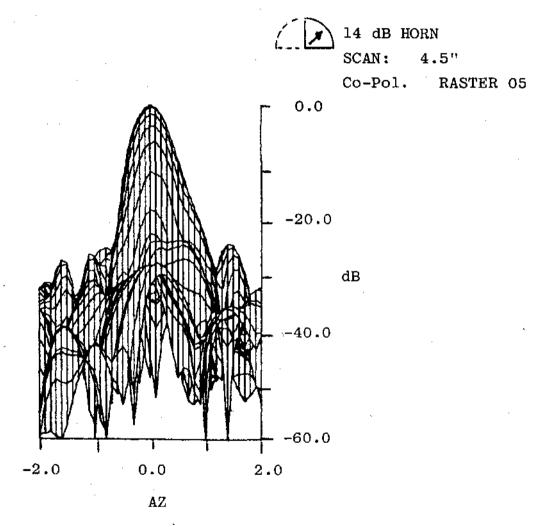


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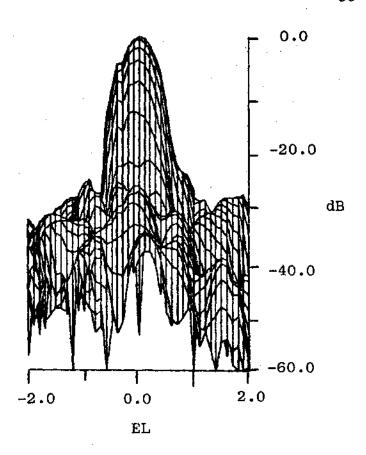




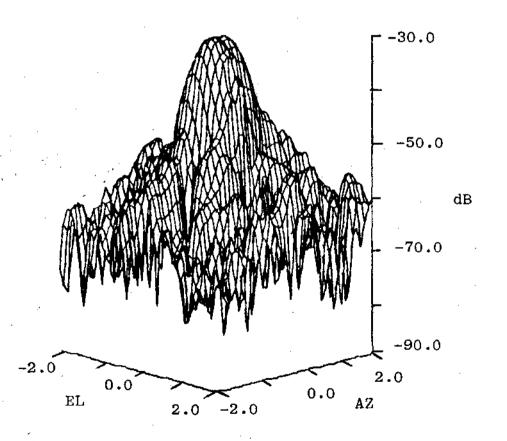
YHIGH+ -2.5000 YLOU--69.5000 (EILIMG+ 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000



14 dB HORN SCAN: 4.5



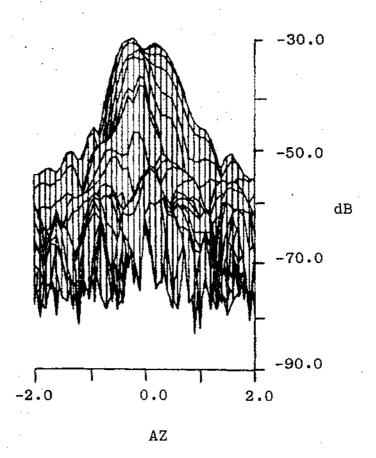
14 dB HORN SCAN: 4.5



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14 dB HORN

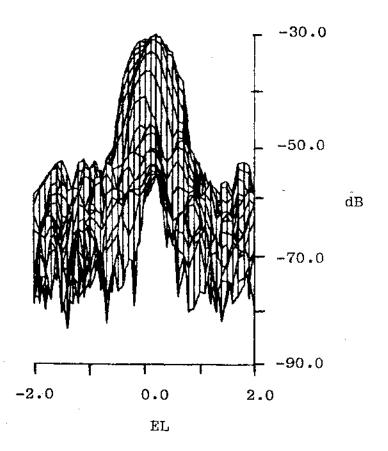
SCAN: 4.5"



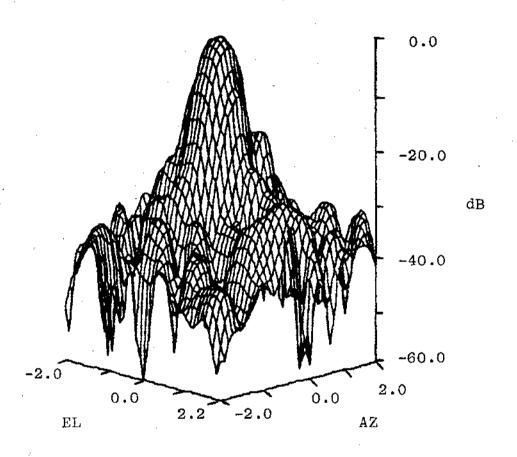
YHIGH+-32,5000 YLOU+-85,9000 CETEING+-20,0000 FLOOR+-80,0000

14 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"



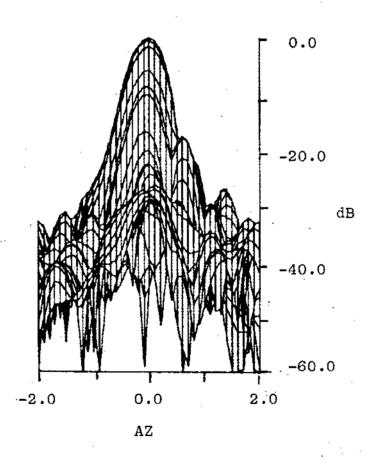
SCAN: 6.5"





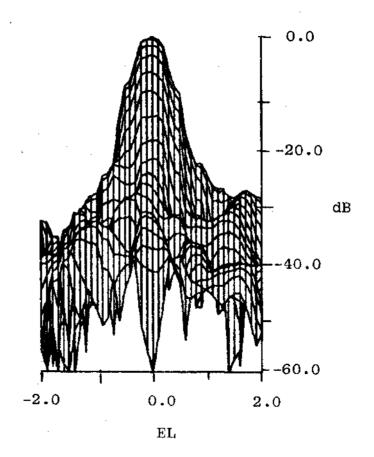
14 dB HORN

SCAN: 6.5"



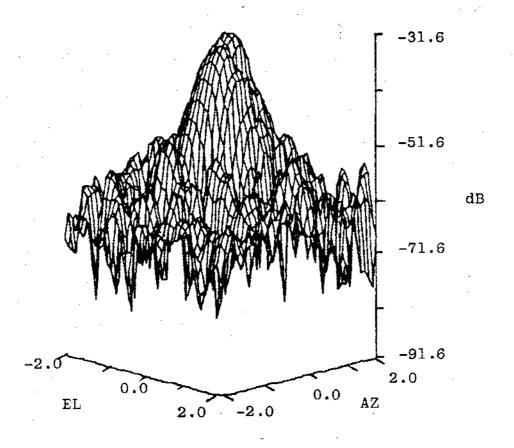


SCAN: 6.5"





SCAN: 6.5"

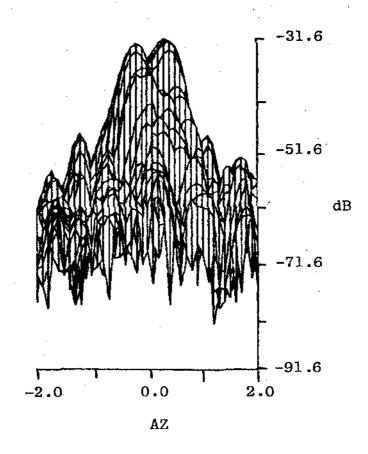


YHIGH*-34.0000 YLOU*-\$5.5000 CE1LING*-20.0000 FLOOR*+80.0000



14 dB HORN

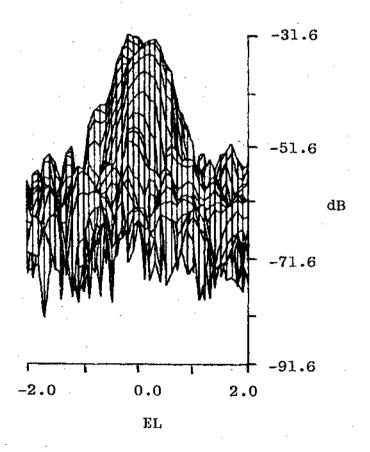
SCAN: 6.5"



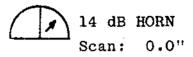
YHIGH:-34.0000 YLOU:-95.5000 CEILING:-20.0000 FLOOR:-80.0000

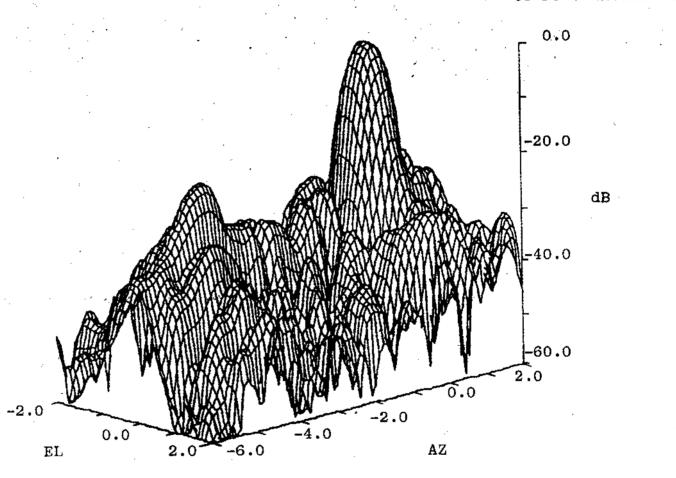
14 dB HORN

SCAN: 6.5"

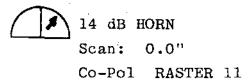


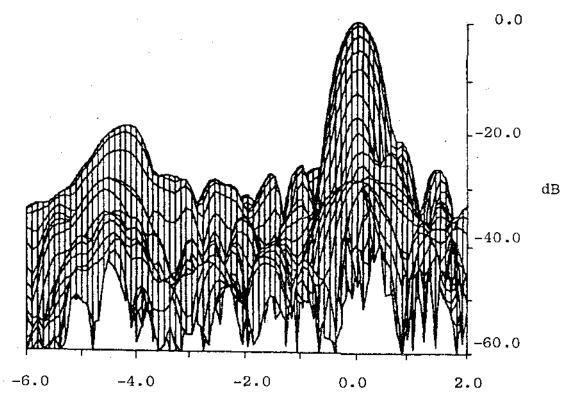
YMIGH: -3.4000 YEOU: -32.6000 CEILING: 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000



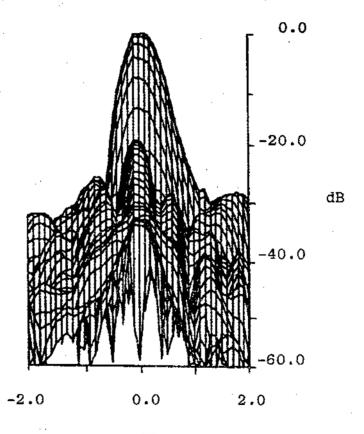


YHIGH- -3.4000 VLOU--82.6000 CEILING: 8.6000 FLOOR--60.6000





Scan: 0.0"



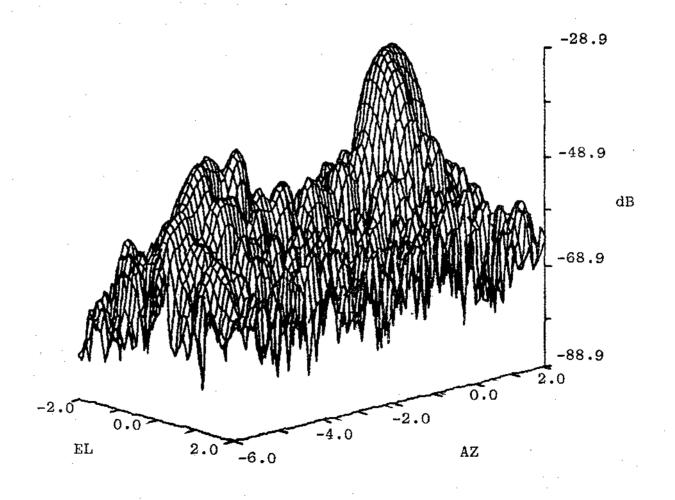
 $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{L}$



14 dB HORN

Scan: 0.0"

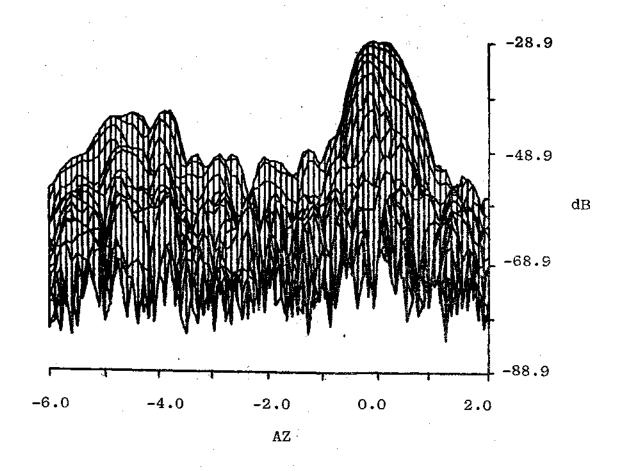
X-Pol RASTER 12



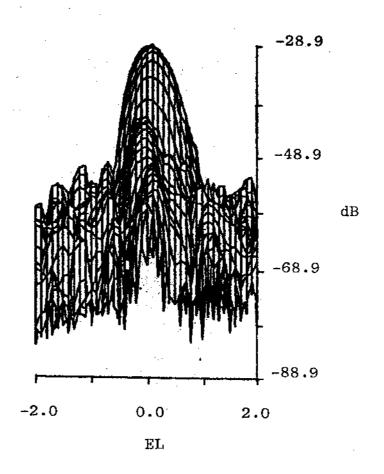
14 dB HORN

Scan: 0.0"

X-Pol RASTER 12



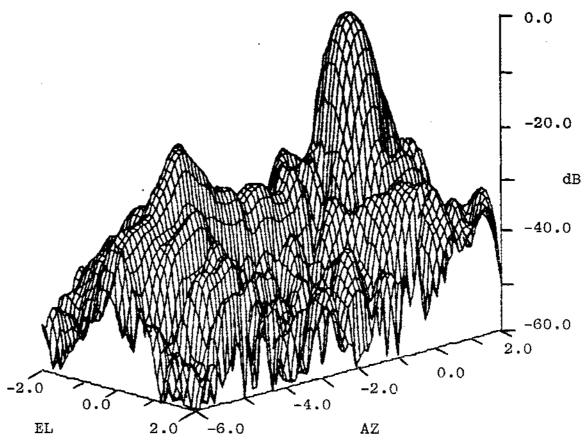
YHIGH--32.3000 YLOU--25.4000 CEILING--20.4000 FLOOR--20.0000



YHICH: -3.5060 YLOU--83.4000 CEILING: 0.0000 FLOOR:-60.0000

14 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5

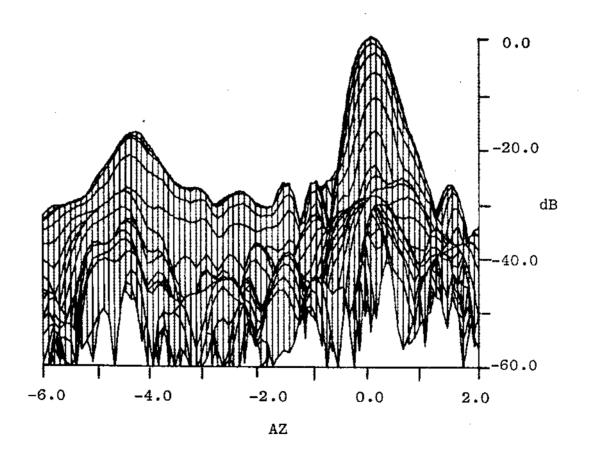


YHIGH= -3.5000 YLOU--83.4000 CEILING: 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000



14 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"

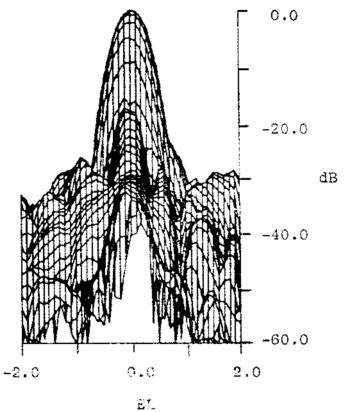


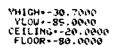
YHIGH- -3.5000 YEOU+-83.4000 CEILING+ 0.0000 FLOOR--60.0000

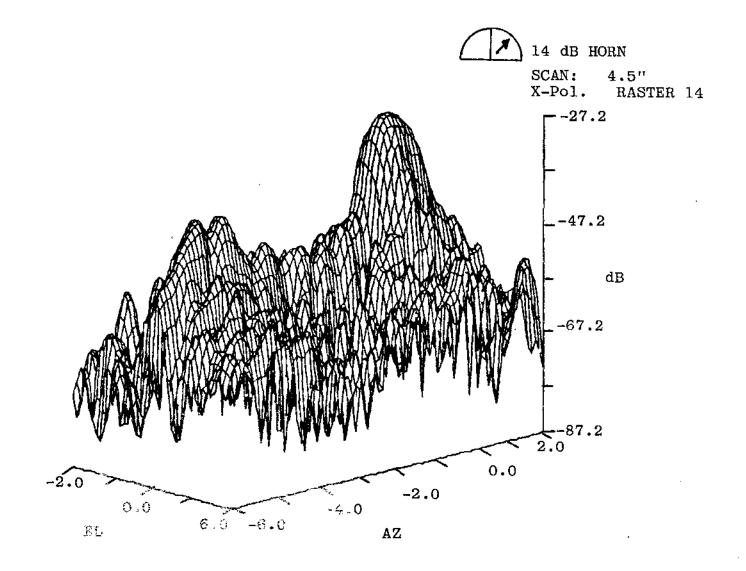


14 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"







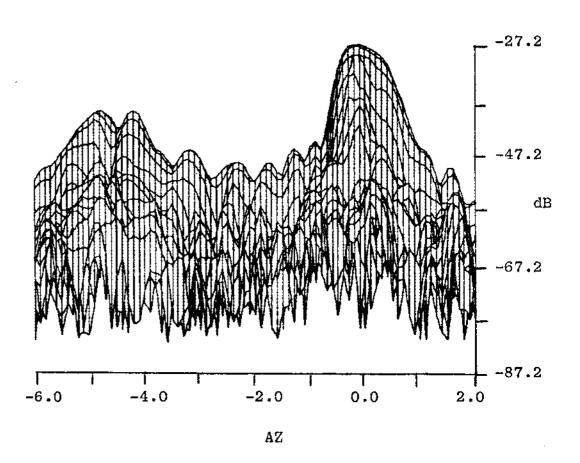
YHIGH+-30, 7000 YEOU+-35, 0000 CEILING+-20, 0000 FLOOR+-30, 0000



14 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"

X-Pol. RASTER 14



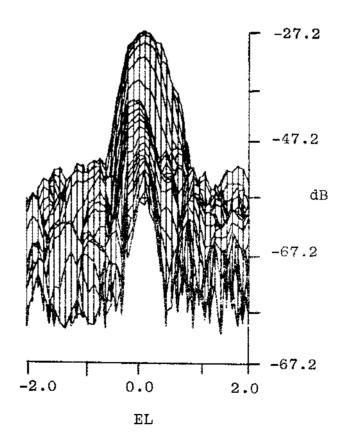
YHIGH: -30,7000 YLOU: -85,0000 CEILING: -20,0000 FLOOR: -30,0000

→ 14

14 dB HORN

SCAN: 4.5"

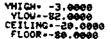
X-Pol. RASTER 14

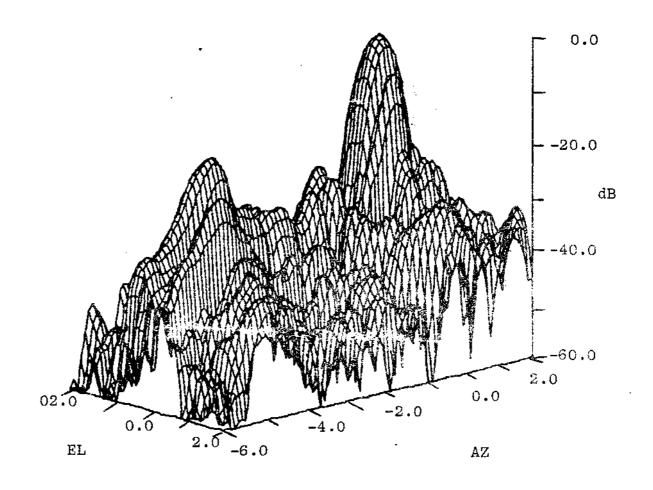




14 dB HORN

SCAN: 0.0"



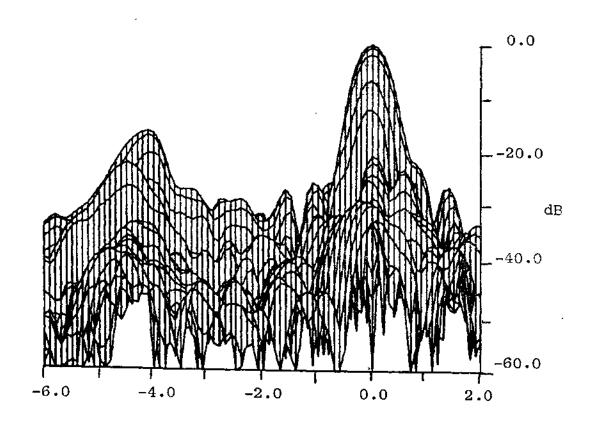


YHIGH: -3.0000 YLOU--82.0000 CEILING:-20.0000 FLOOR:-80.0000

(R)

14 dB HORN

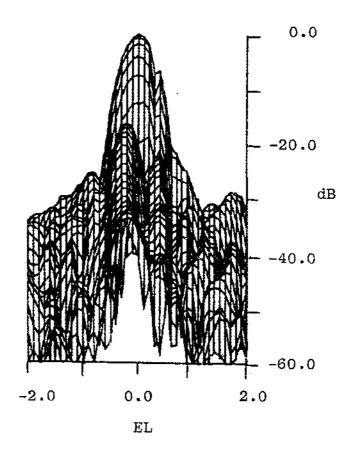
SCAN: 0.0"





YHIGH* -3.0000 YLOU--82.0000 CEILING--20.0000 FLOOR--80.0000 14 dB HORN

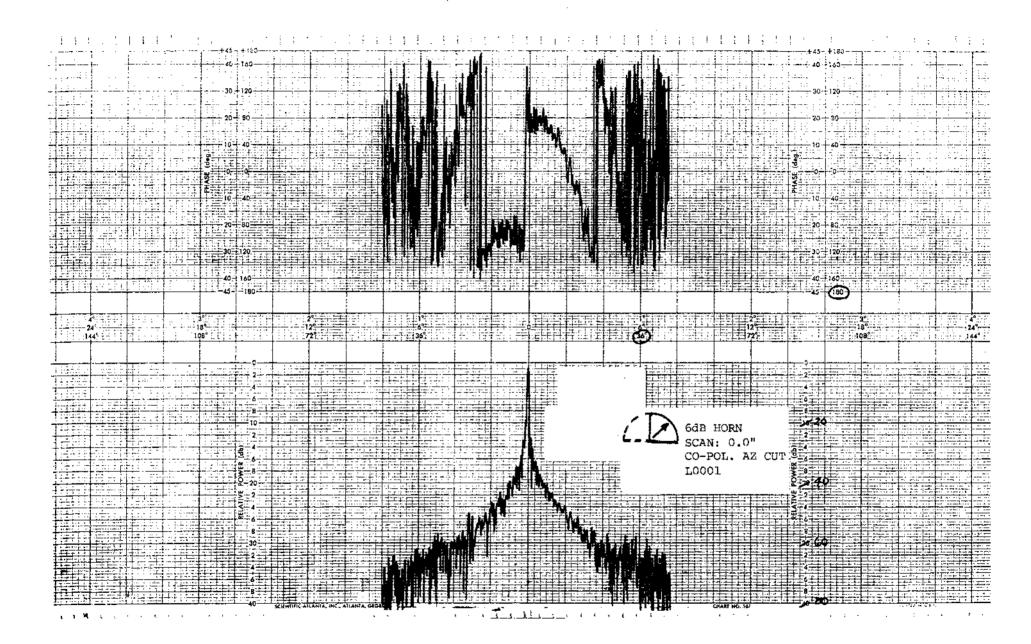
SCAN: 0.0"

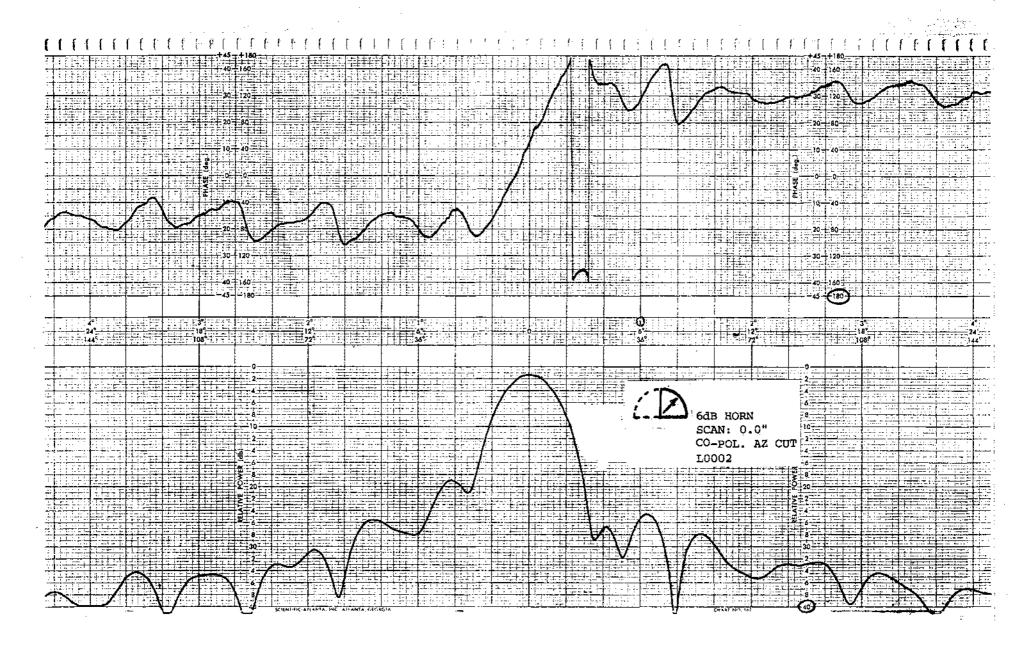


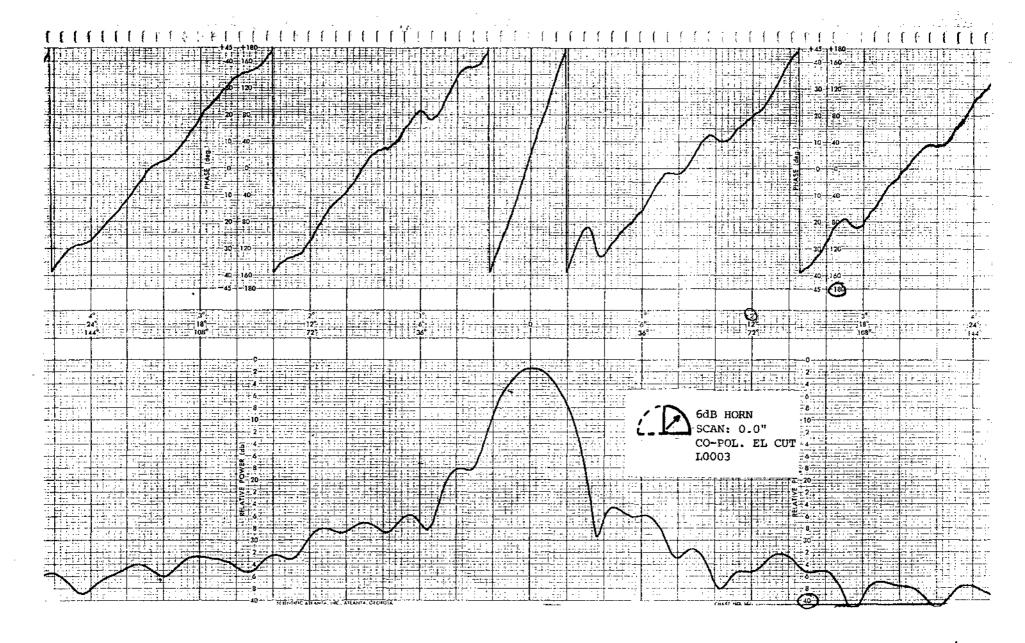
LSST - IV

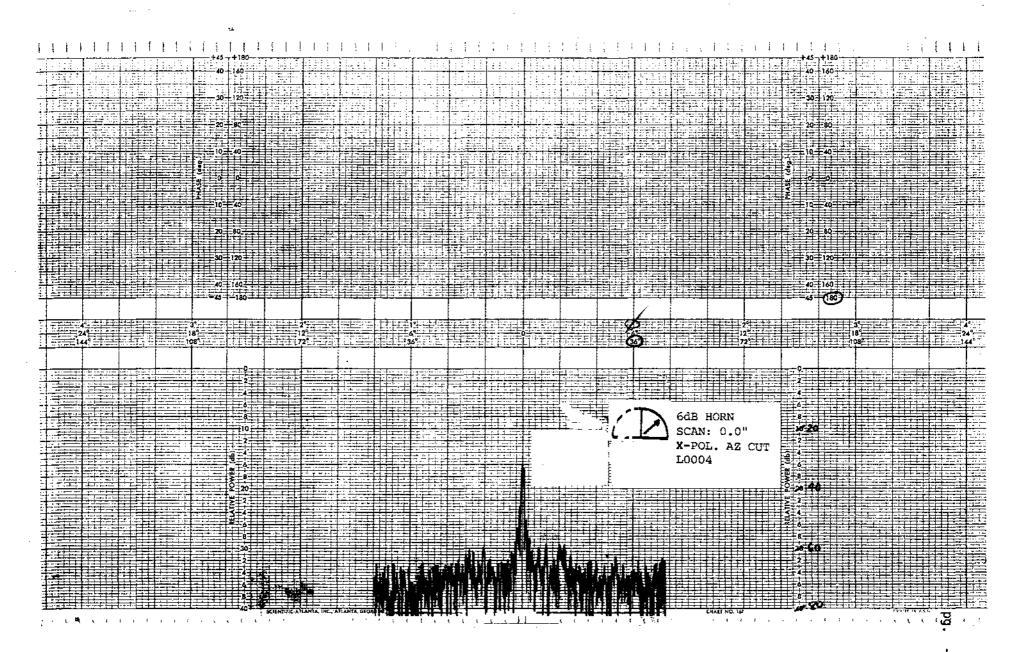
SECONDARY PATTERN LOG

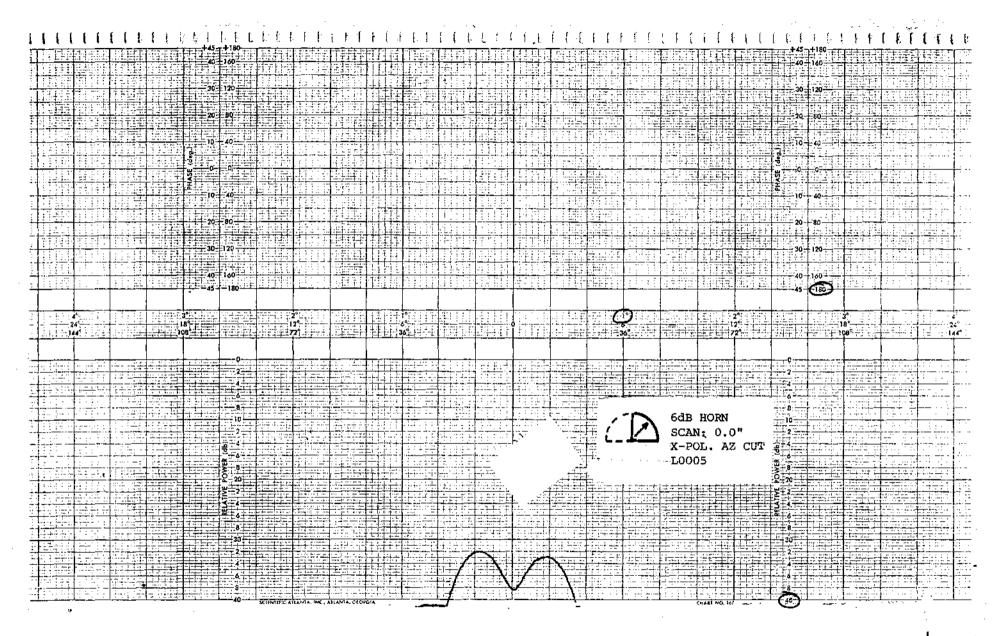
CONFIGURATION	HORN	SCAN	POL.	PK. GAIN	PATTERN	FILE NAME	PAGE NUMBER
	6 dB	0.0"	CO	50.85	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	1.0001	120
	Ħ	11	CO	it.	\pm 5° AZ	L0002	121
	11	Ħ	CO	н	± 5° EL	L0003	122
	tr	**	х	_	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0004	123
	11	tī	Х	. -	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	1.0005	124
	11	t1	x	-	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0006	125
	6 dB	4.5"	СО	50.55	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0027	126
	11	"	CO	***	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	1,0025	127
	11	11	CO	11	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0026	128
	Ħ	tt	Х	-	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	10030	129
	Ħ	**	Х	_		1.0028	130
	11	tt	X	_	<u>+</u> 5° AZ <u>+</u> 5° EL	10029	131
	6 dB	0.0"	СО	35.25	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	1.0074	132
	TT .	11	· CO	11	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	L0073	133
	11	tt	co	71	<u>+</u> 5° EL	1.0075	134
	11	tt	X	-	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	10078	135
	11	††	x	-	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	10077	136
	Ħ	**	Х	-	± 5° EL	10076	137
	6 dB	0.0"	CO	34.65	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0079	138
	IT	11	CO	11	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	10080	139
	11	tt	CO	n	<u>+</u> 5° EL	10081	140
	Ħ	11	X	_	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	1.0084	141
	17	***	x	-	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	L0083	142
	11	***	X	-	<u>+</u> 5° EL	10082	143
	6 dB	0.0"	CO	50.75	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	10051	144
	tt	ff	CO	11	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	10049	145
	ŧr	tt	CO	11	± 5° EL	10050	146
	11	11	X	-	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	10054	147
	11 .	**	X	-	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	10052	148
	11	TI	X	-	± 5° EL	10053	149

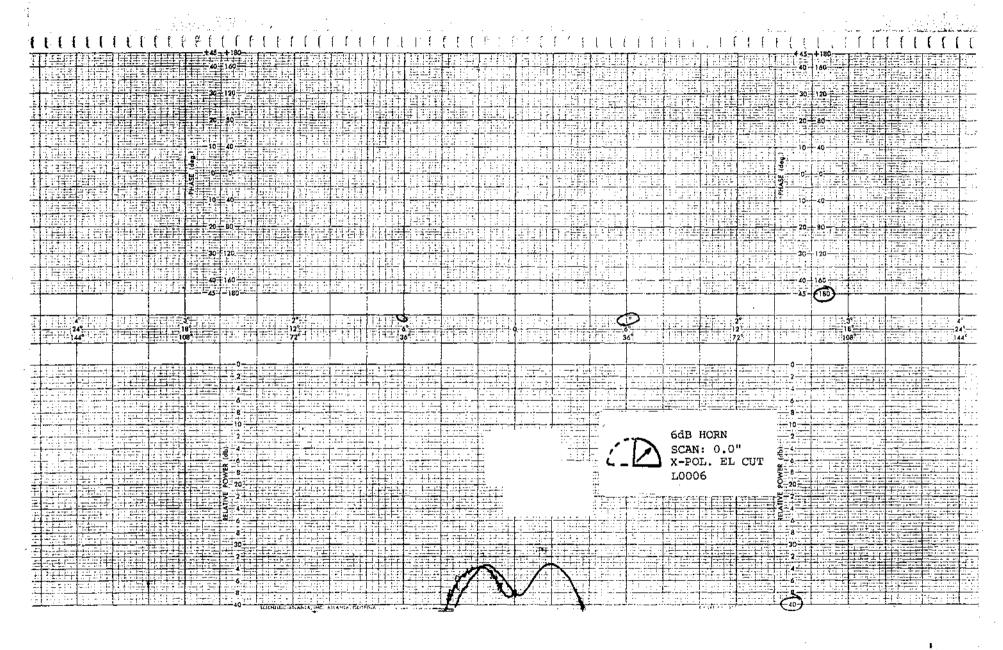


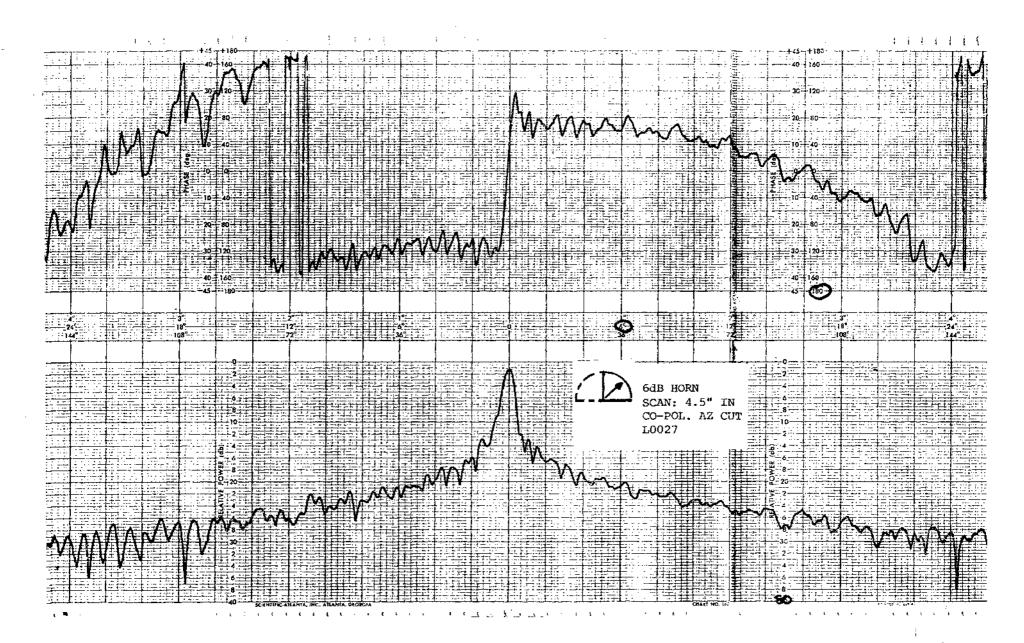


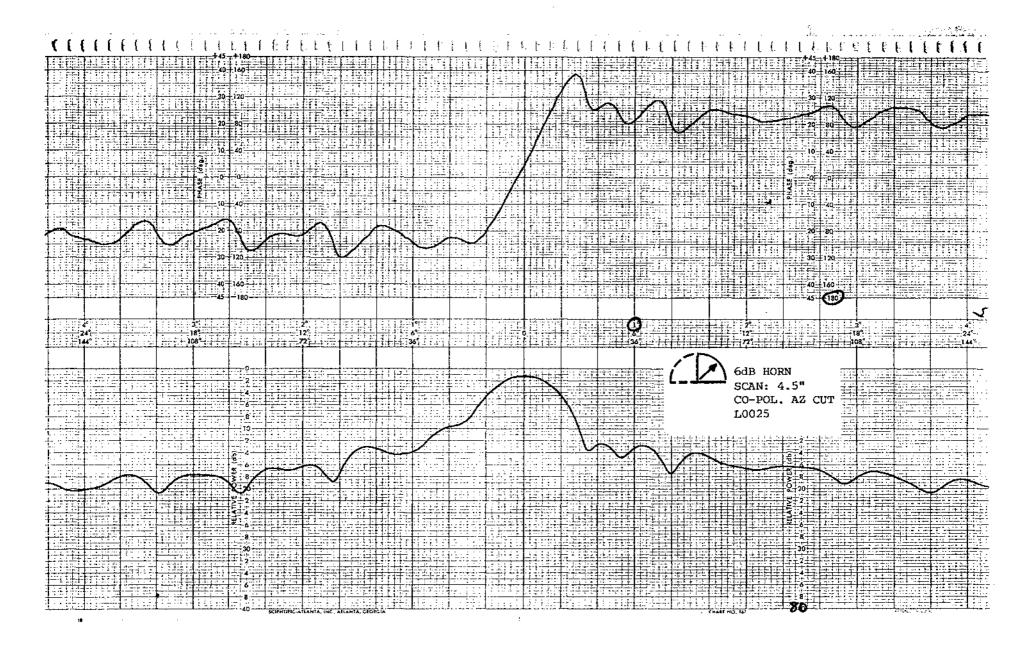


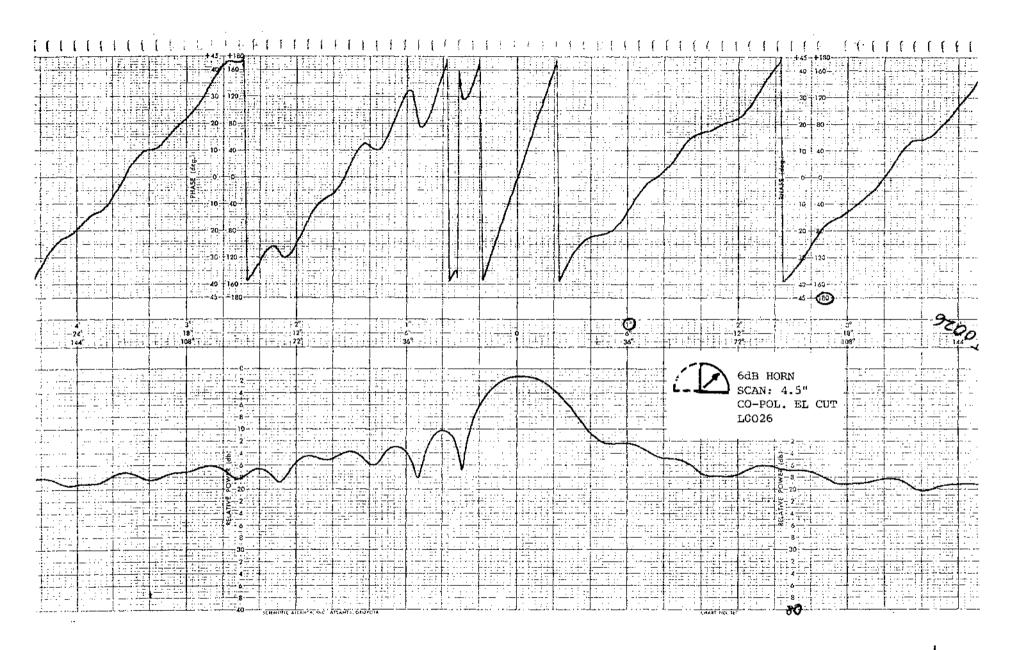




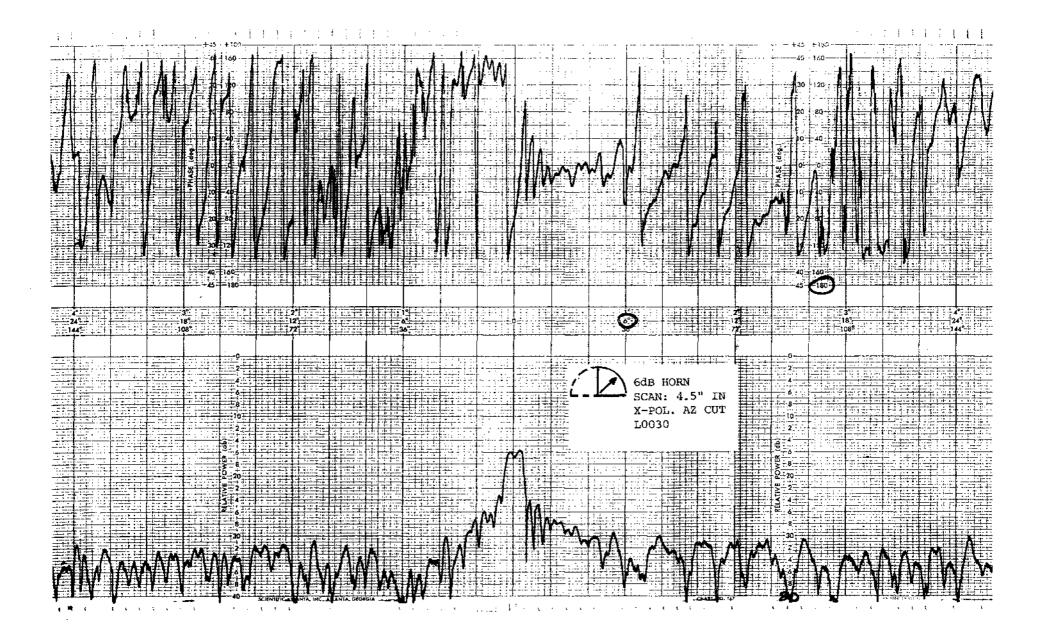


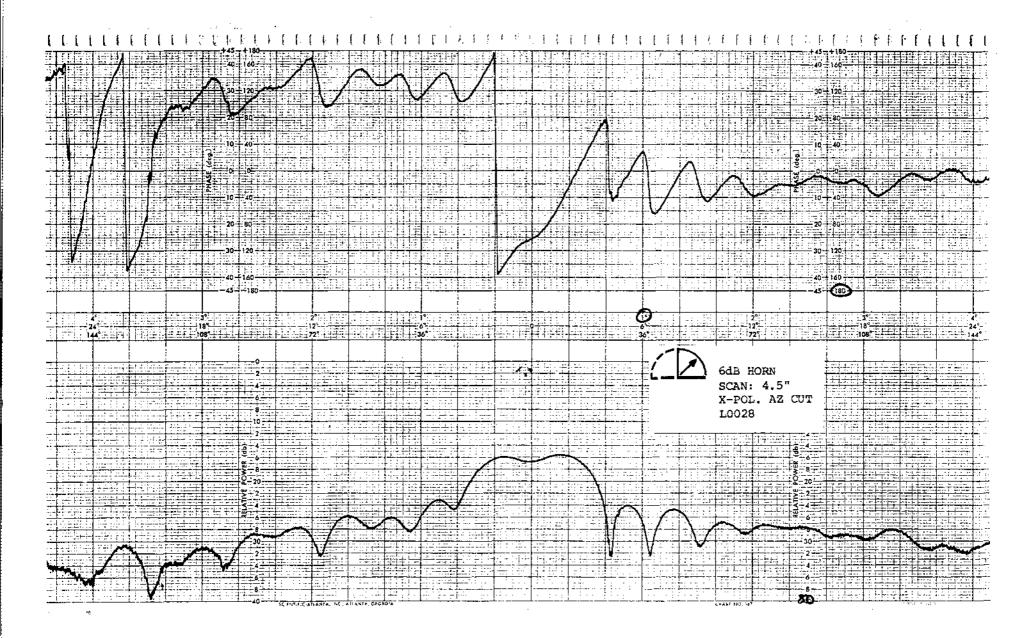


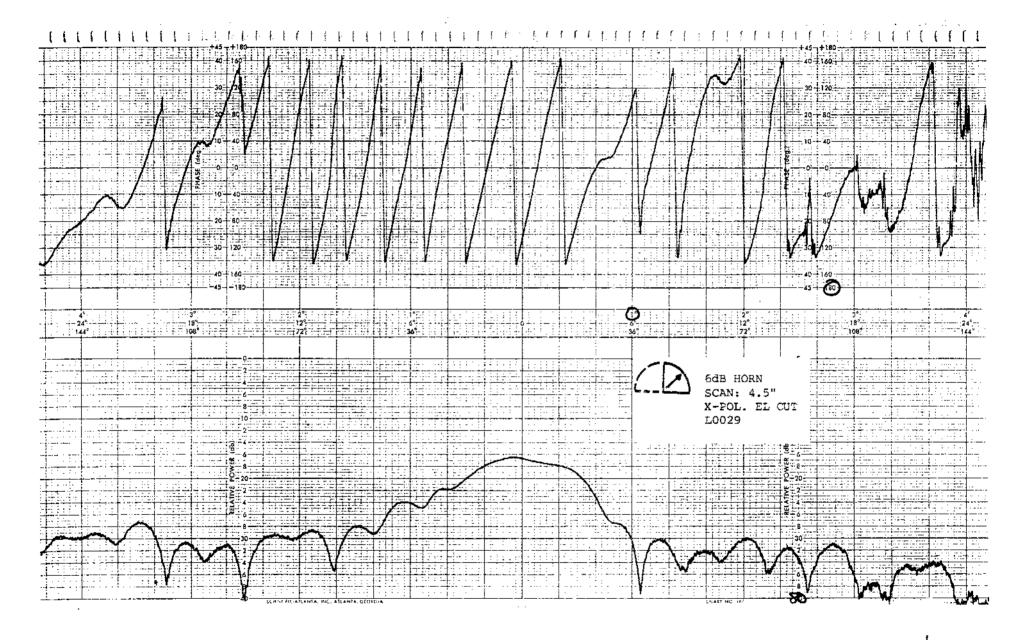


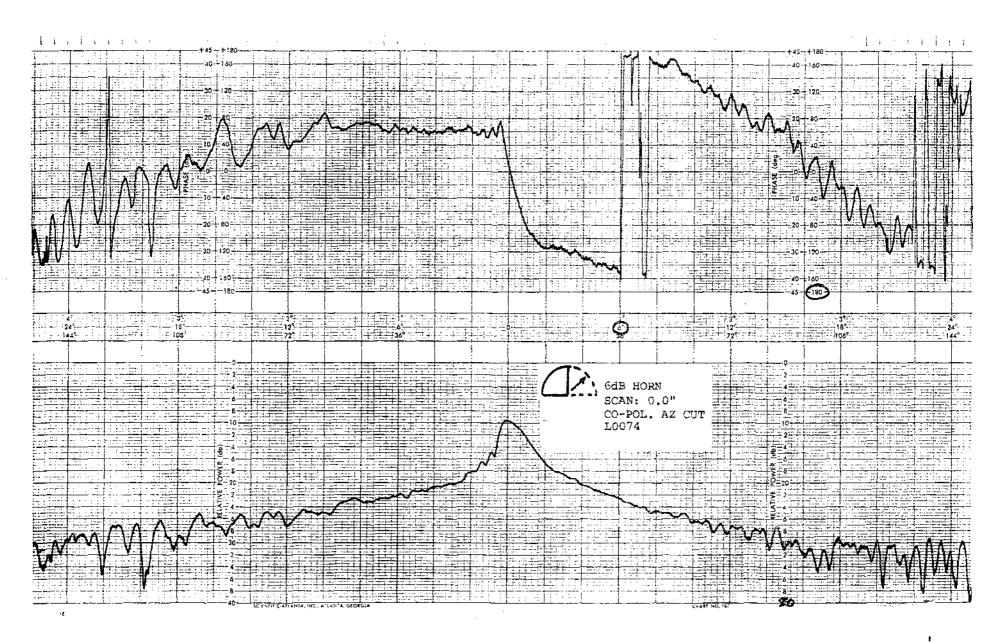


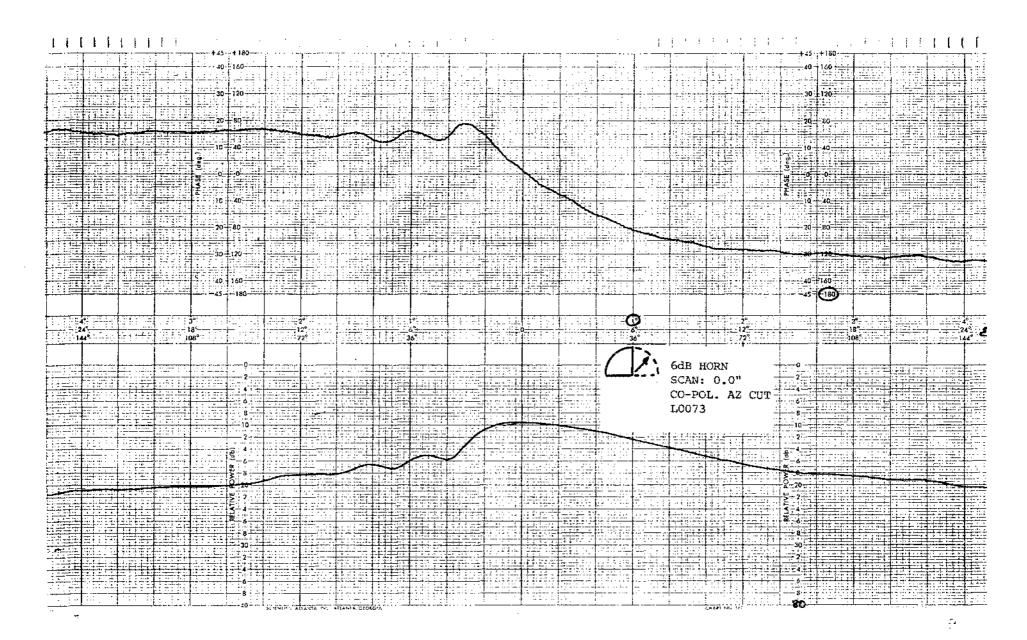
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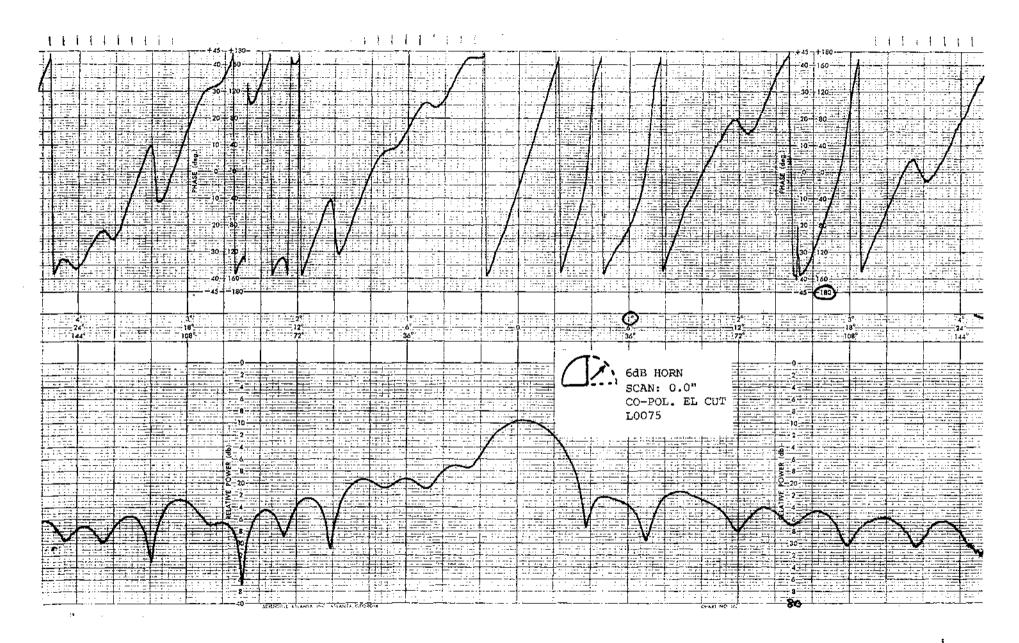


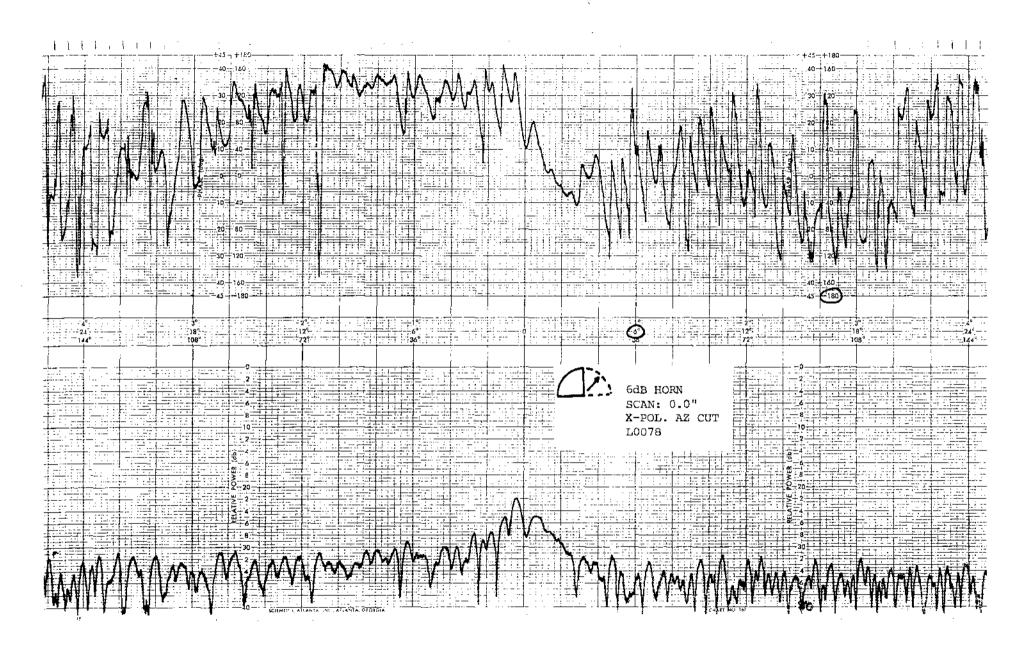


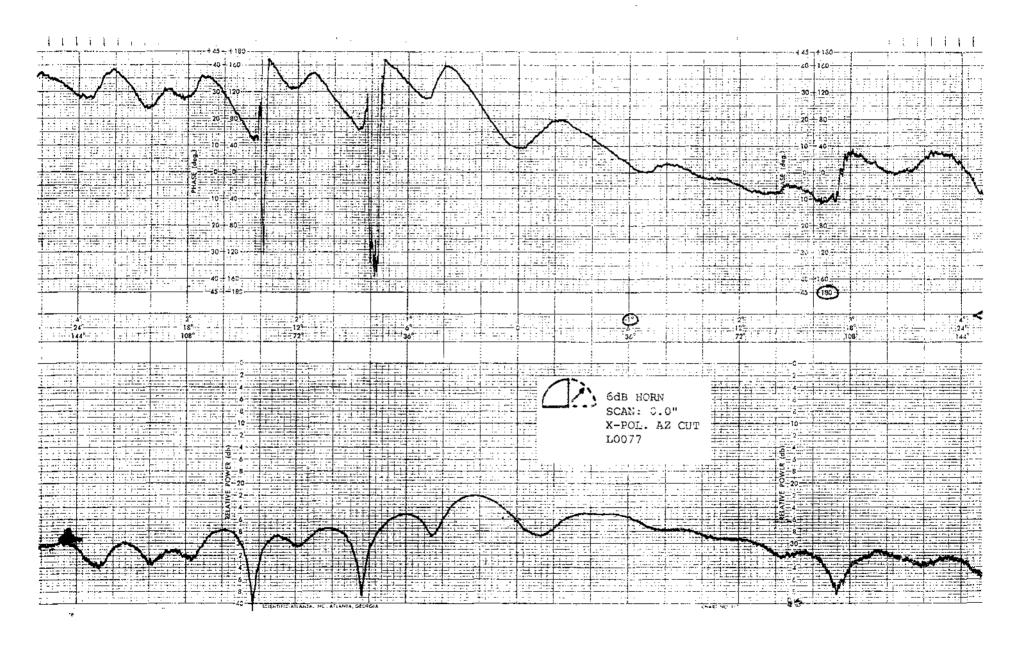


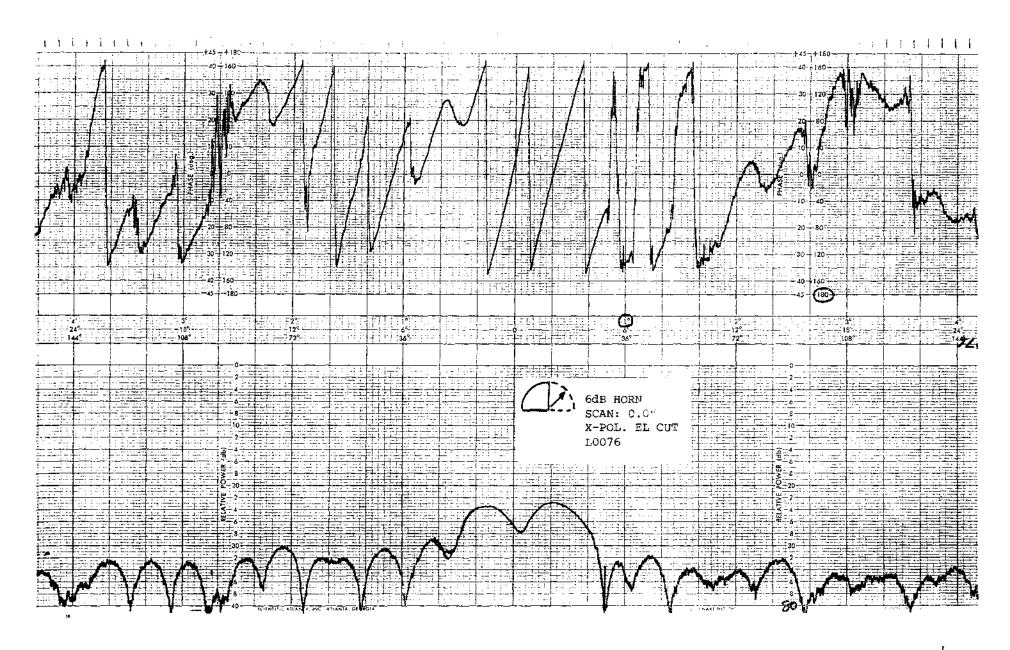


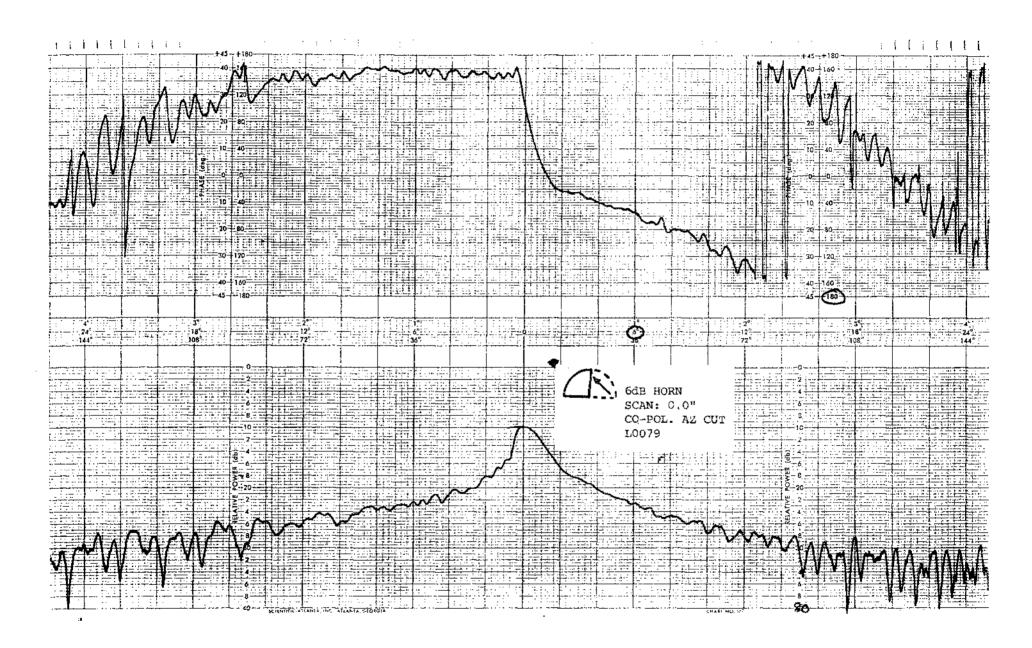


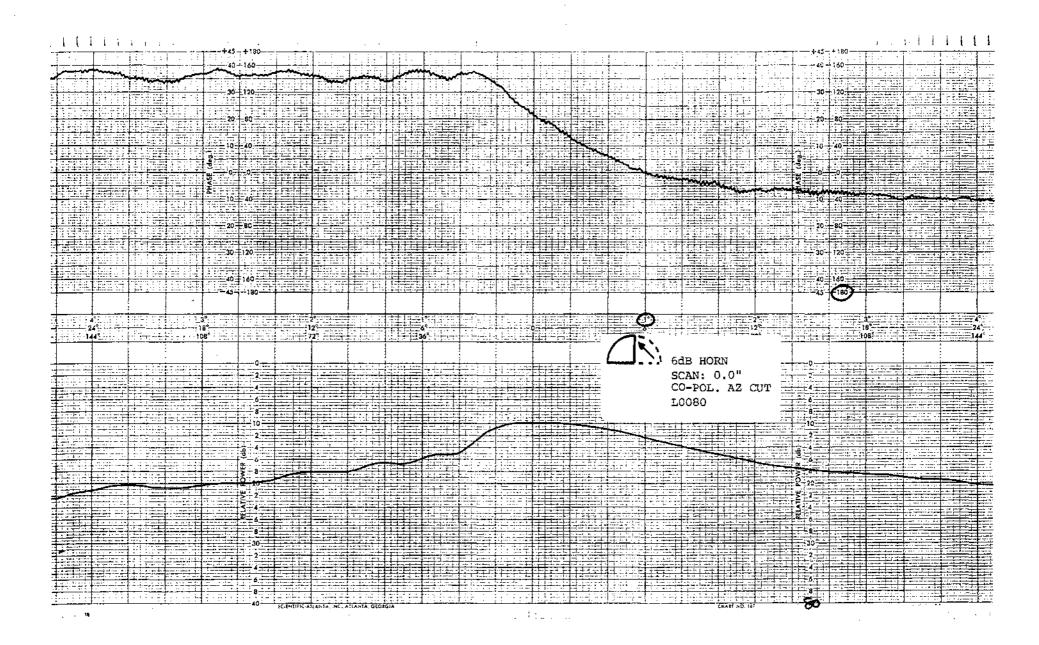


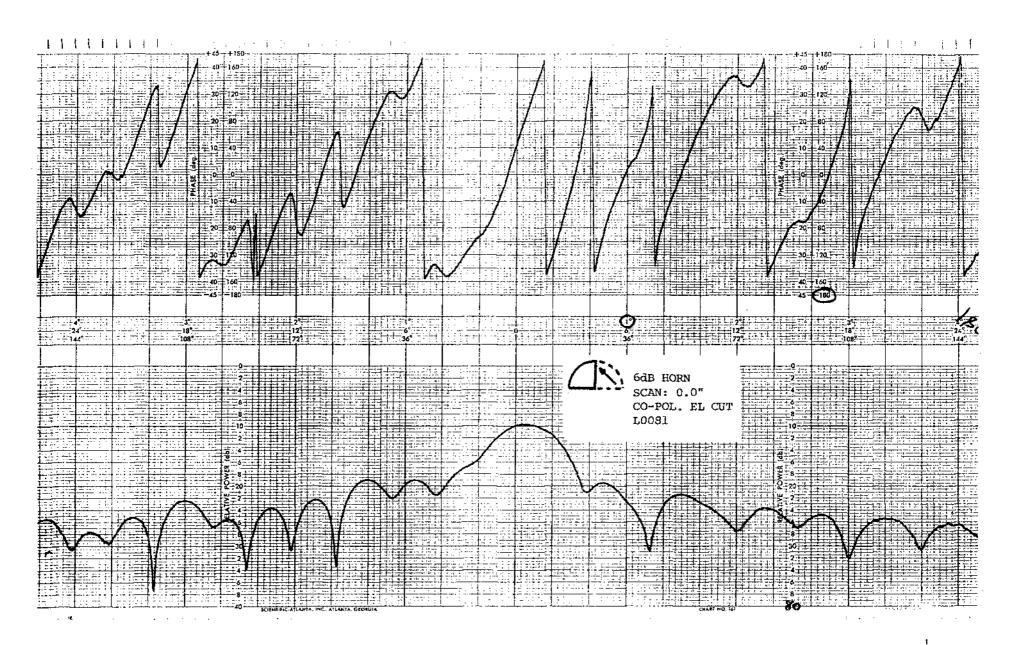


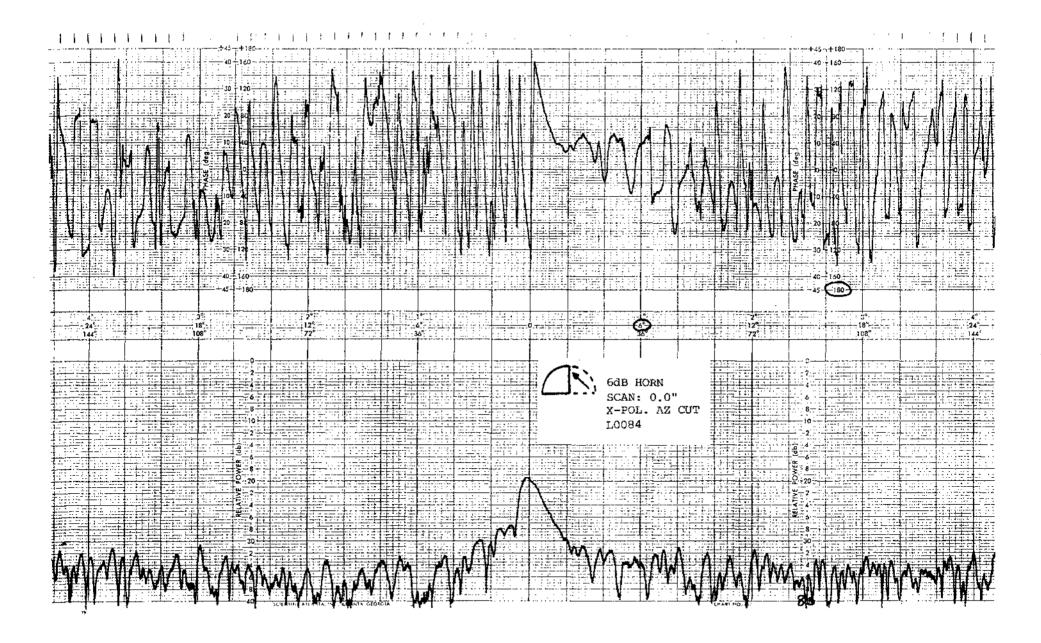


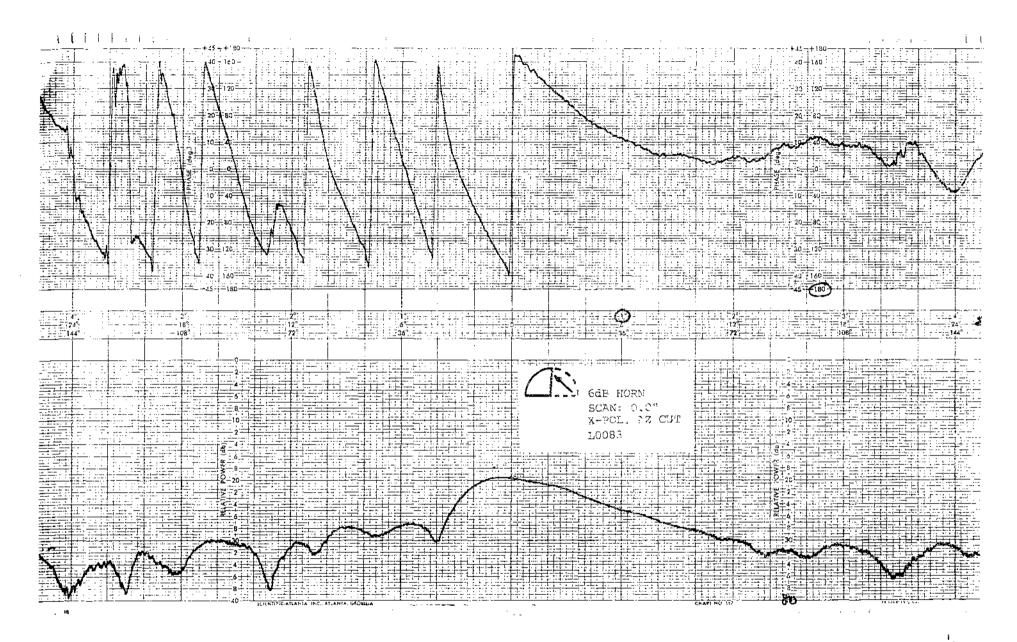


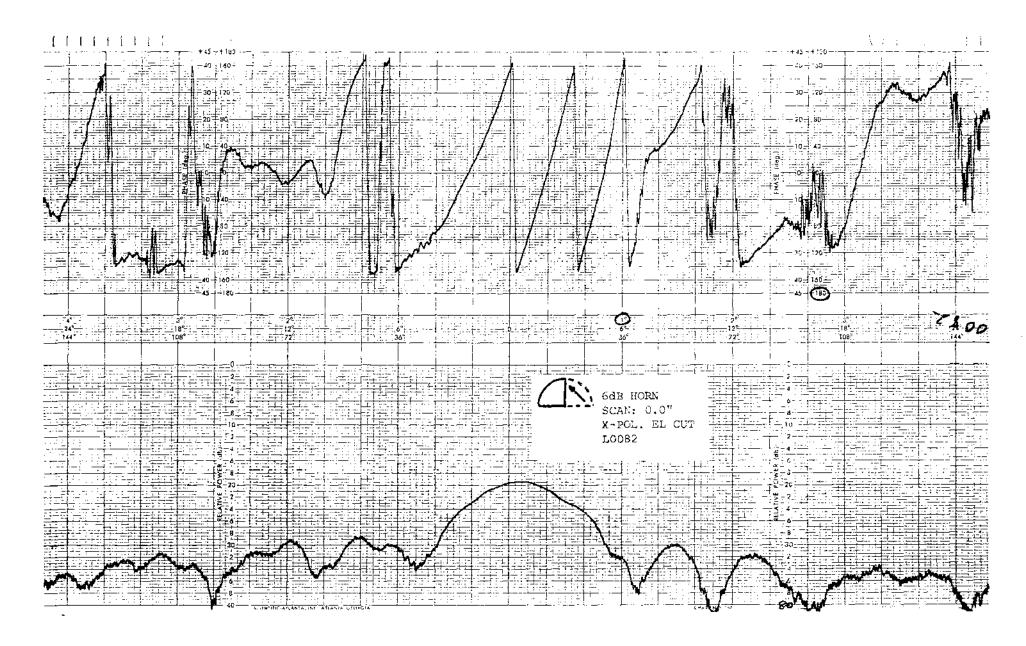


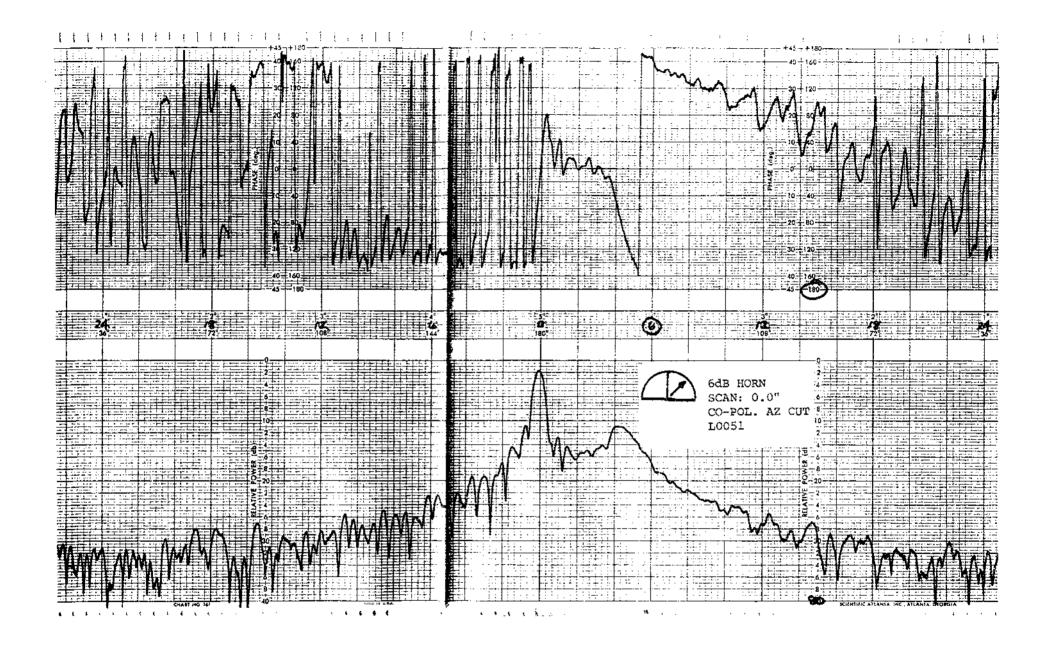


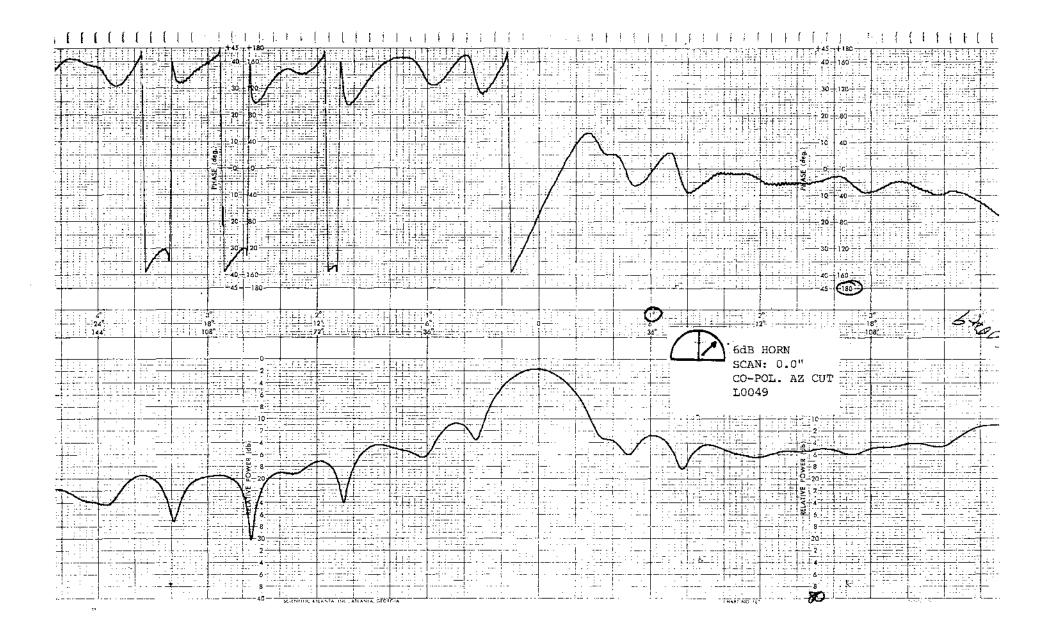


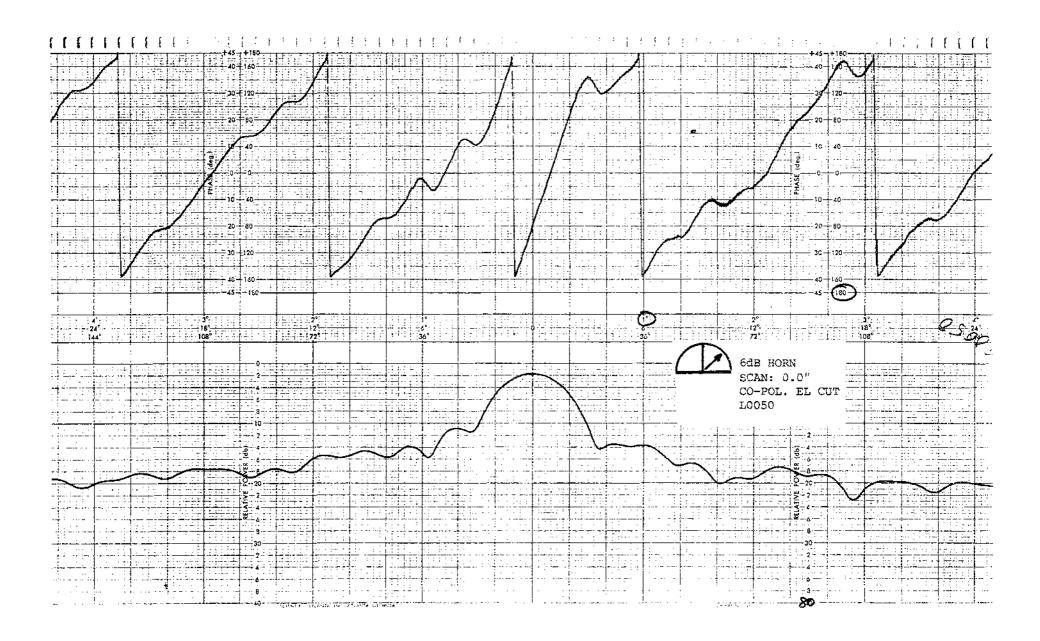






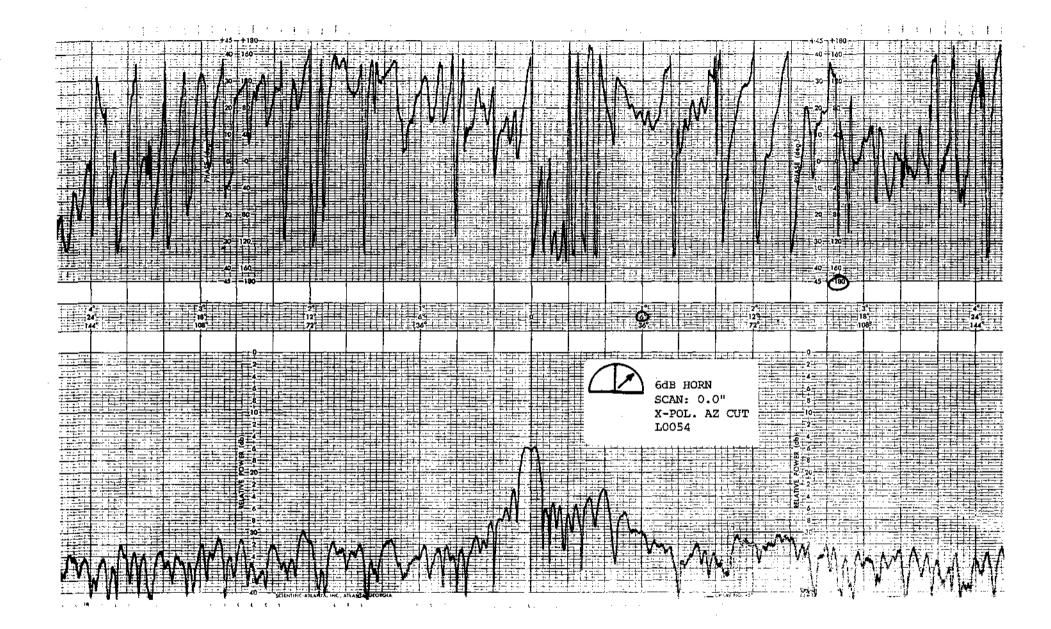


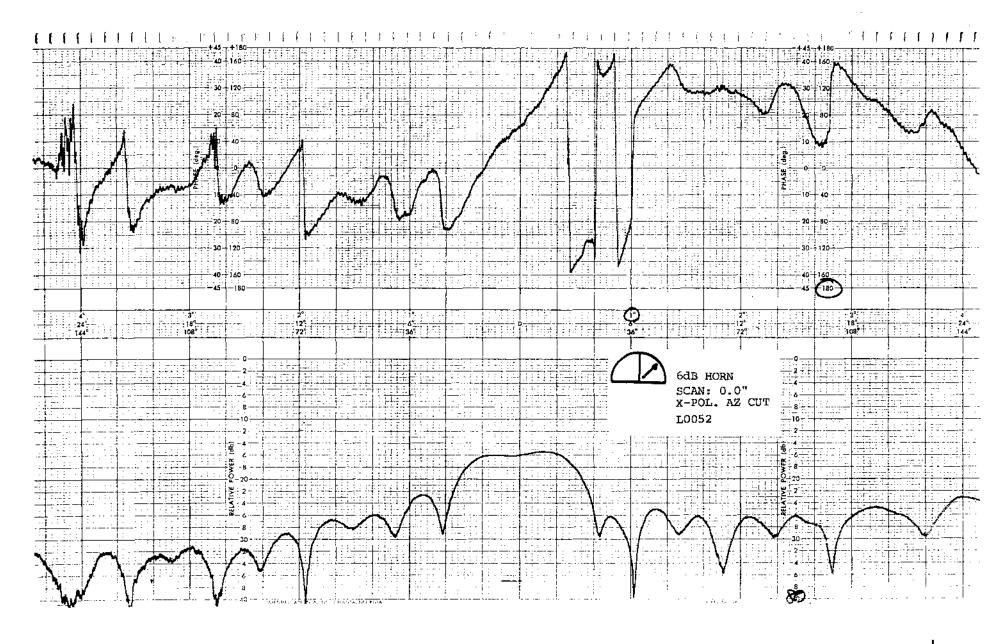


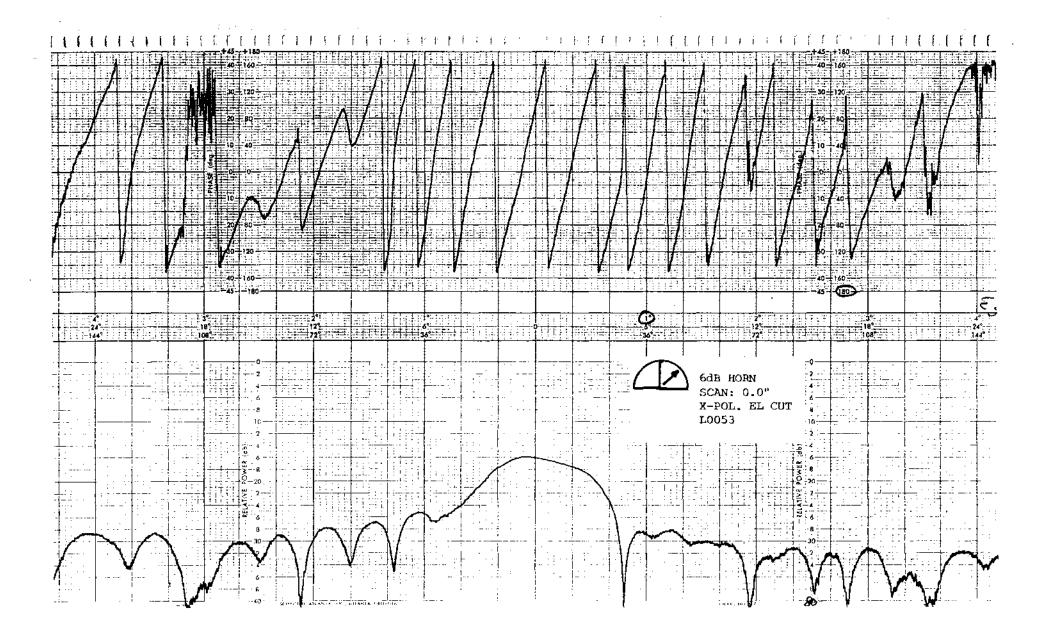


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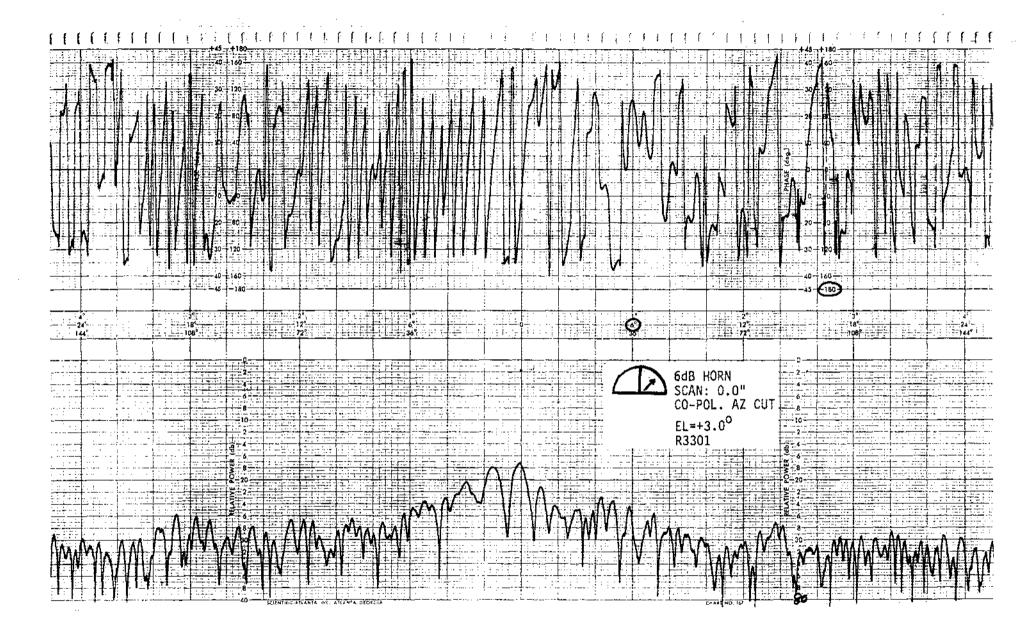


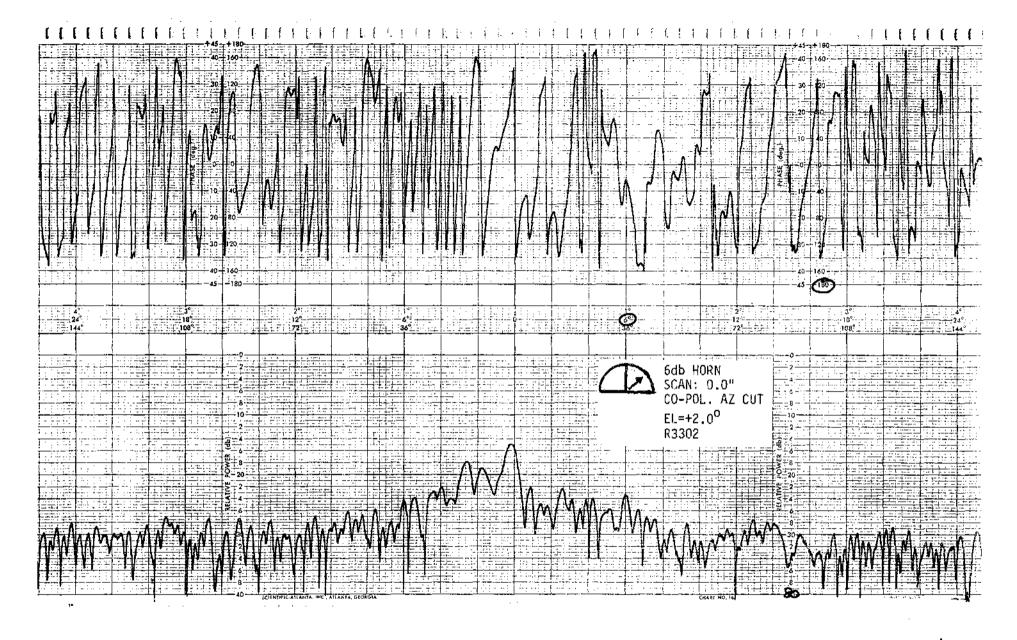


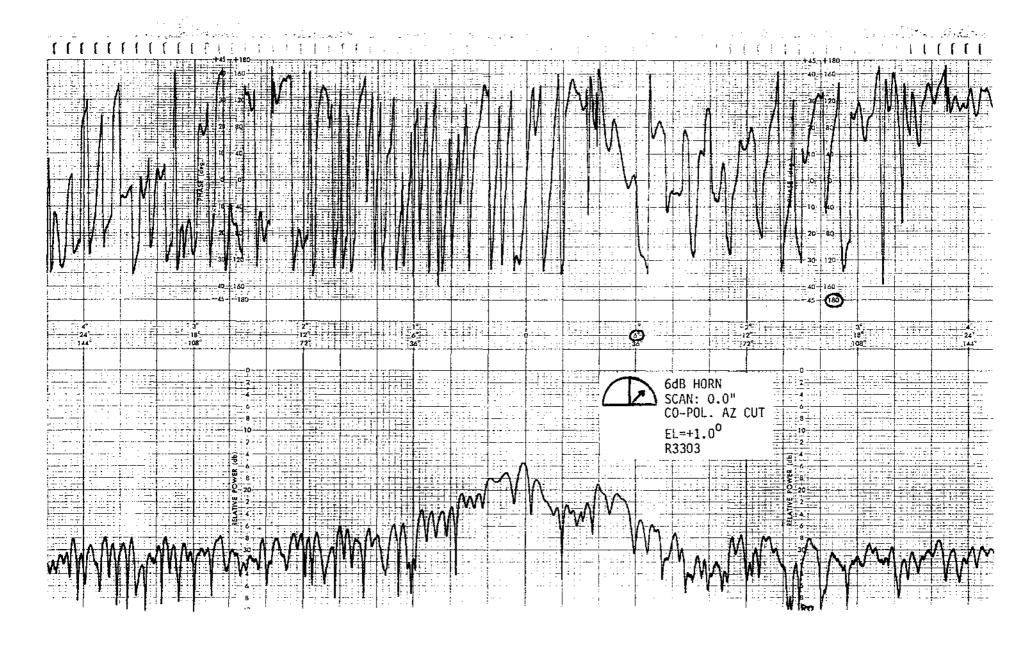


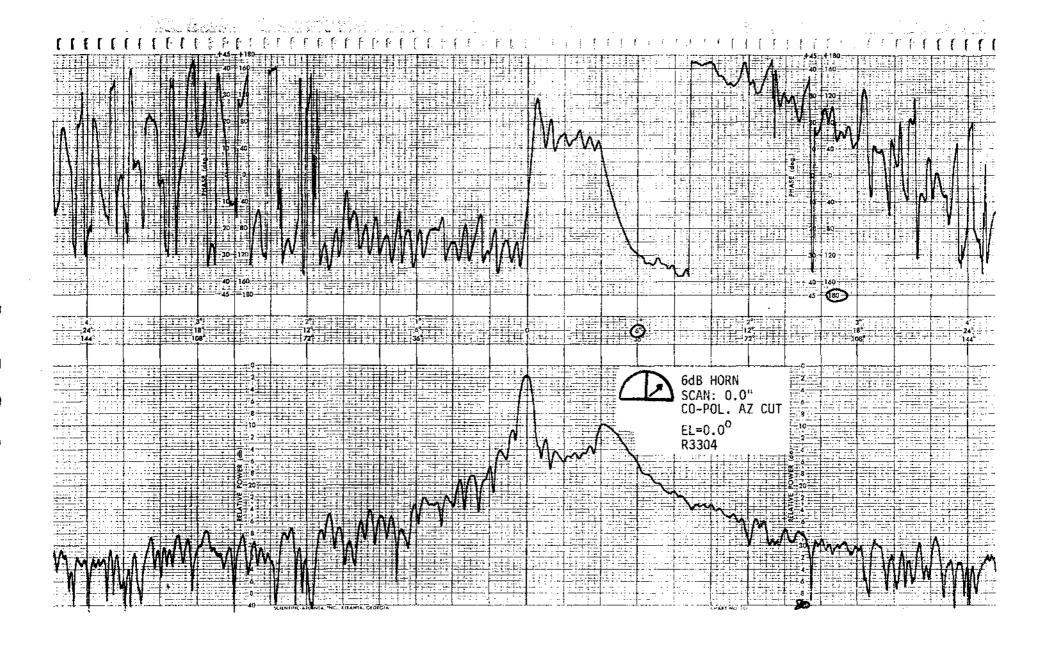
LSST - Y
SECONDARY PATTERN LOG

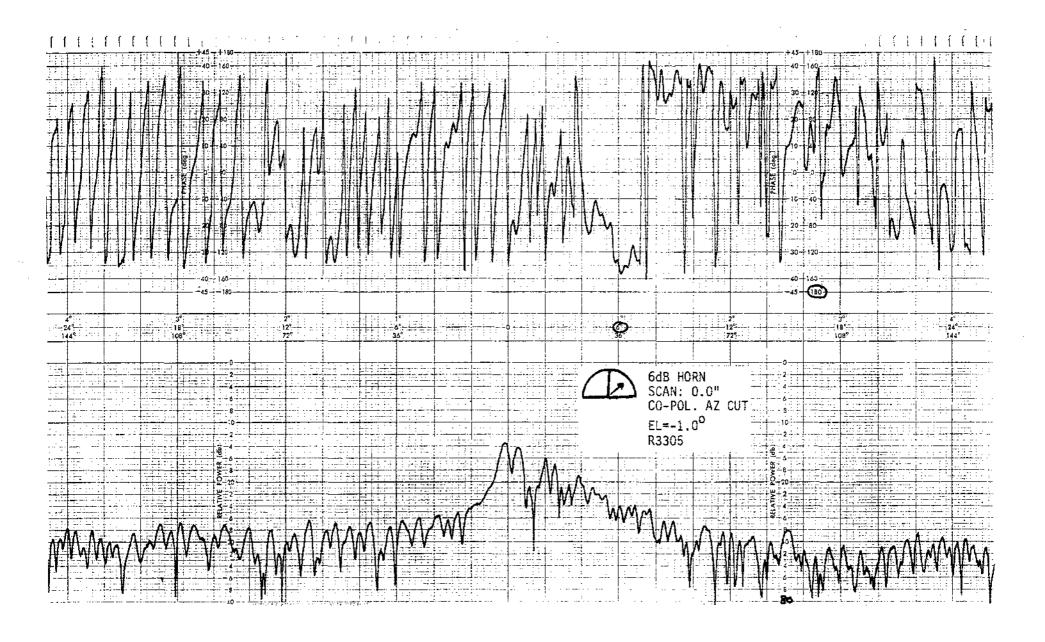
CONFIGURATION	HORN	SCAN	POL.	PK. GAIN	PATTERN	FILE NAME	PAGE NUMBER
	6 dB	0.0	ÇO	_	+3°EL + 45°AZ	R3301	151
	77	rt .	11	-	+2°EL "	R3302	152
	11	tt	11	-	+1°EL "	R3303	153
	11	11	11	50.75	OOEL "	R3304	154
	tt	ti	***		-1°EL "	R3305	155
	. 17	**	11	_	-2°EL "	R3306	156
	н	n	18	-	-3°EL	R3307	157
ļ	6 dB	0.0	x	****	+3°EL + 45°AZ	R3401	158
	n		. •		+2°EL "	R3402	159
	11	11	n	-	+1°EL "	R3403	160
	tt	rı	tr	_	O ^O EL "	R3404	161
	11	It	11	_	-1°EL "	R3405	162
	11	11	11	_	-2°EL "	R3406	163
	11	n	tt	-	-3°EL "	R3407	164
	6 dB	4.5"	со	50.45	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0045	165
•	11	**	CO	11	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	L0043	166
. 1	#1	11	co	, н	± 5° EL	1.0044	167
ł	11	11	, х	11	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0048	168
	11	**	X	11	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	L0046	169
Y	. 11	u	X	ŧI	± 5° EL	L0047	17 0
	6 dB	0.0	со	_	+3°EL + 45°AZ	R3101	171
	**	**	**	-	+2°EL "	R3102	172
	**	ri .	11	-	+1°EL "	R3103	173
	11	**	11	50.70	O°EL "	R3104	174
	tf.	**	n	· -	-1°EL "	R3105	175
· [**	11	**	-	-2°EL "	R3106	176
	**	**	77	-	-3°EL "	R3107	177
1	6 dB	0.0	х	_	+3°EL <u>+</u> 45°AZ	R3201	178
	**	ŧr	11	-	+2°EL "	R3202	179
	**	11	11	-	+1 ^o EL "	R3203	180
]	II	ti	**	-	o°el ~ "	R3204	181
	**	11	17	-	-1°EL "	R3205	182
1	11	**	n	-	-2°EL	R3206	183
Ŧ	Ħ	11	n	-	-3°EL "	R3207	184

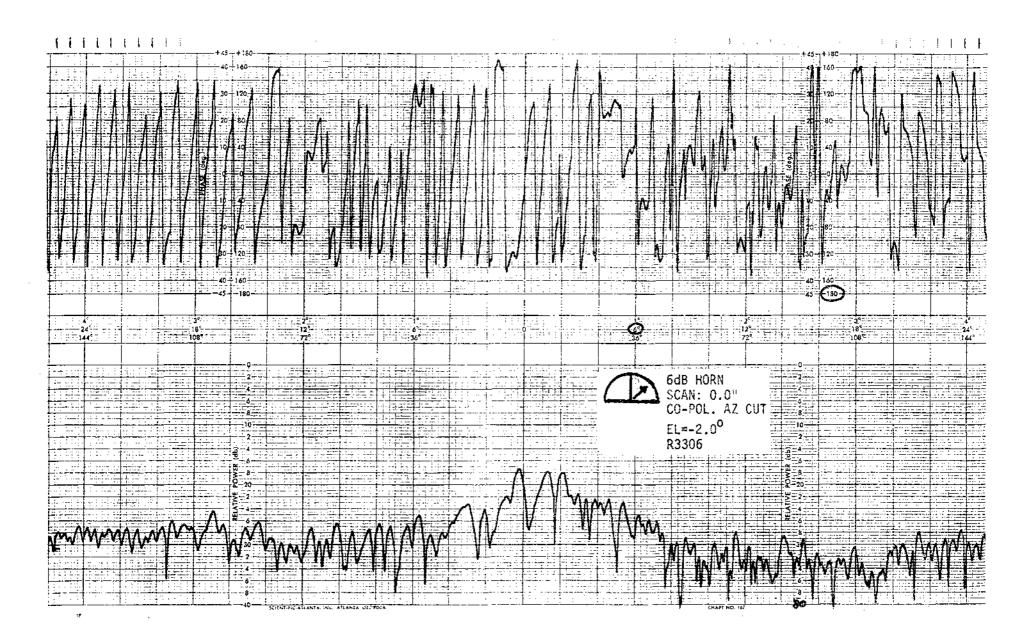


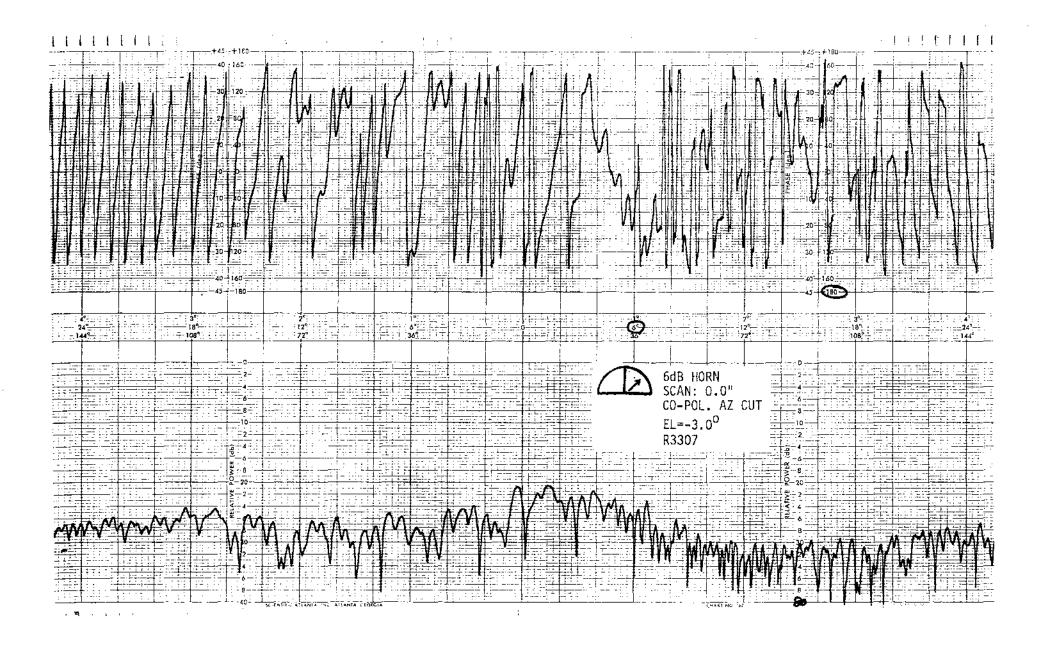


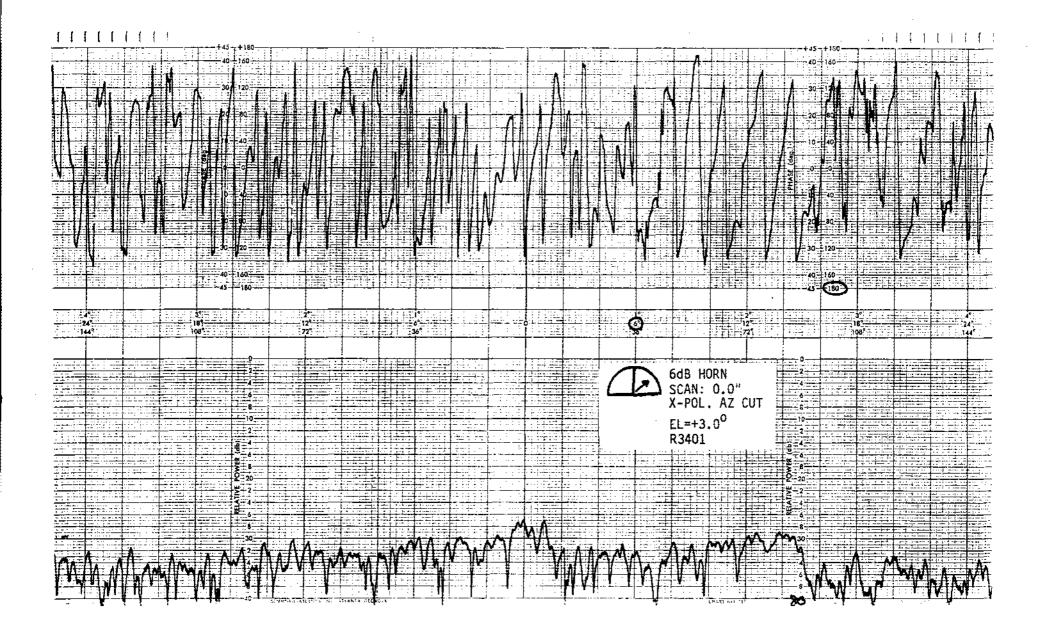


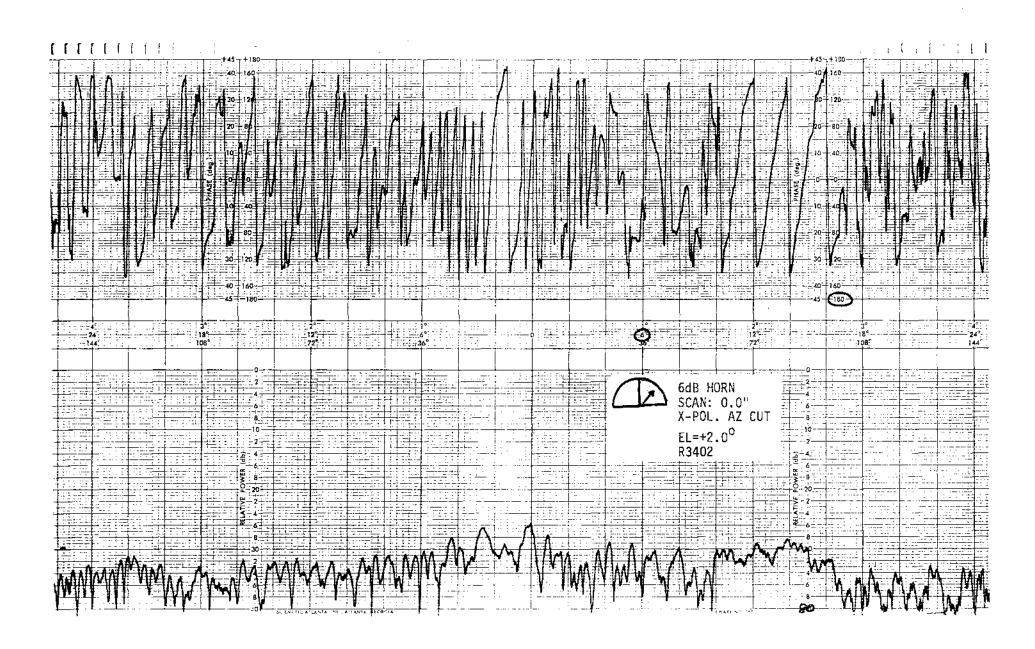


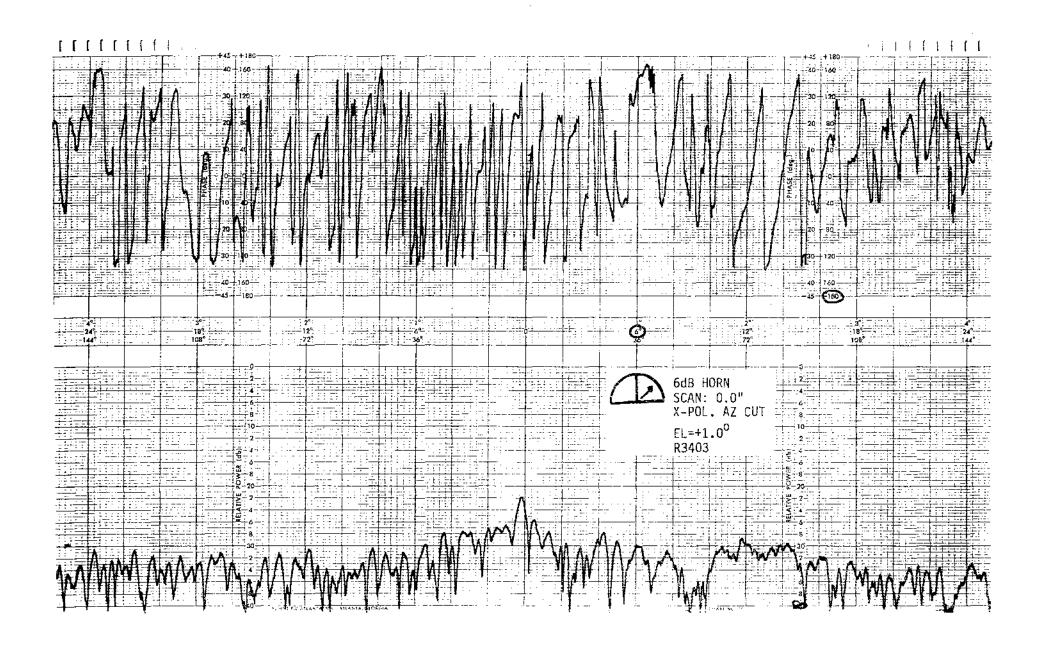


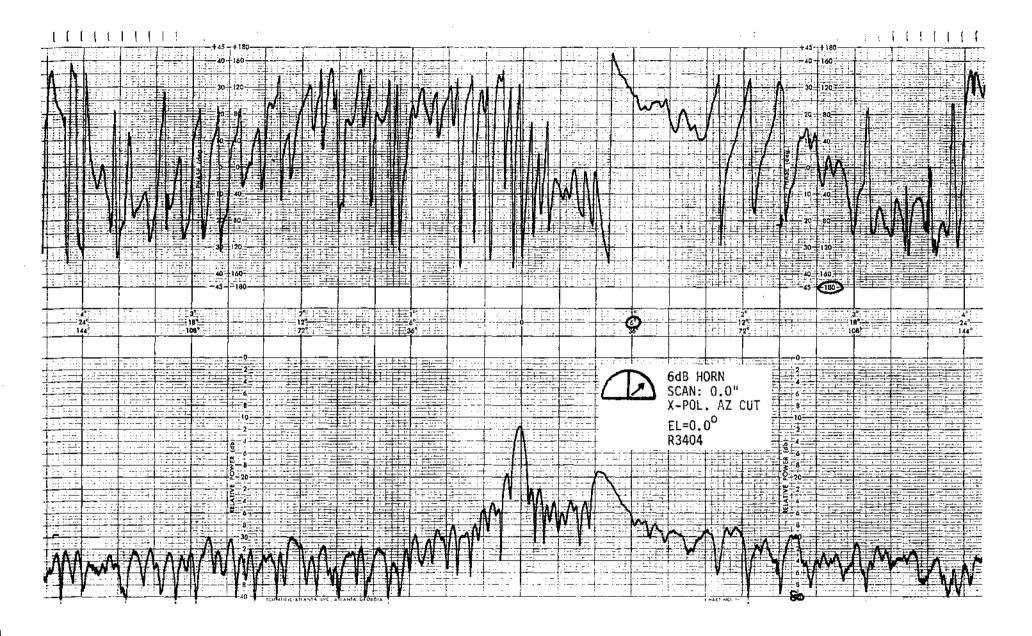


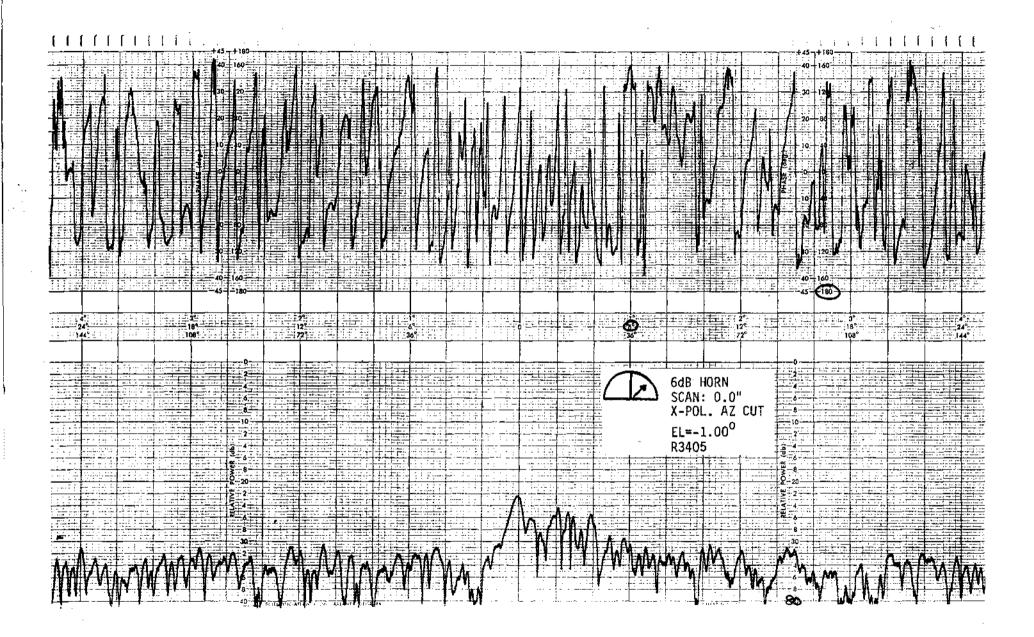


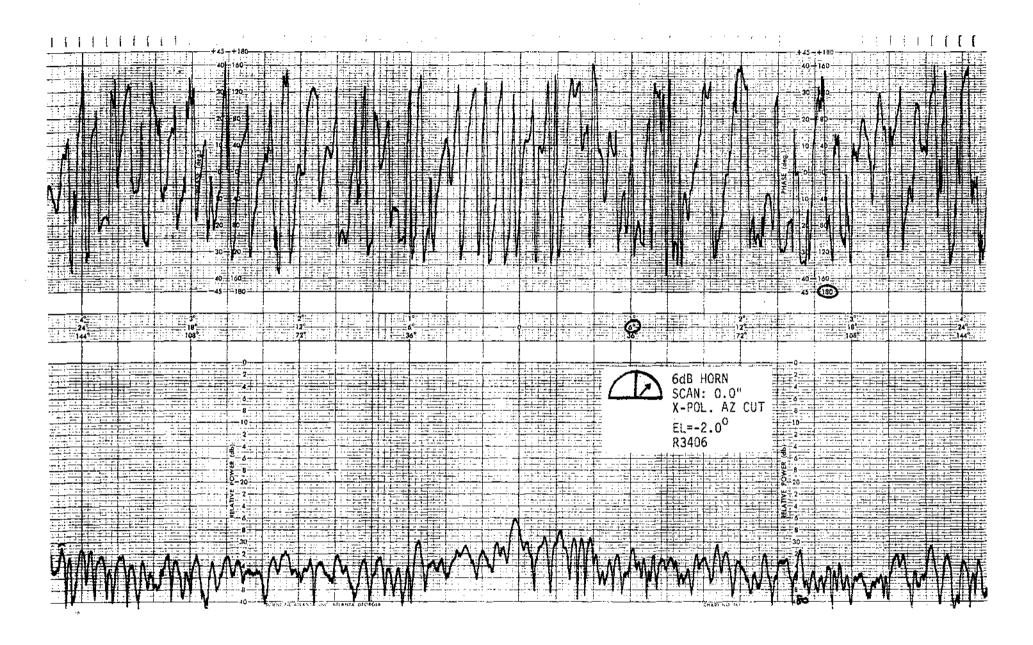


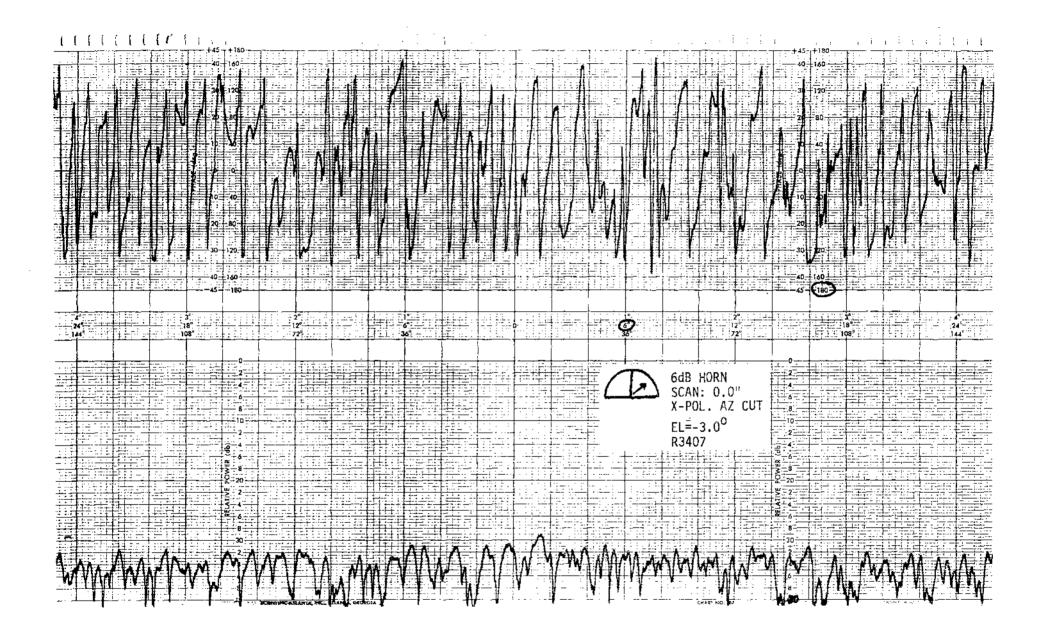


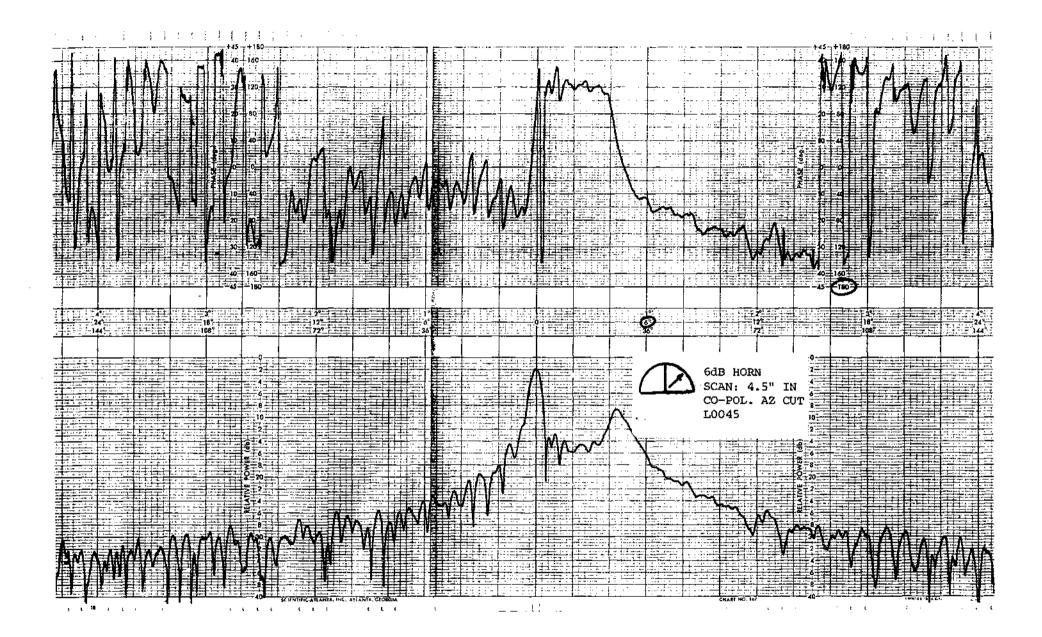


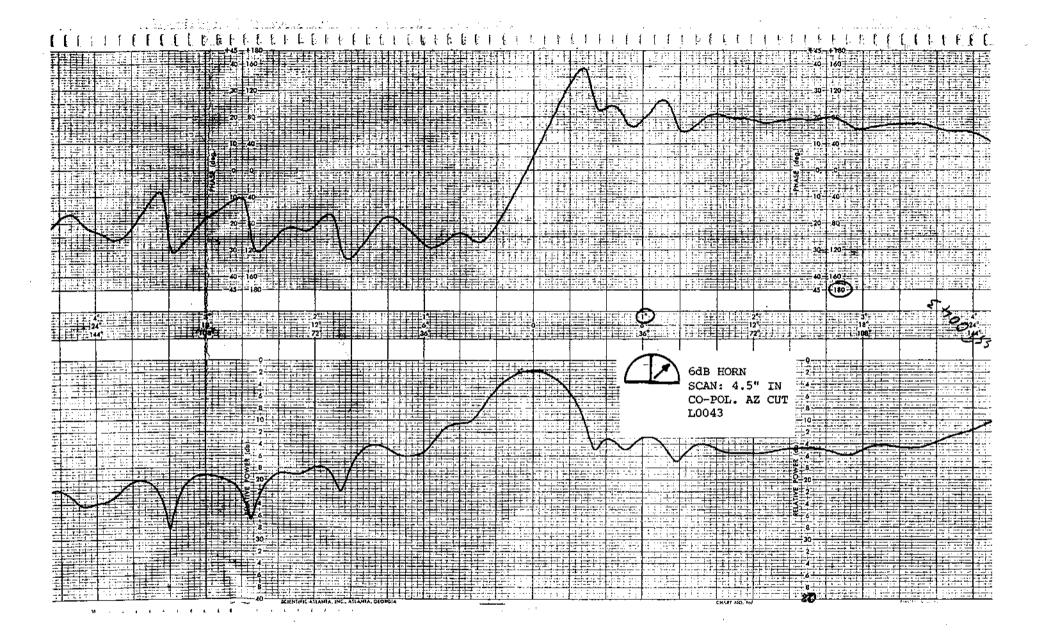


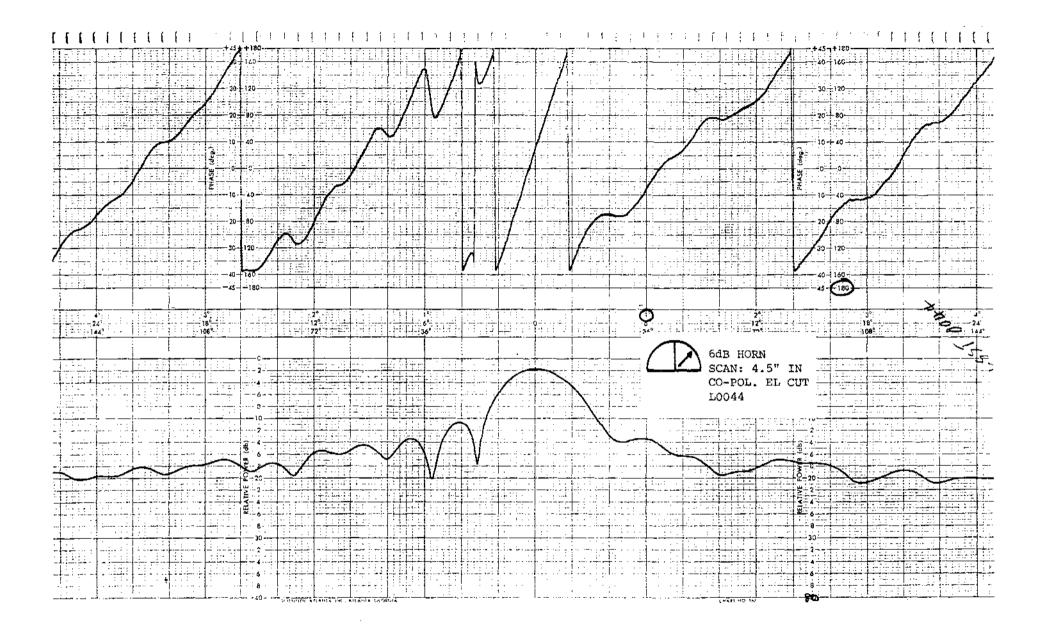


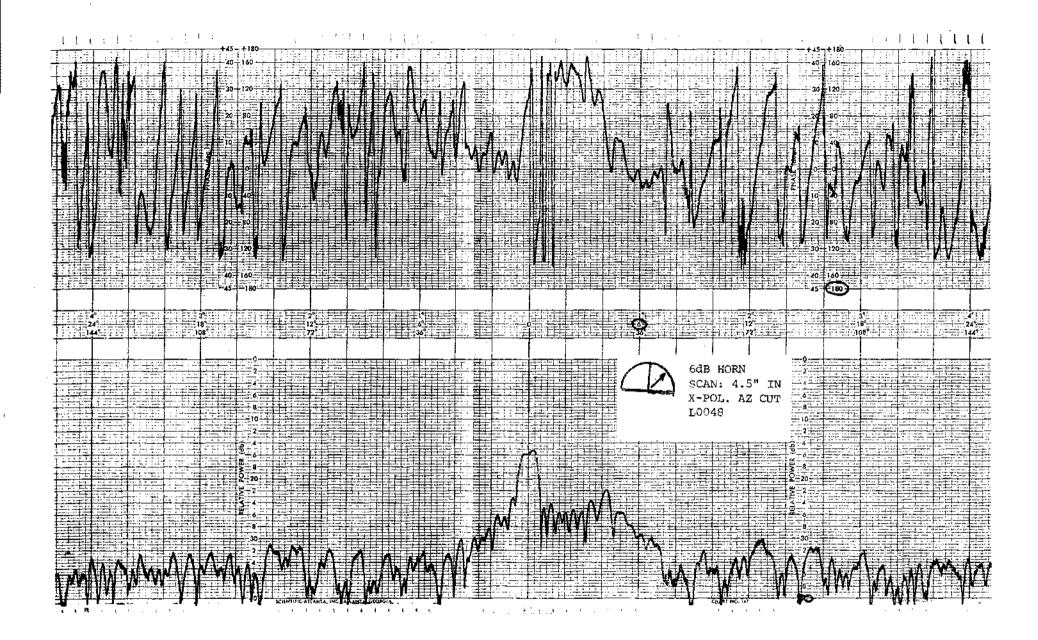


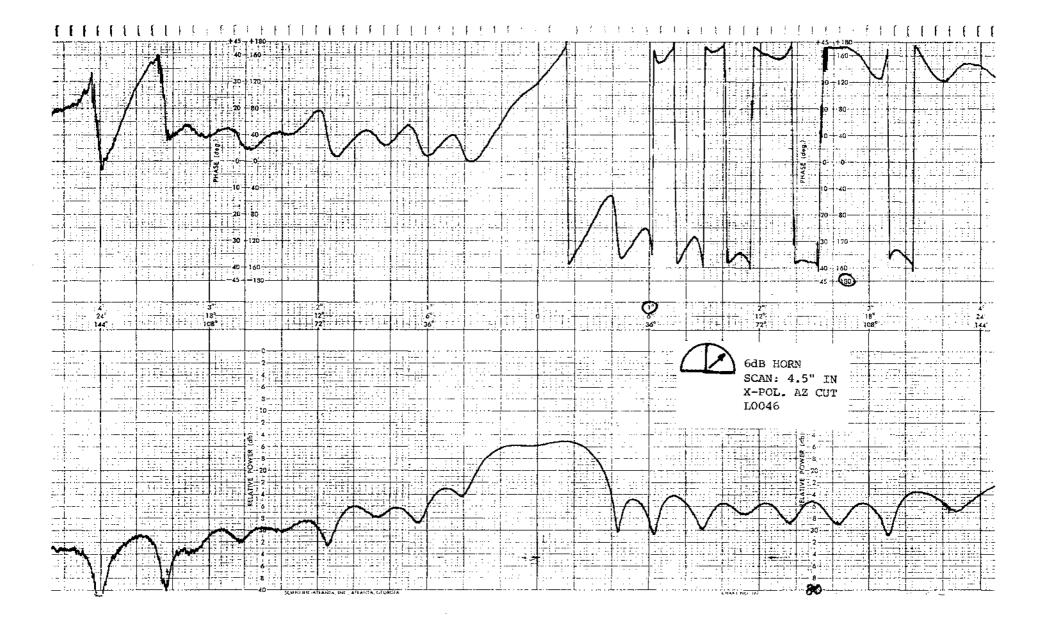


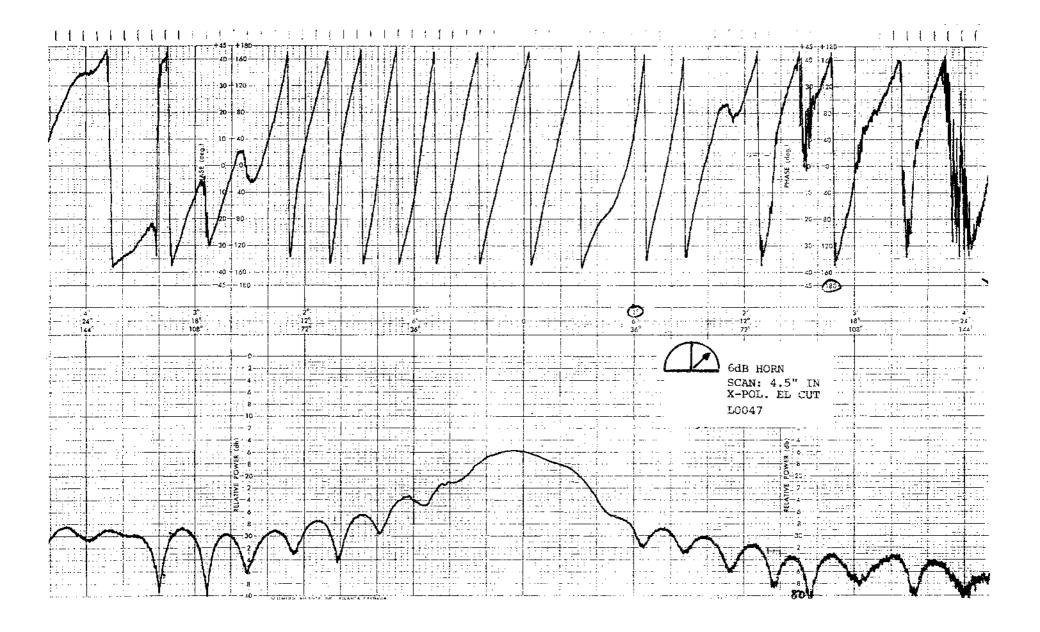


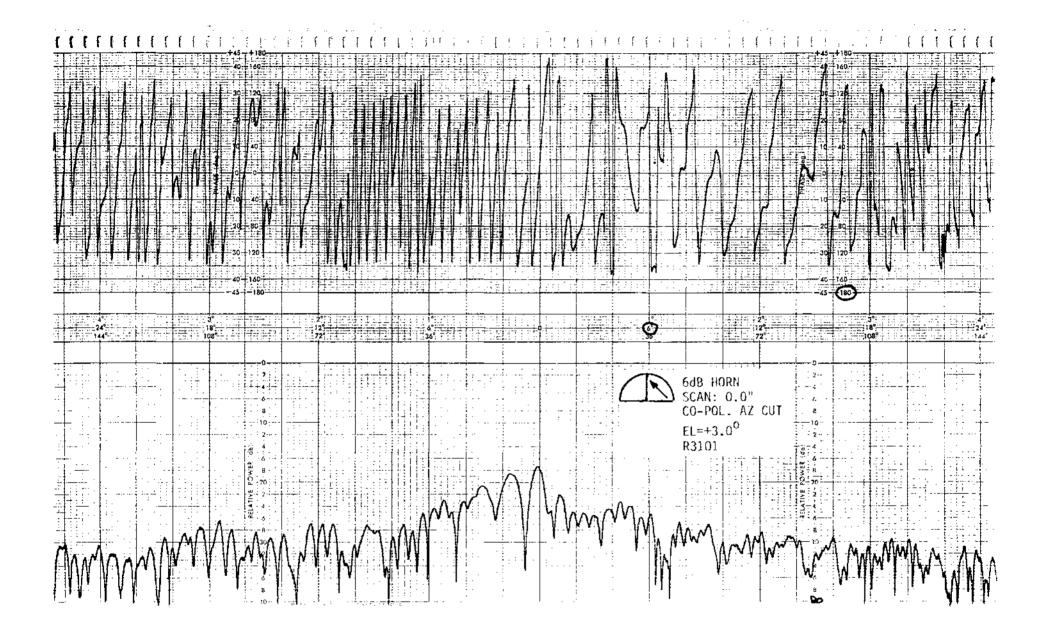


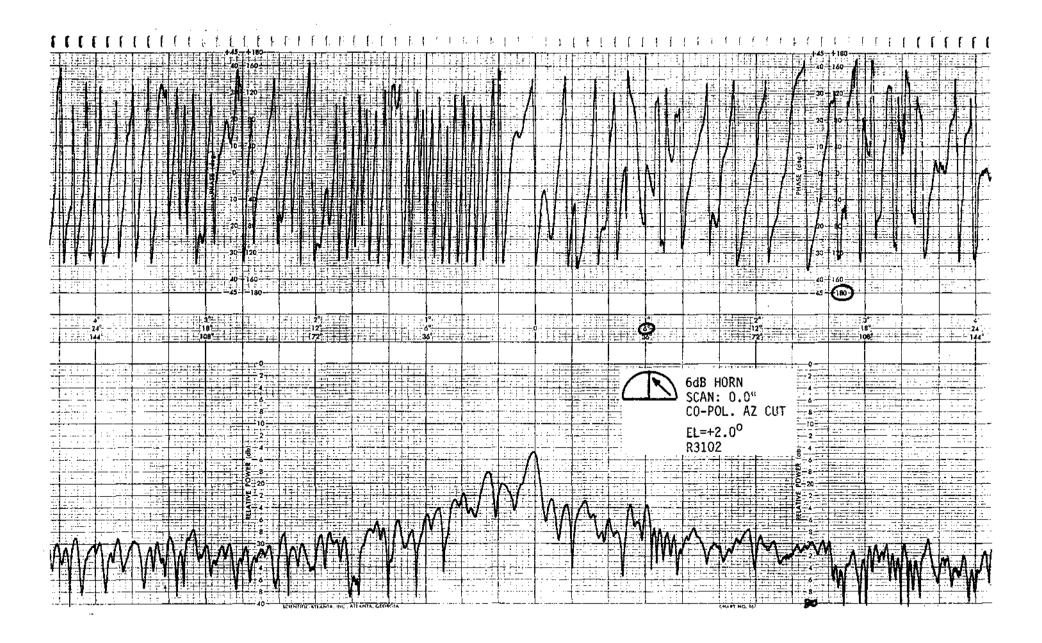


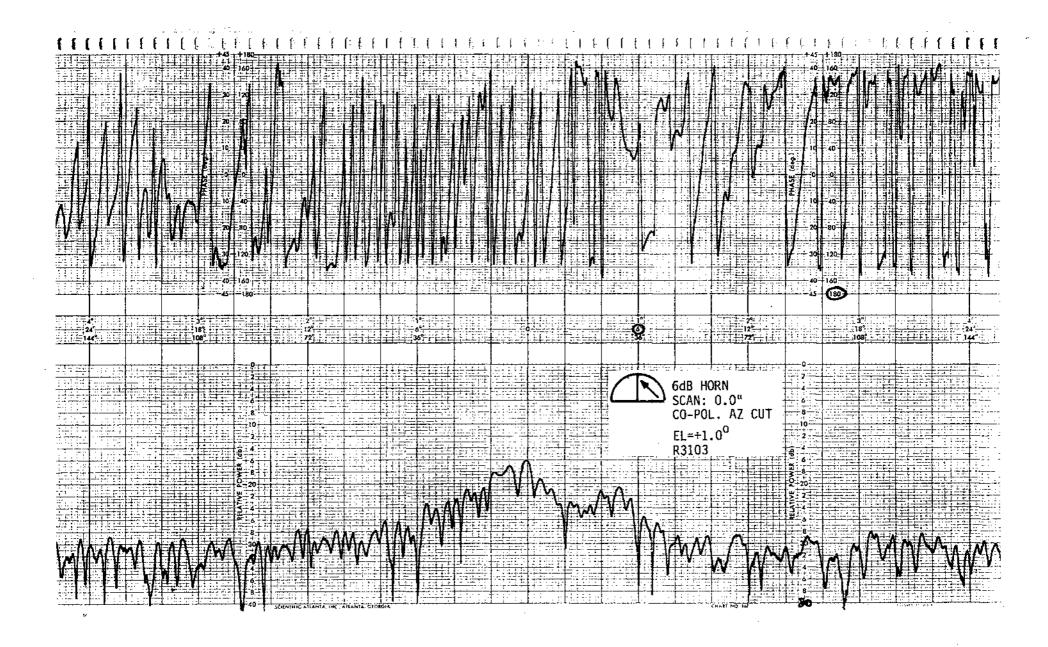


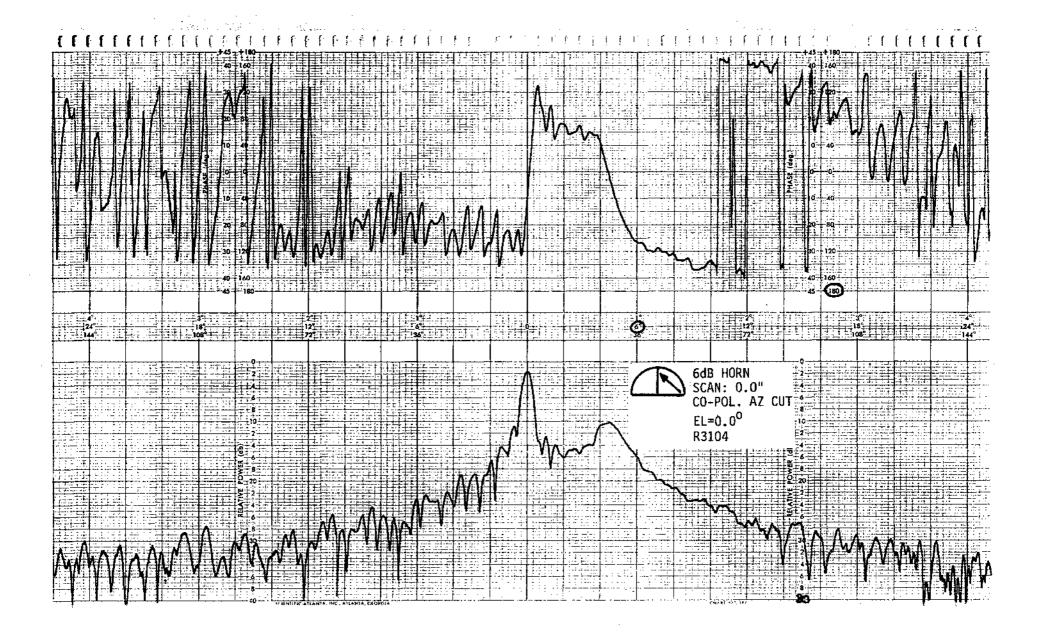


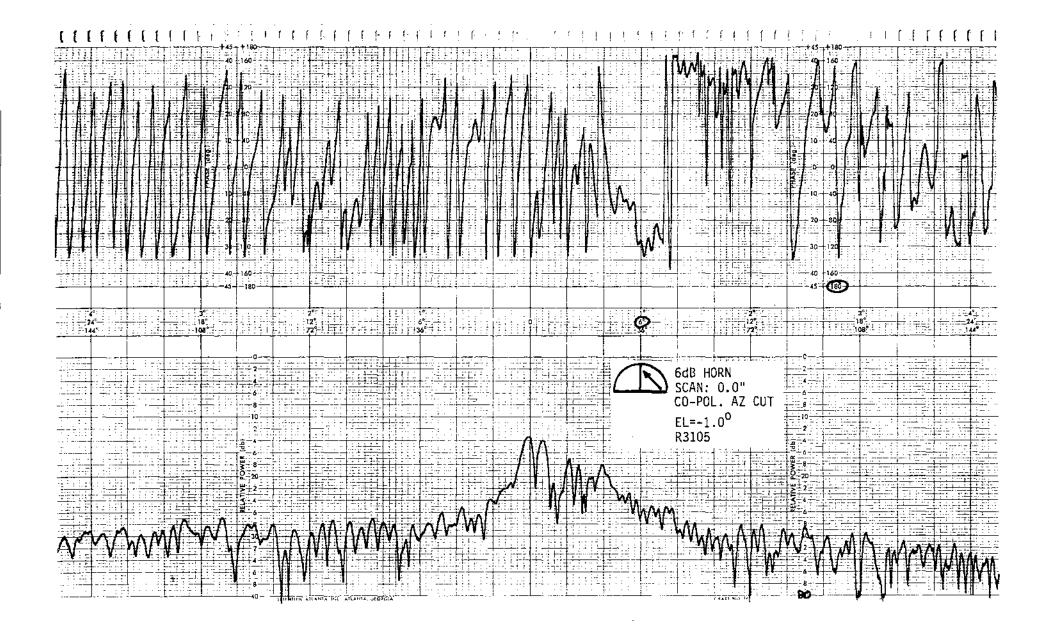


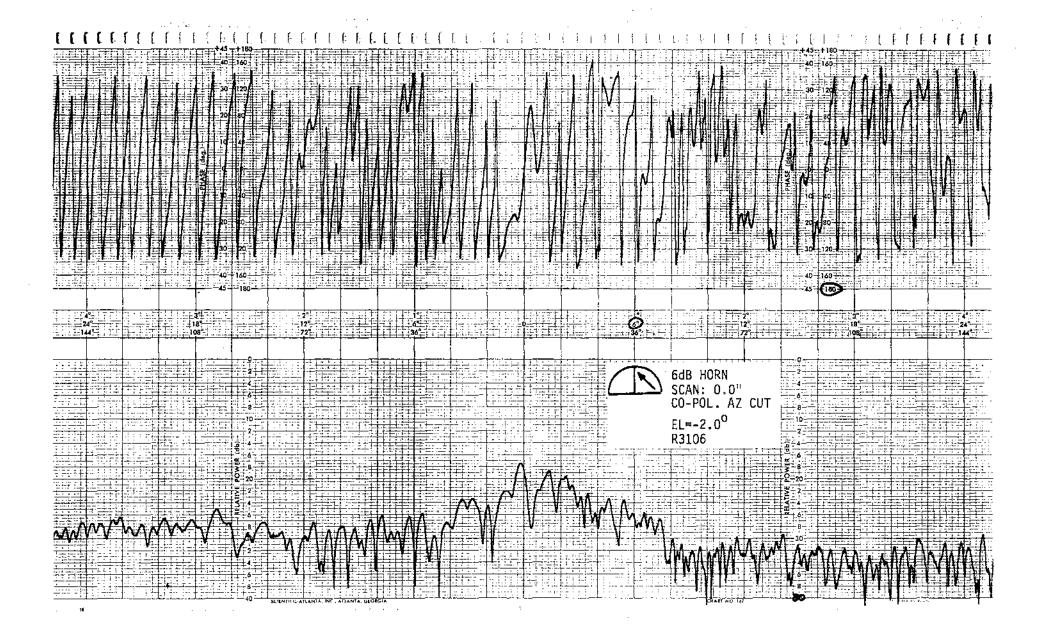


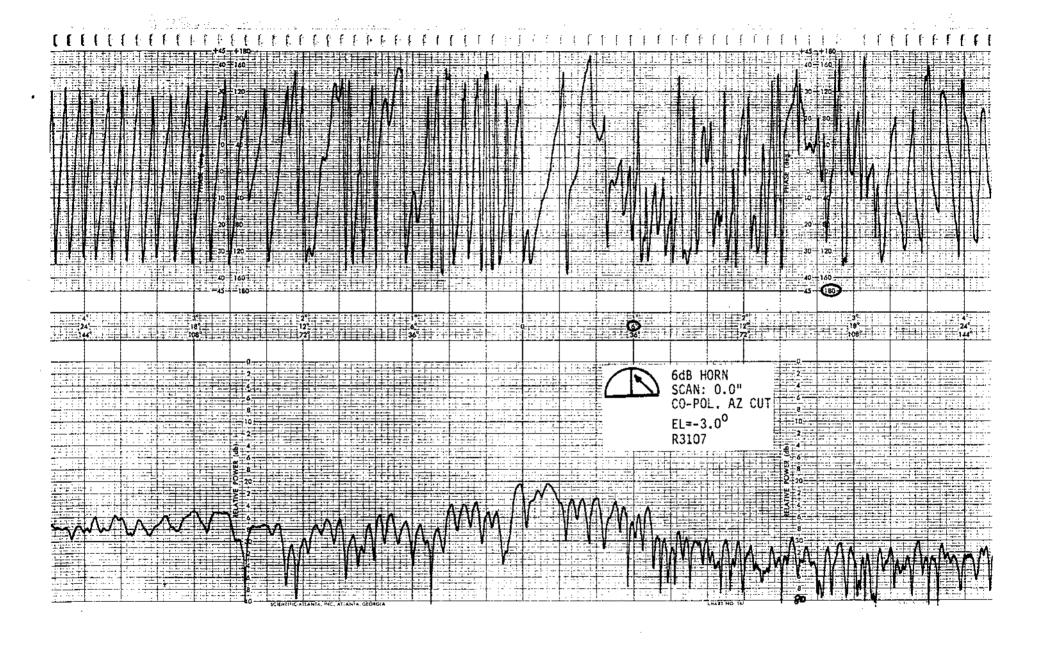


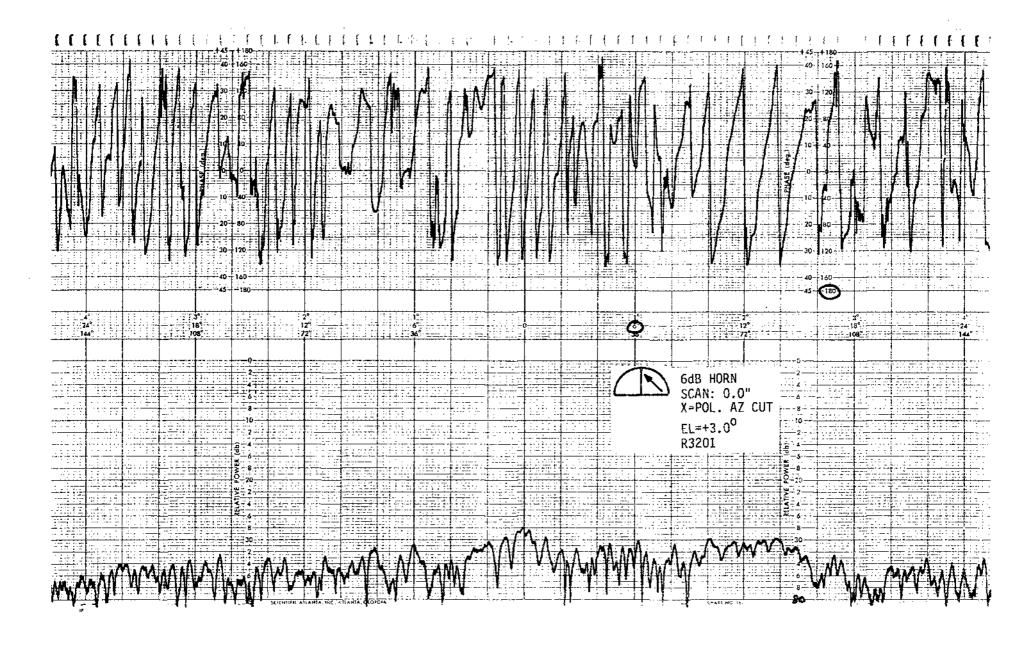


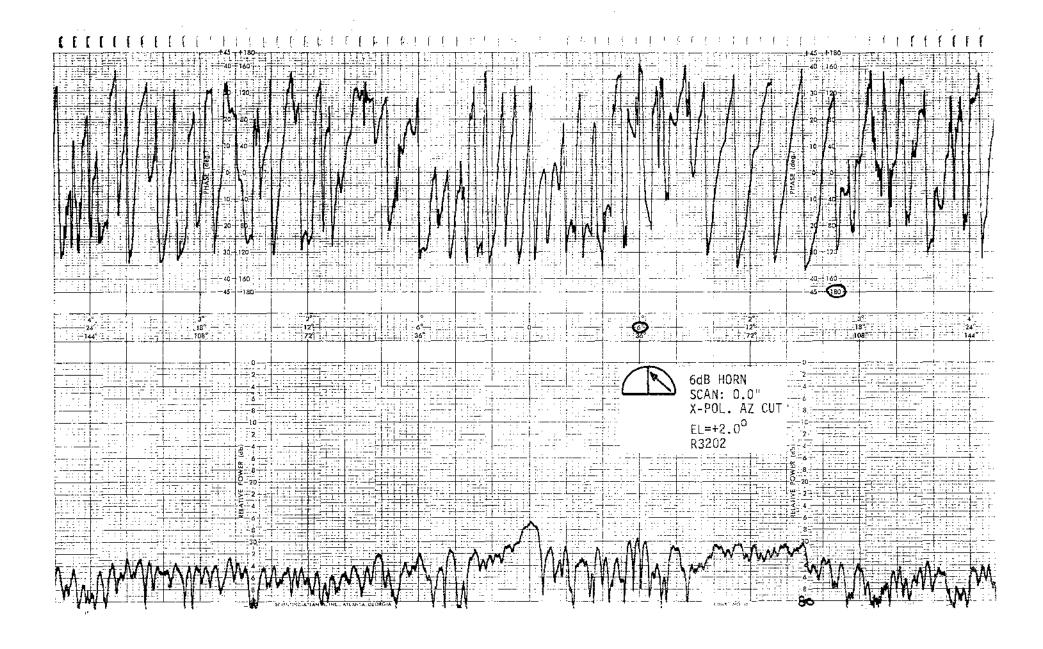


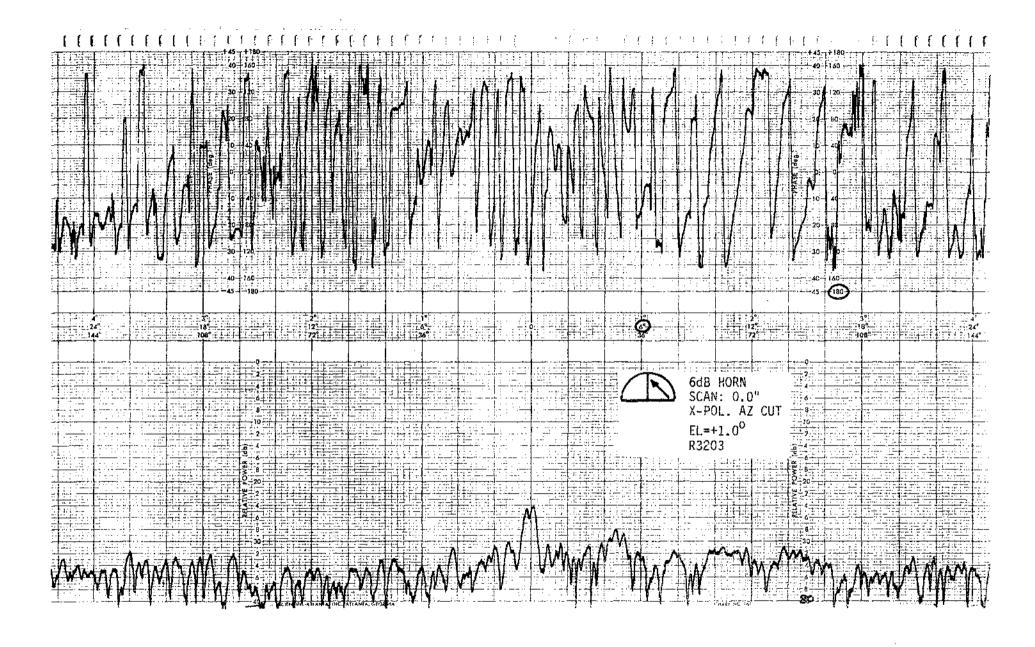


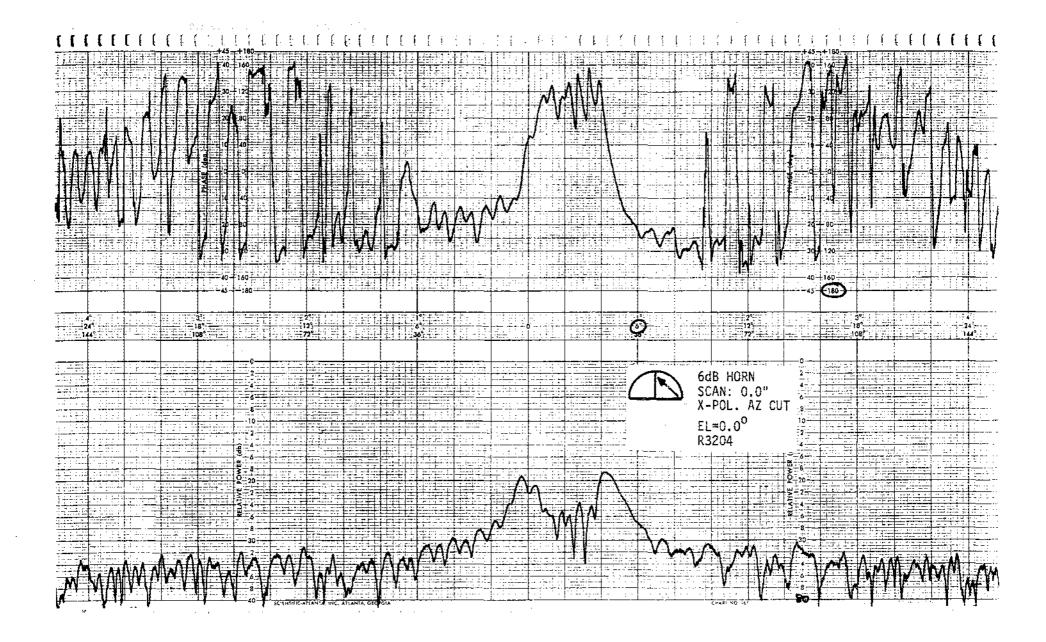


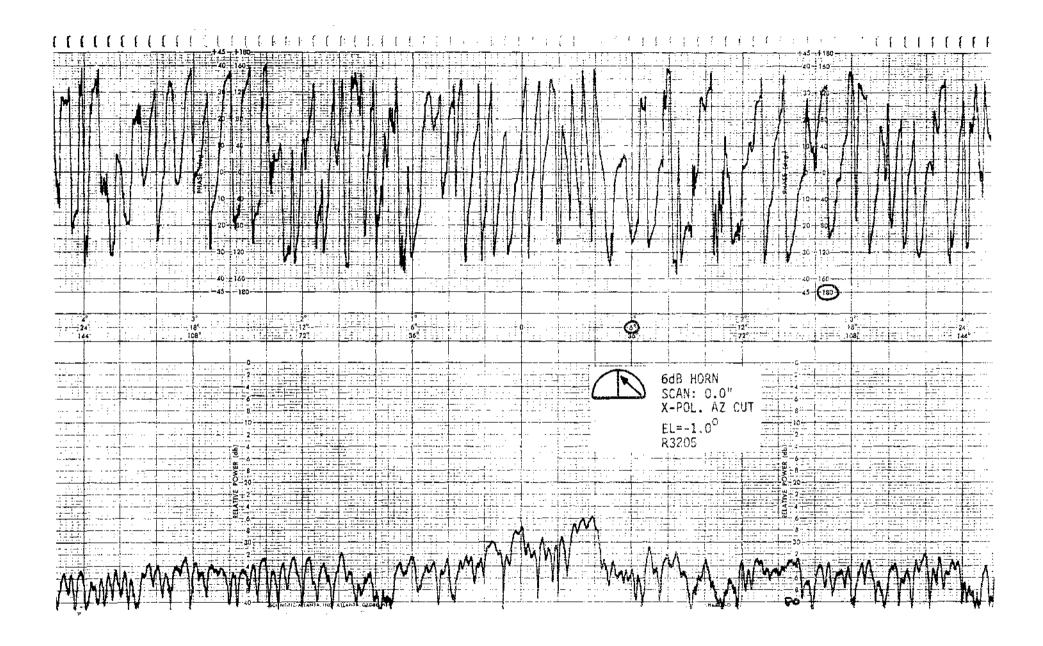


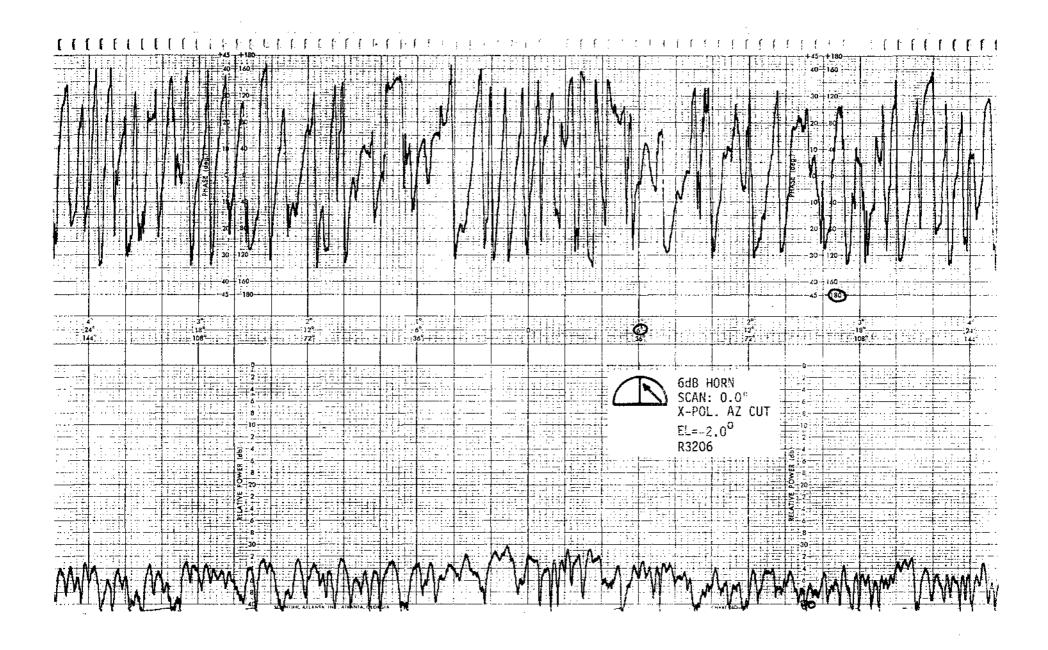


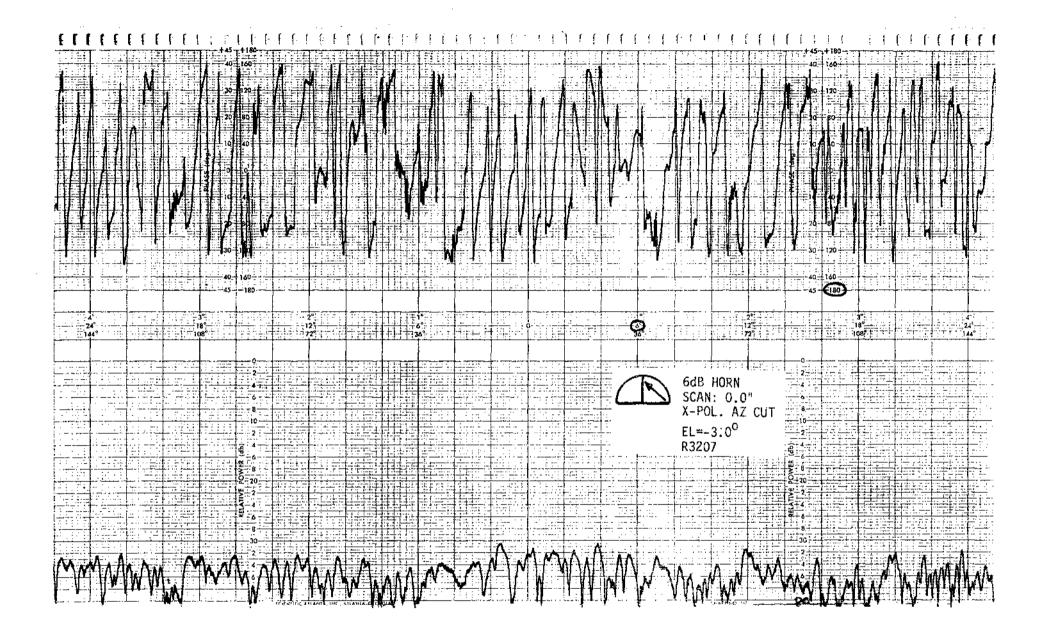






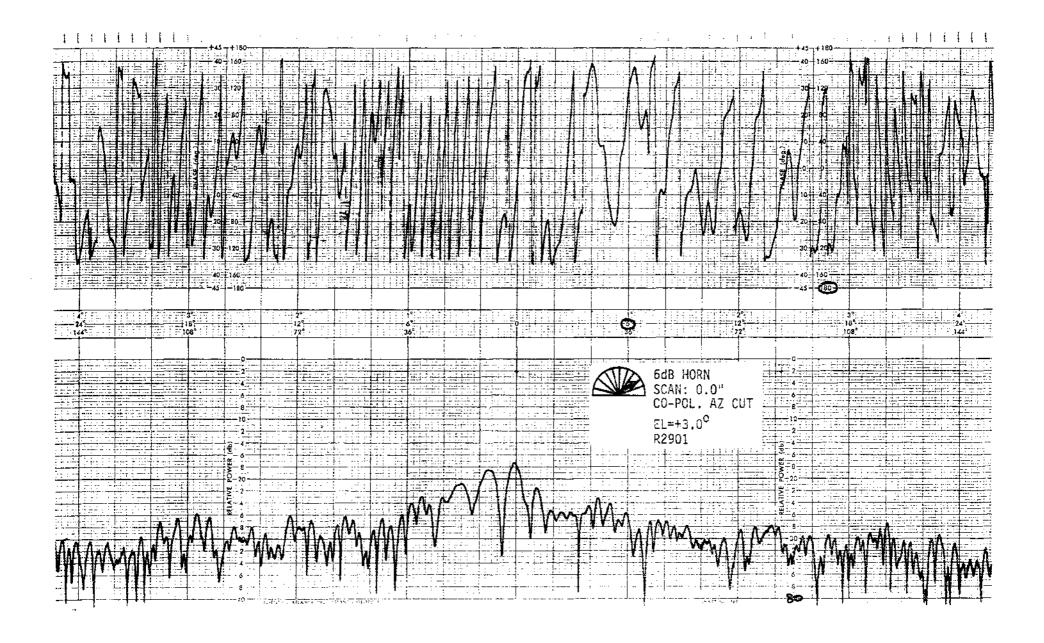


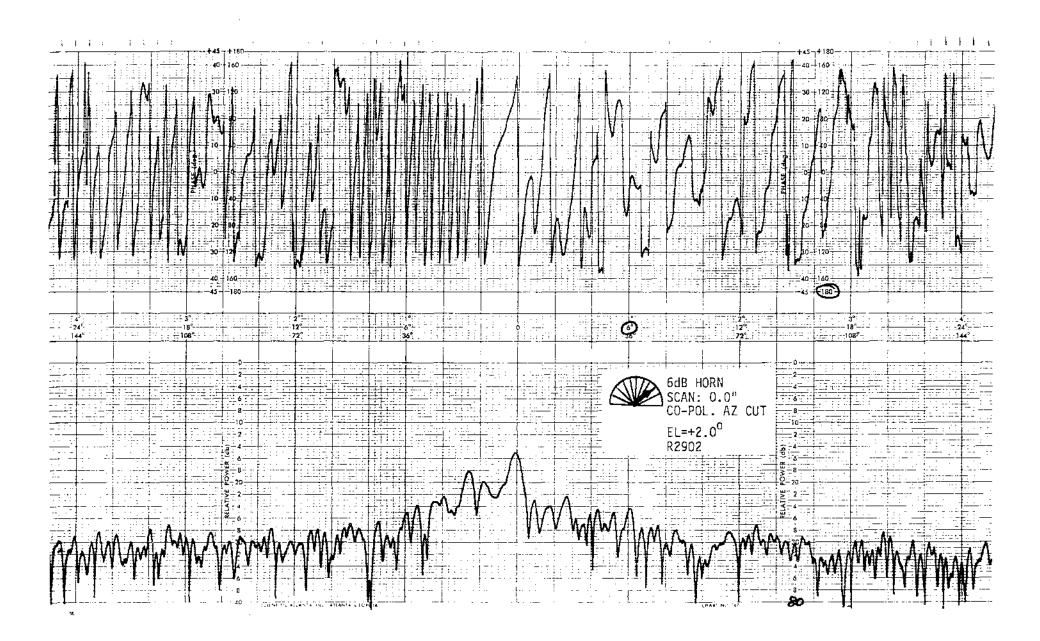


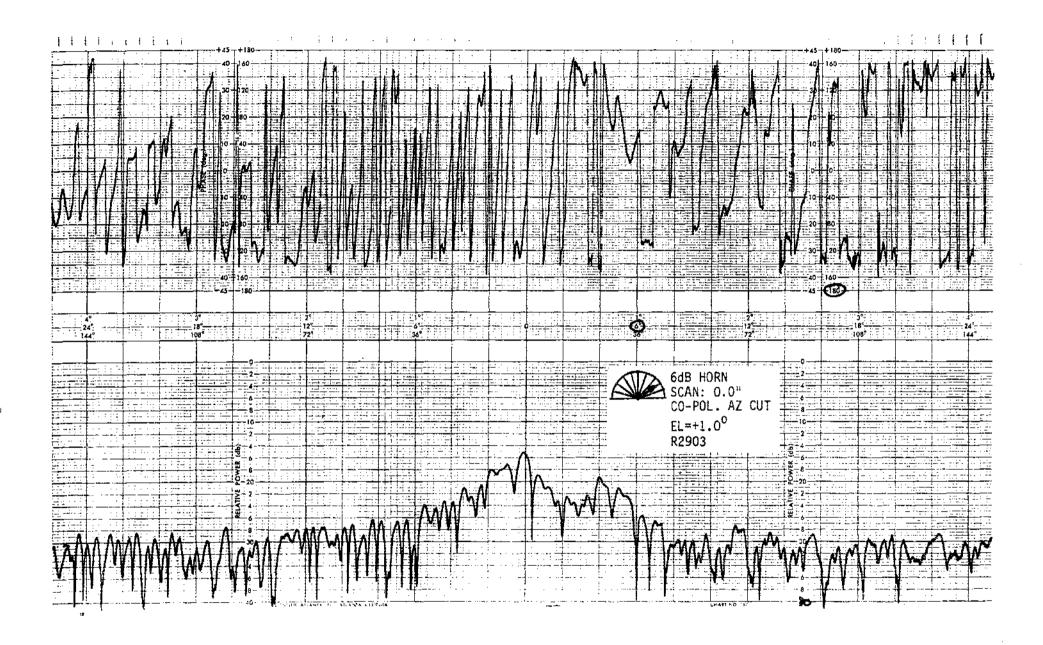


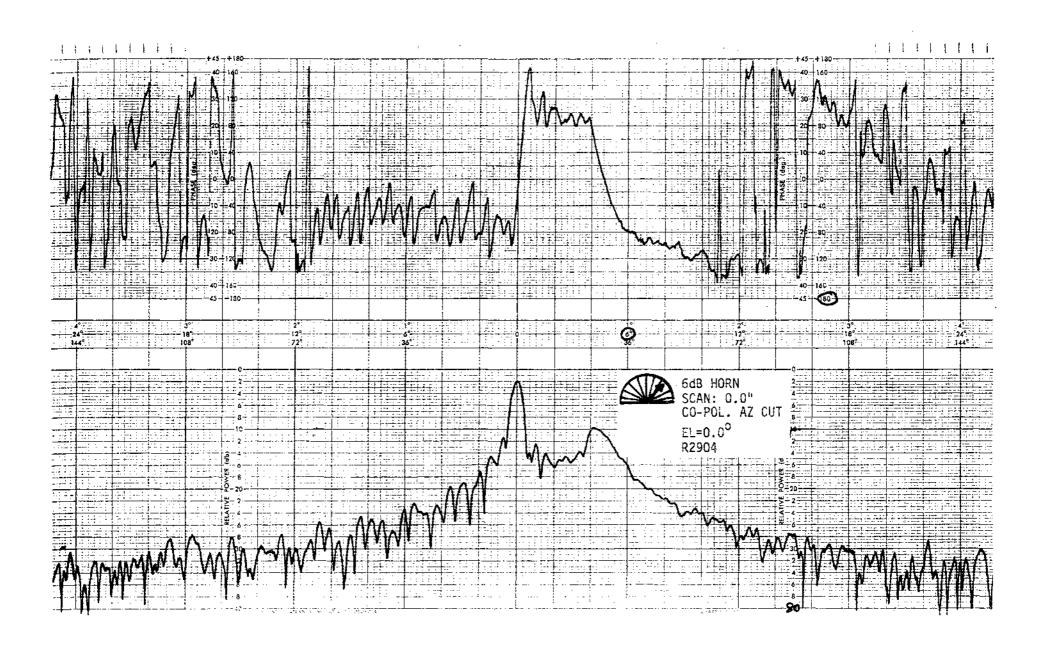
<u>LSST - VI</u>

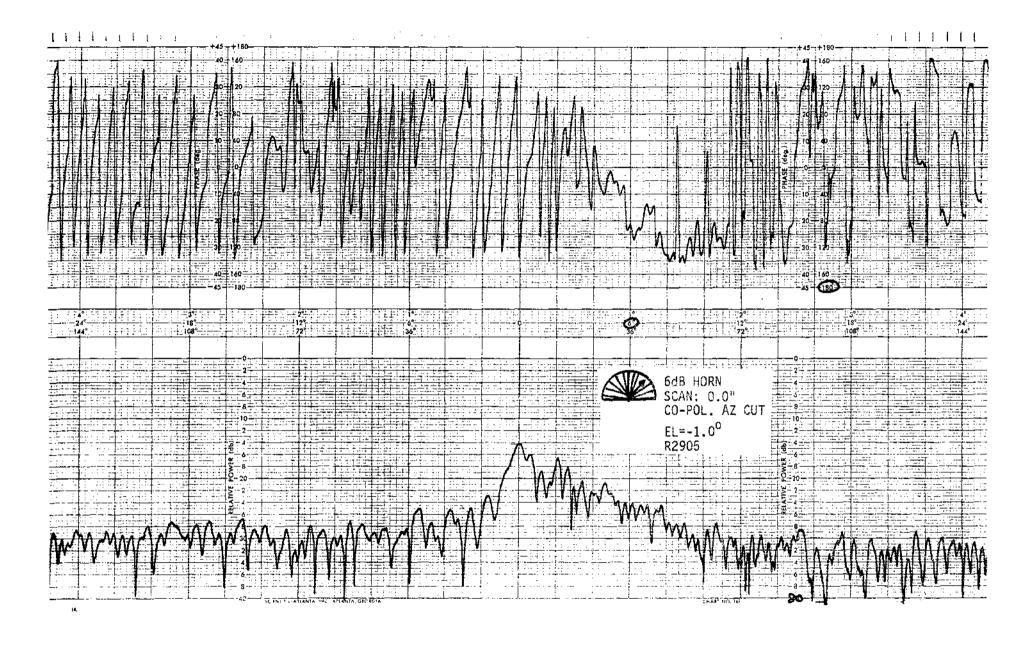
	SECONDARY PATTERN LOG						
CONFIGURATION	HORN	SCAN	POL.	PK. GAIN	PATTERN	FILE NAME	PAGE NUMBER
	6 dB	0.0"	со	_	+3°EL <u>+</u> 45°AZ	R2901	186
		"	ř1	_	+2°EL "	R2902	187
	ŧŧ	***	IT	No. of	+1°EL "	R2903	188
	U	11	11	50.80	O°EL "	R2904	189
	11	"	"	_	-1°EL "	R2905	190
	τŧ	11	11		-2°EL "	R2906	191
	11	11	11	-	−3°EL "	R2907	192
	6 dB	0.0"	X	-	$+3^{\circ}$ EL $\pm 45^{\circ}$ AZ	R3001	193
	11	11	11		+2°EL "	R3002	194
	Ħ	11	11	***	+1°EL "	R3003	195
	11	11	11	_	O ^O EL "	R3004	196
	11	tı	11	- -	-1°EL "	R3005	197
		11	11	-	-2°EL "	R3006	198
*	Ħ	11	*11	-	-3°EL "	R3007	199
	6 dB	0.0"	CO	<u>-</u>	$+3^{\circ}$ EL $\pm 45^{\circ}$ AZ	R2701	200
	71	11	Ħ	_	+2°EL "	R2702	201
	71	11	11	-	+l ^o EL "	R2703	202
	11	11	11	50.65	O°EL "	R2704	203
	"		, 11	-	-1°EL "	R2705	204
	11	11	T\$	_	-2°EL "	R2706	205
	11	•	11	_	-3°EL "	R2707	206
	6 dB	0.0"	Х	_	+3°EL + 45°AZ	R2801	207
į		11		***	+2°EL "	R2802	208
İ	11	"	11	-	+1°EL "	R2803	209
ļ	***	Ħ	11	-	O°EL "	R2804	210
	11	"	11	<u></u> .	-1°EL "	R2805	211
1	11	••	11		-2°EL "	R2806	212
₹	łτ	Ħ	11	· 	-3°EL "	R2807	213

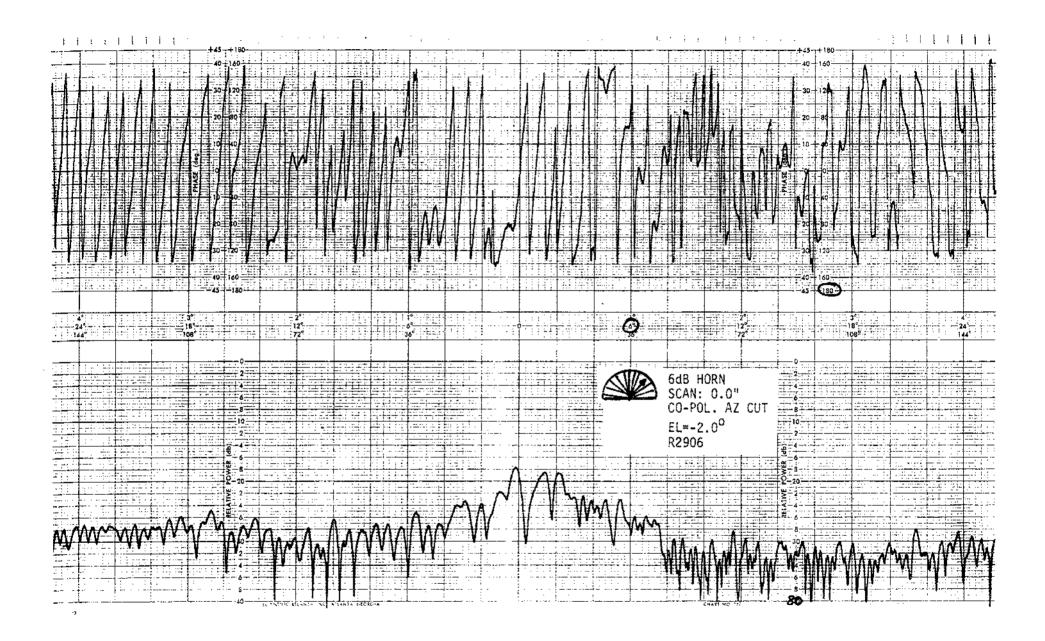


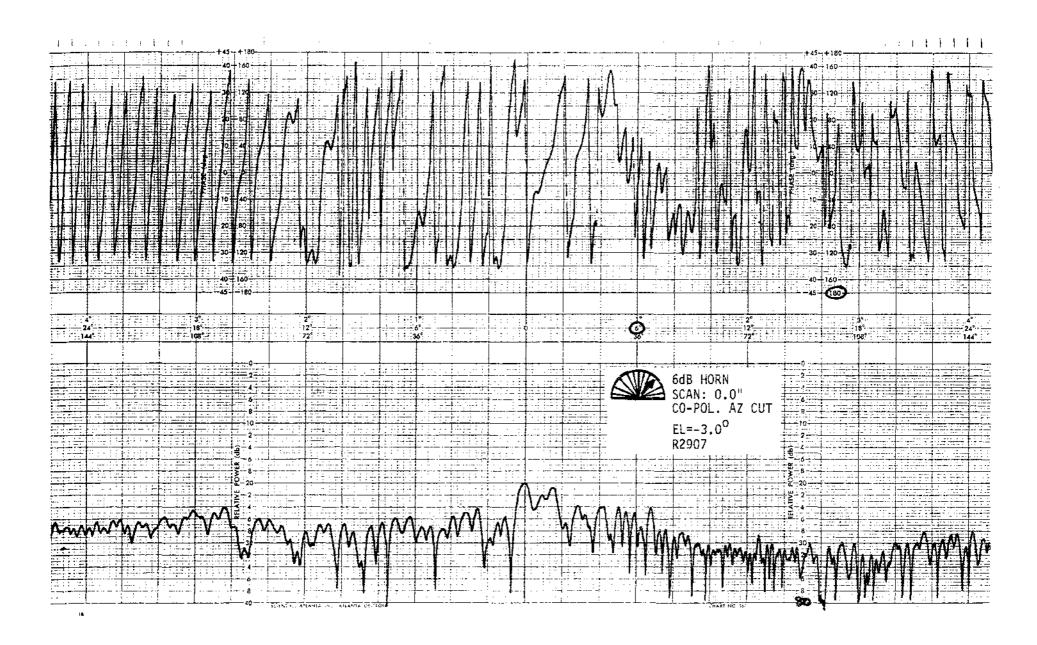


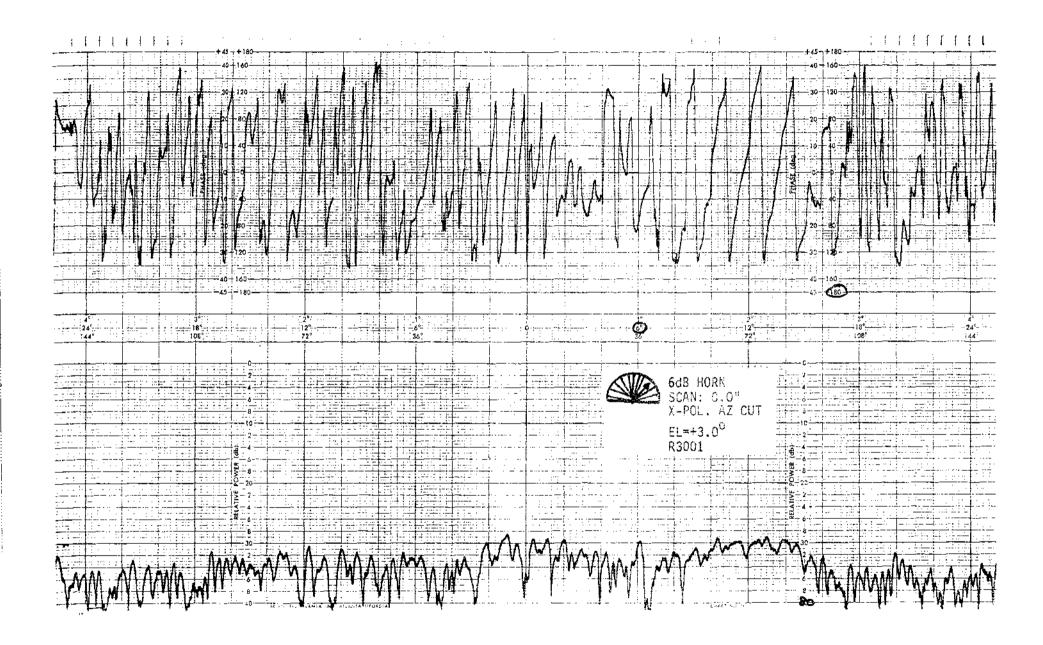


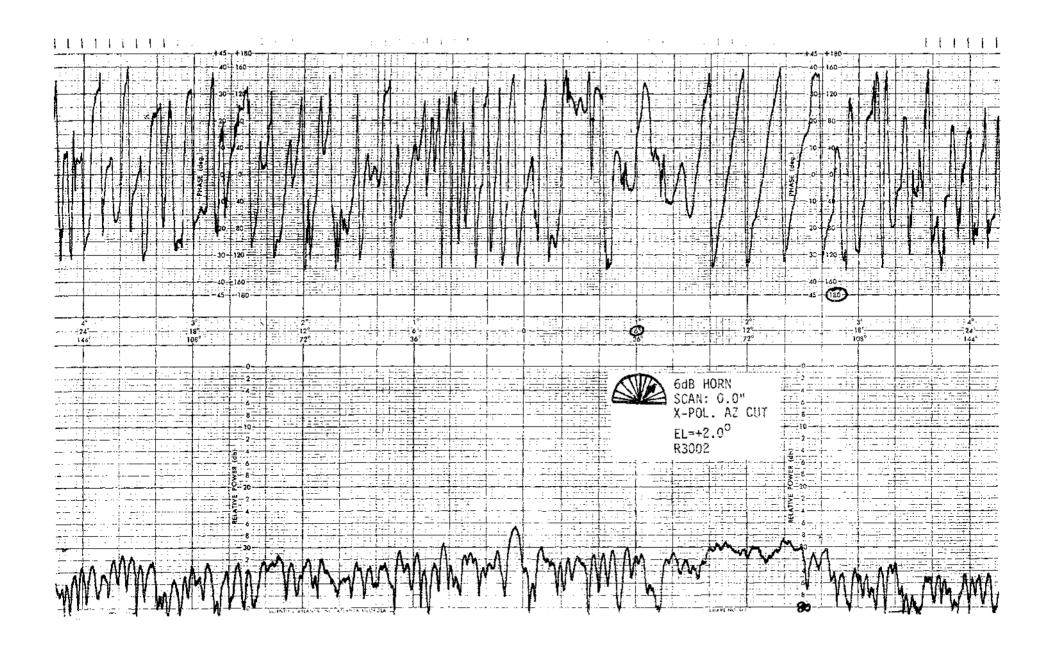


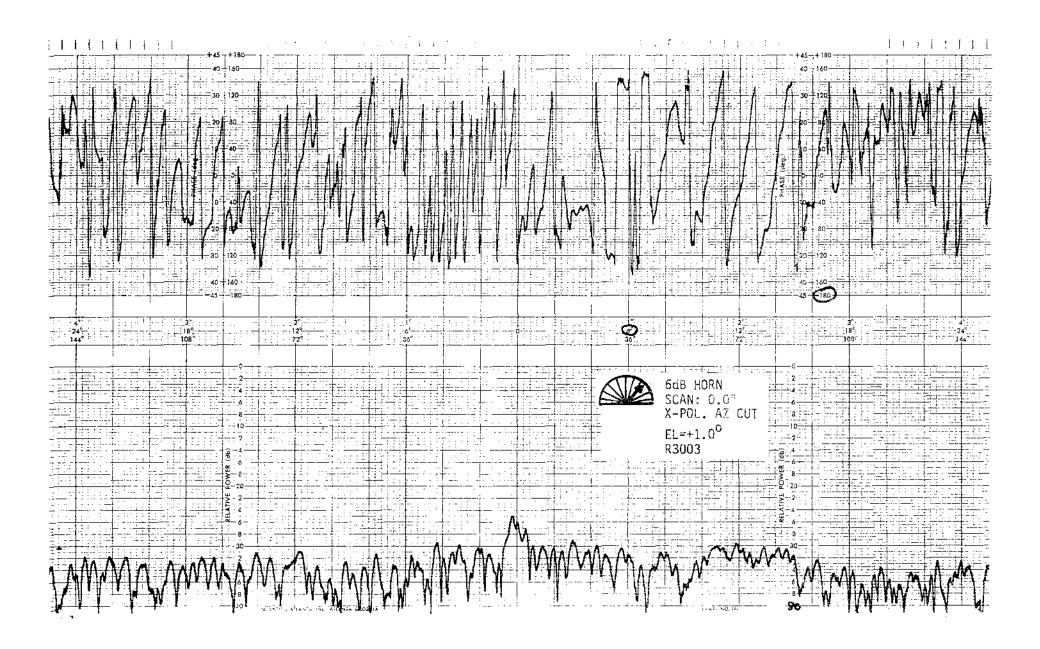


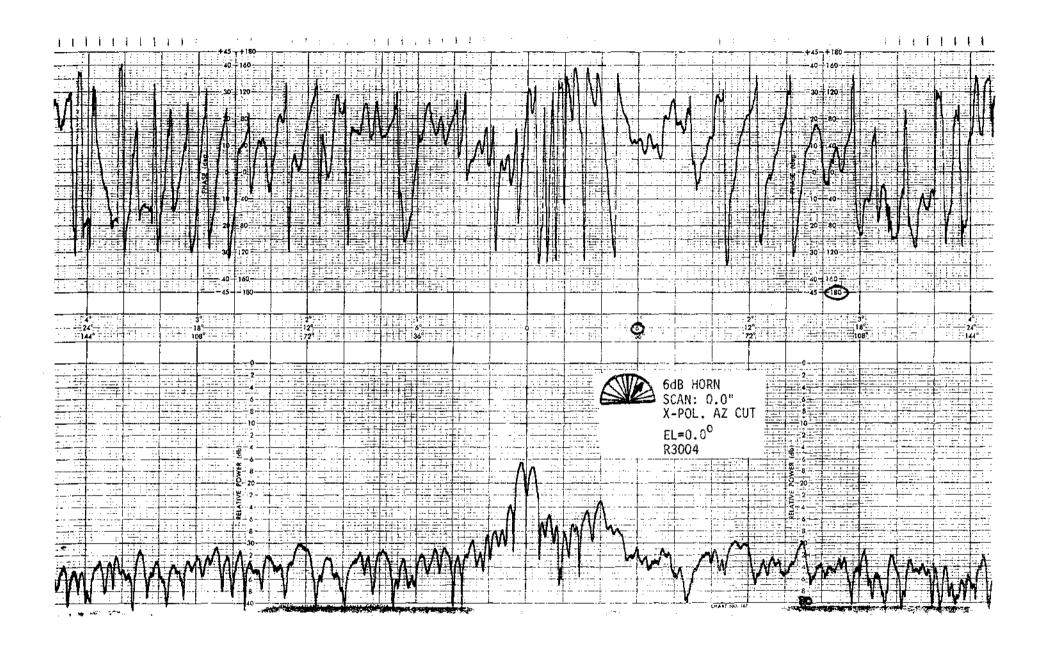


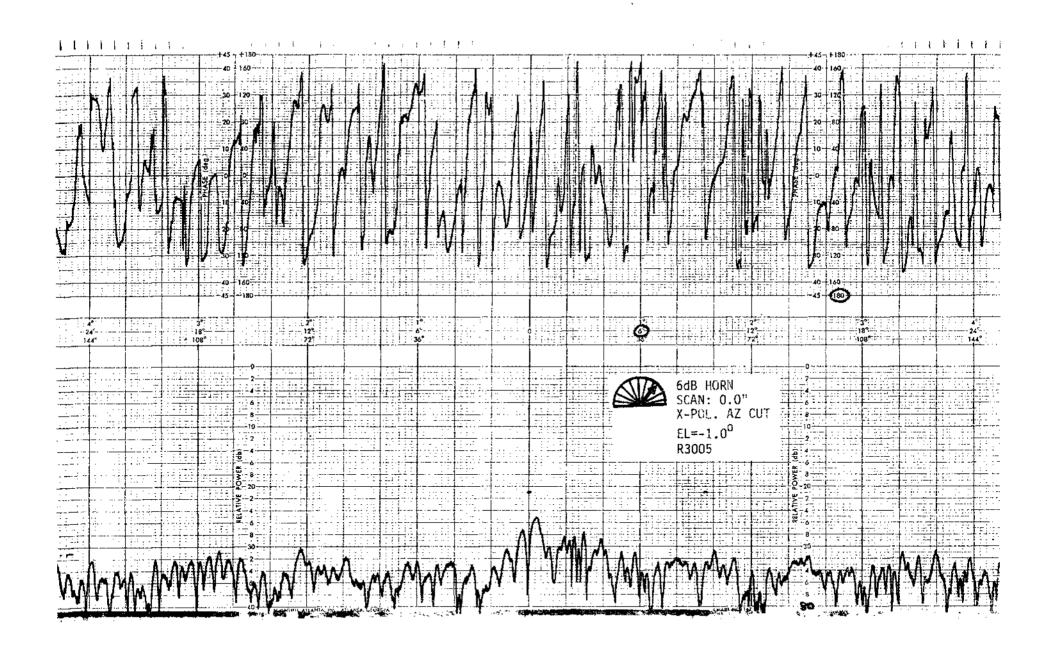


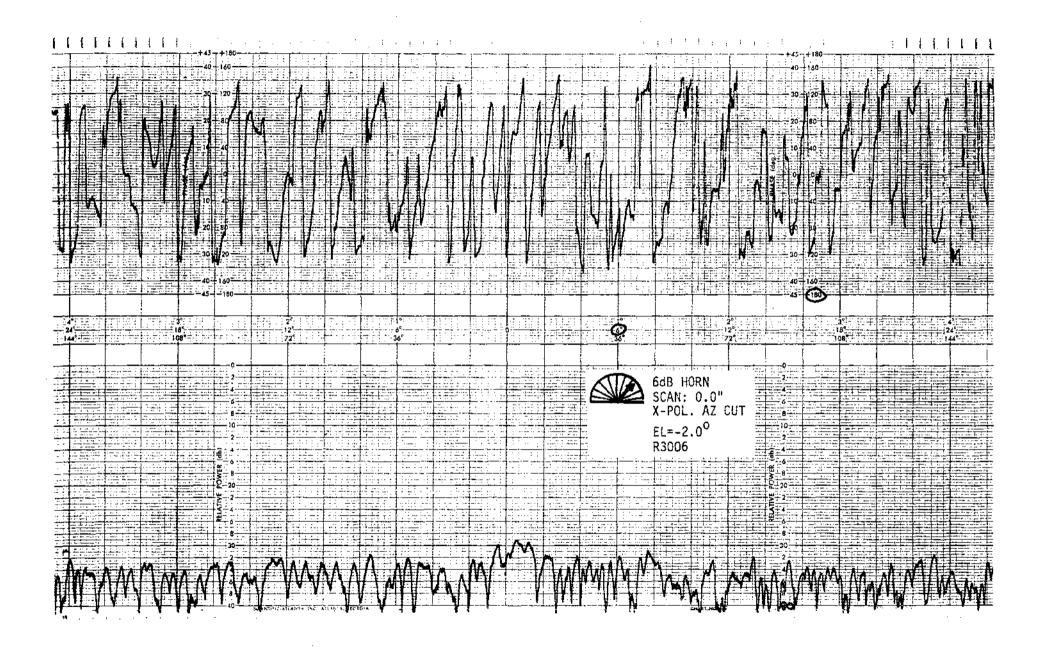


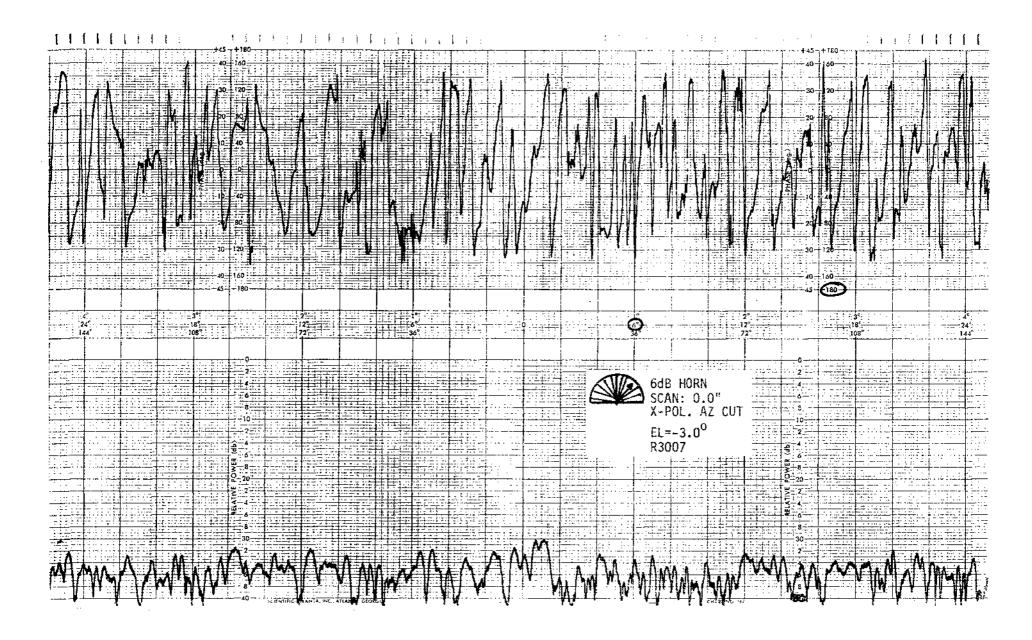


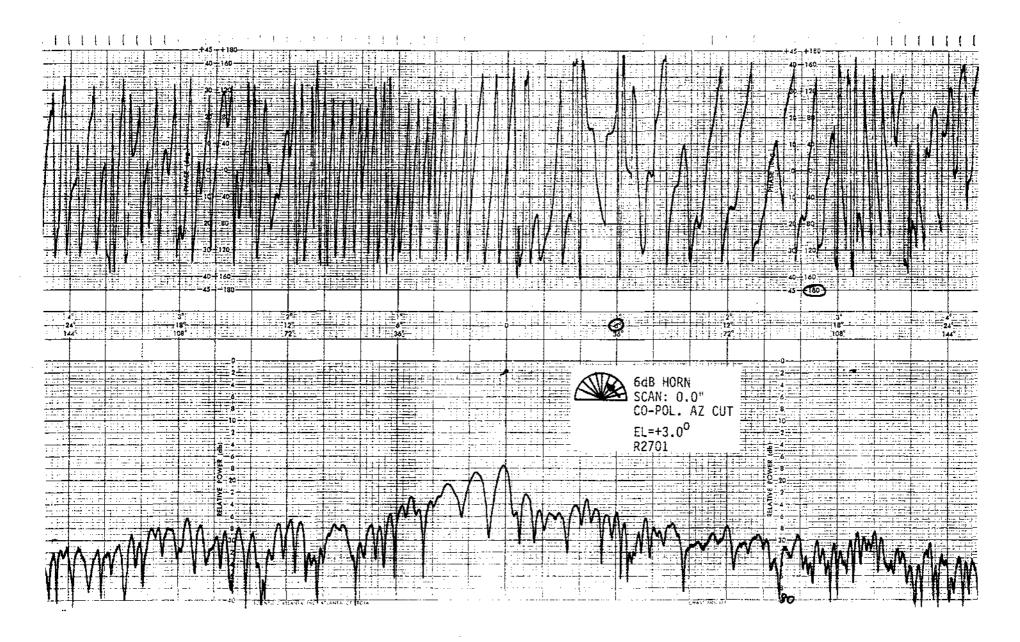


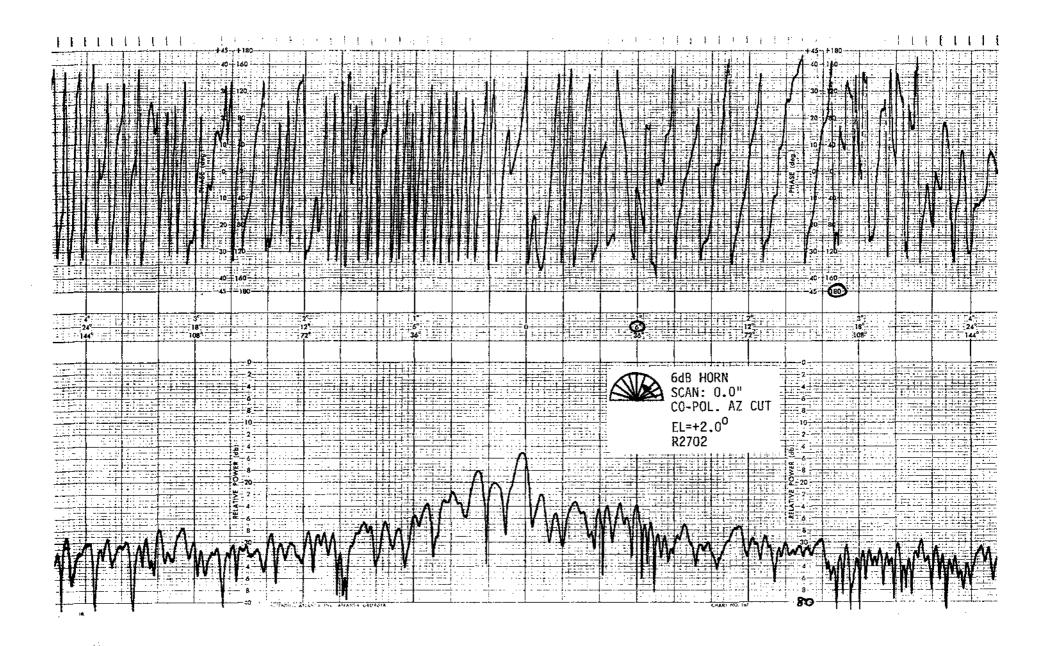


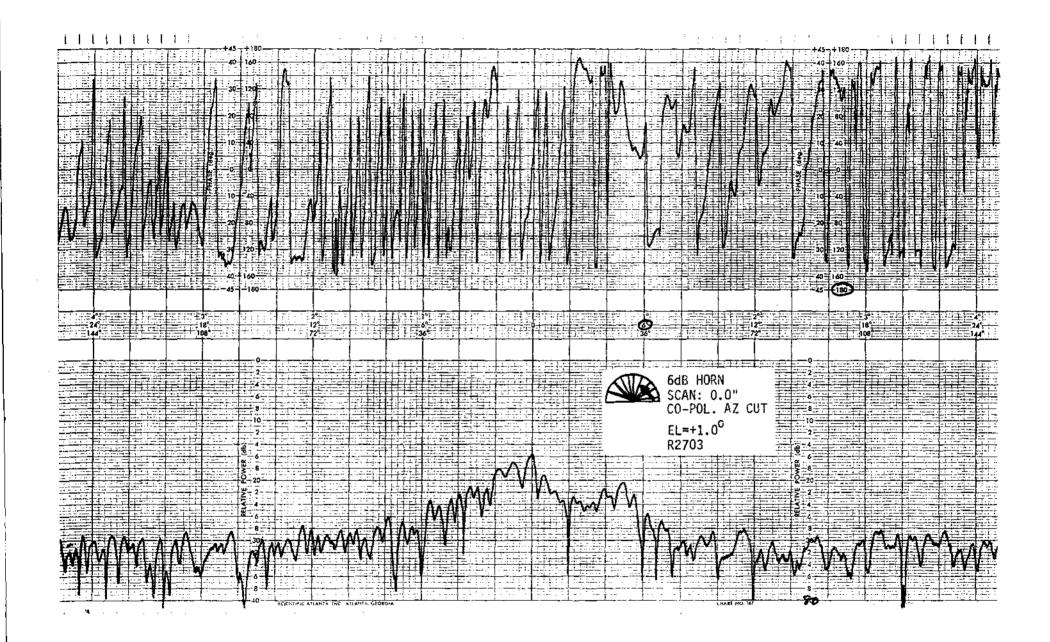


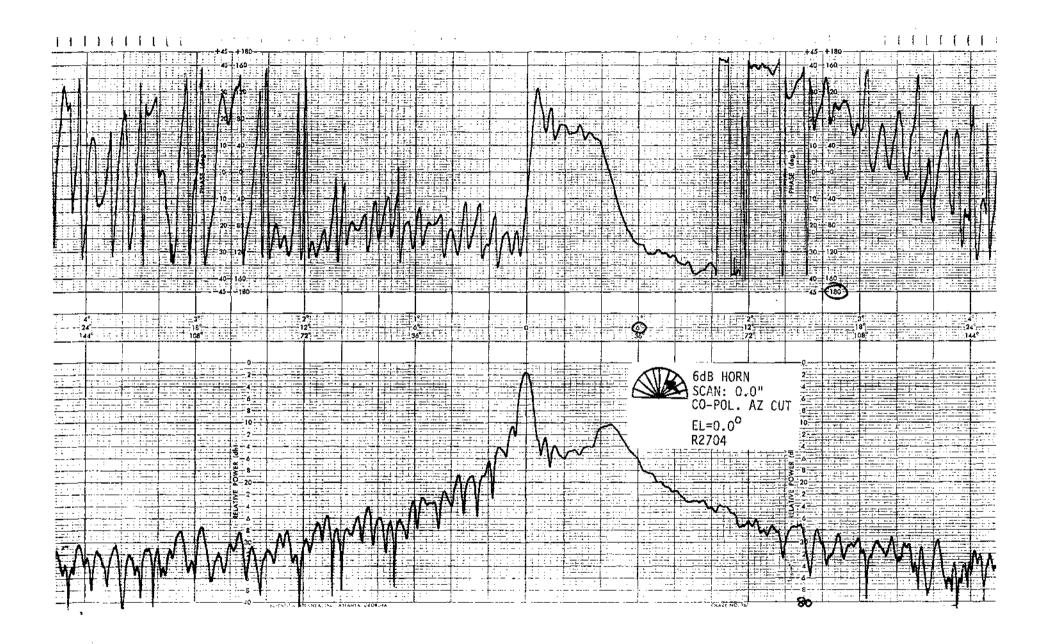


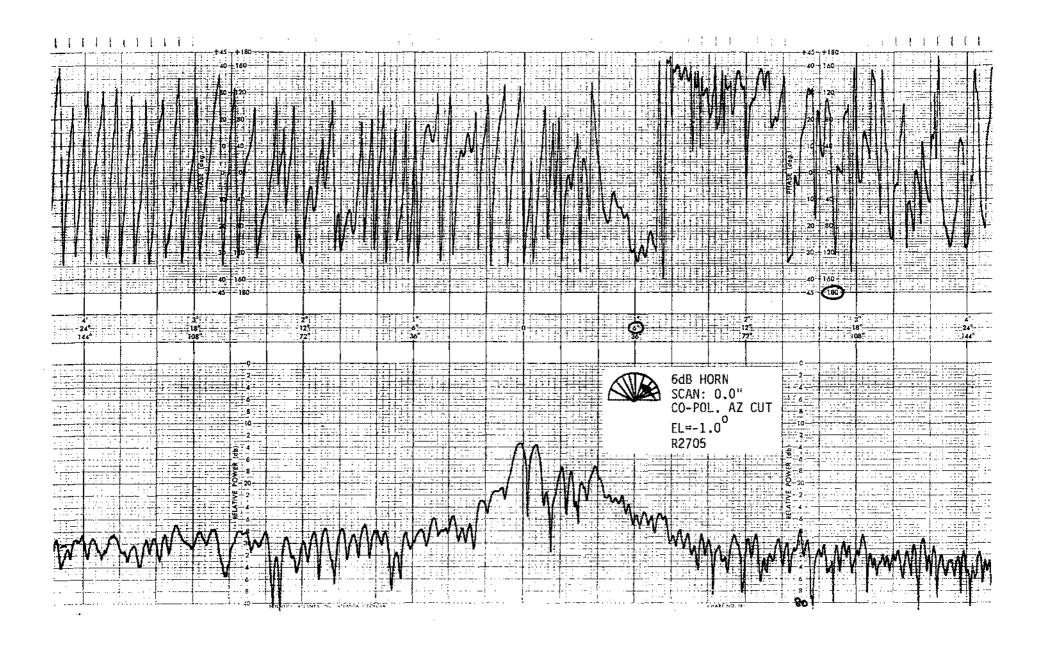


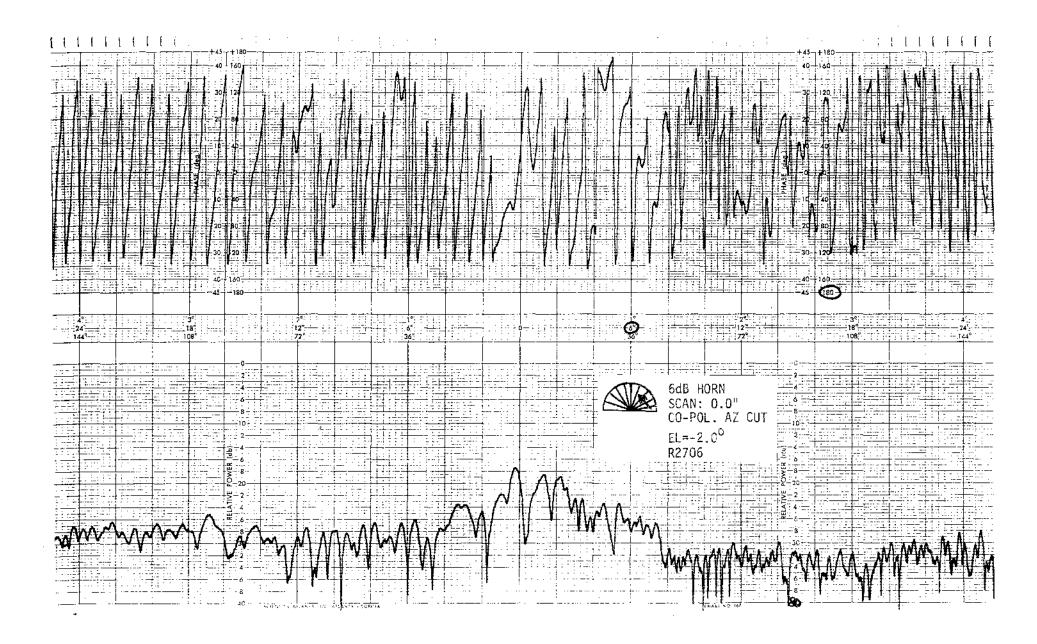


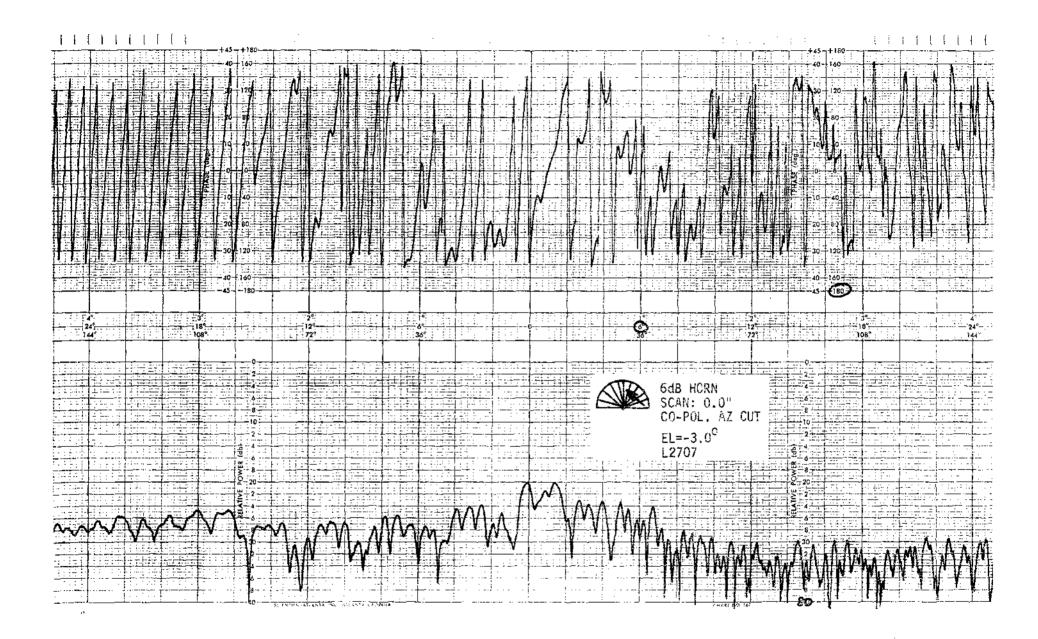


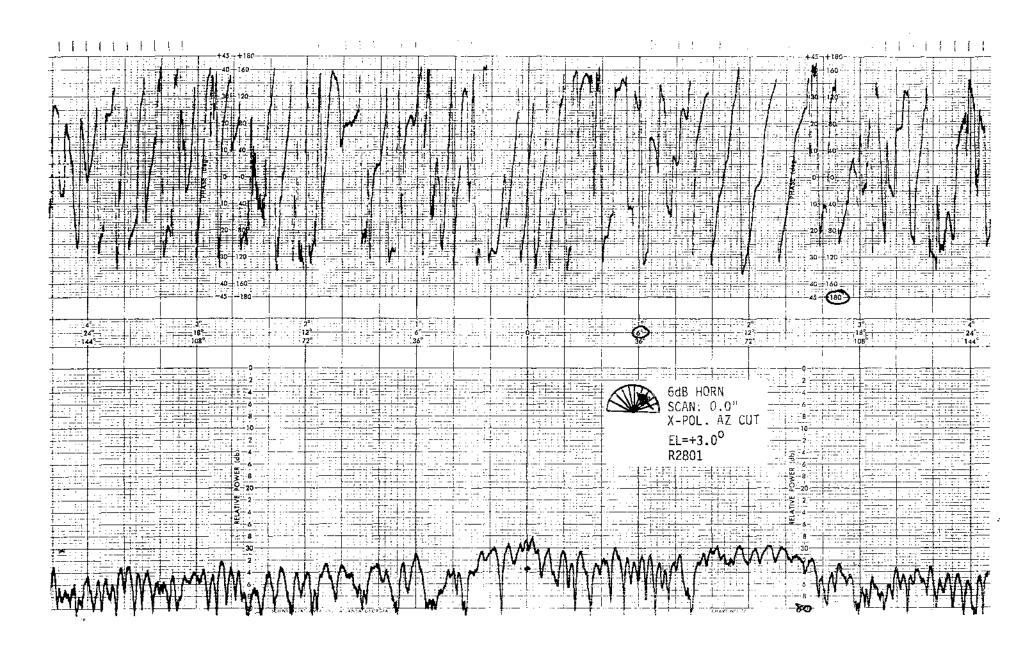


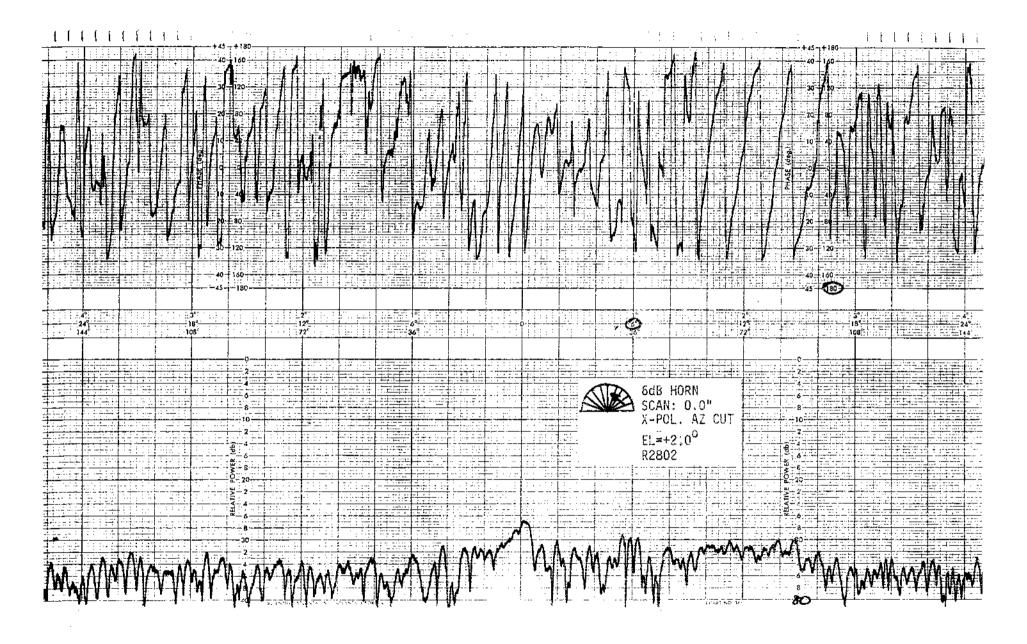


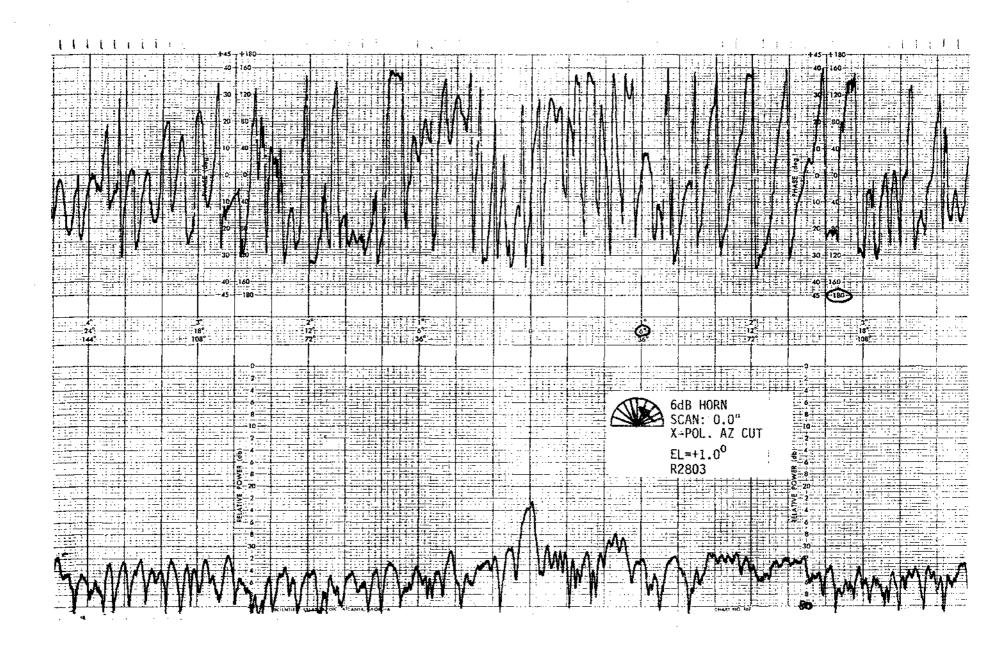


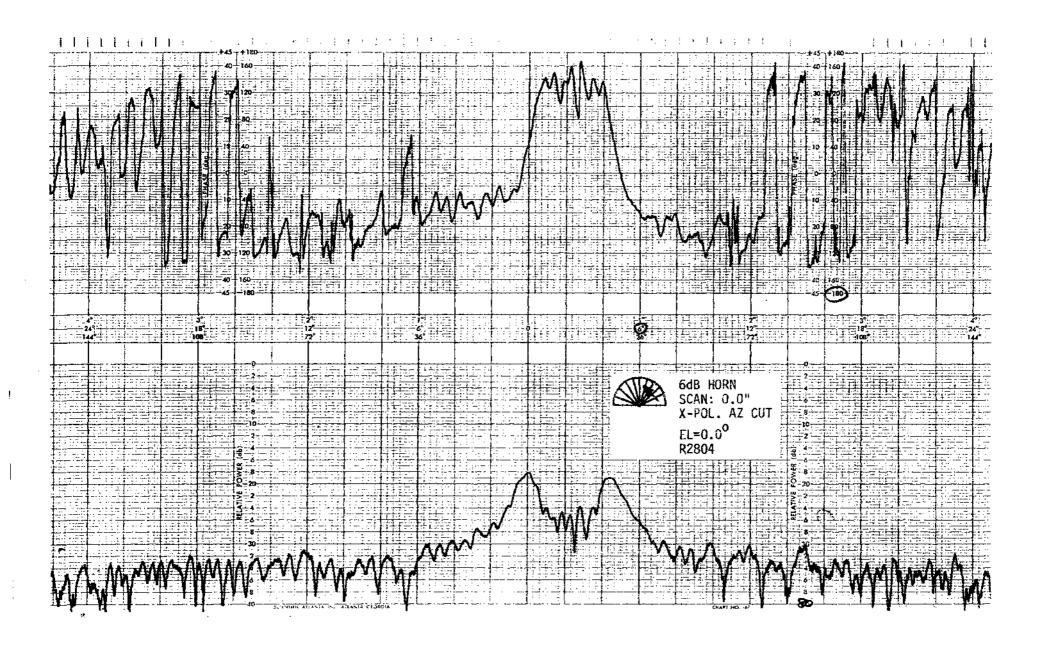


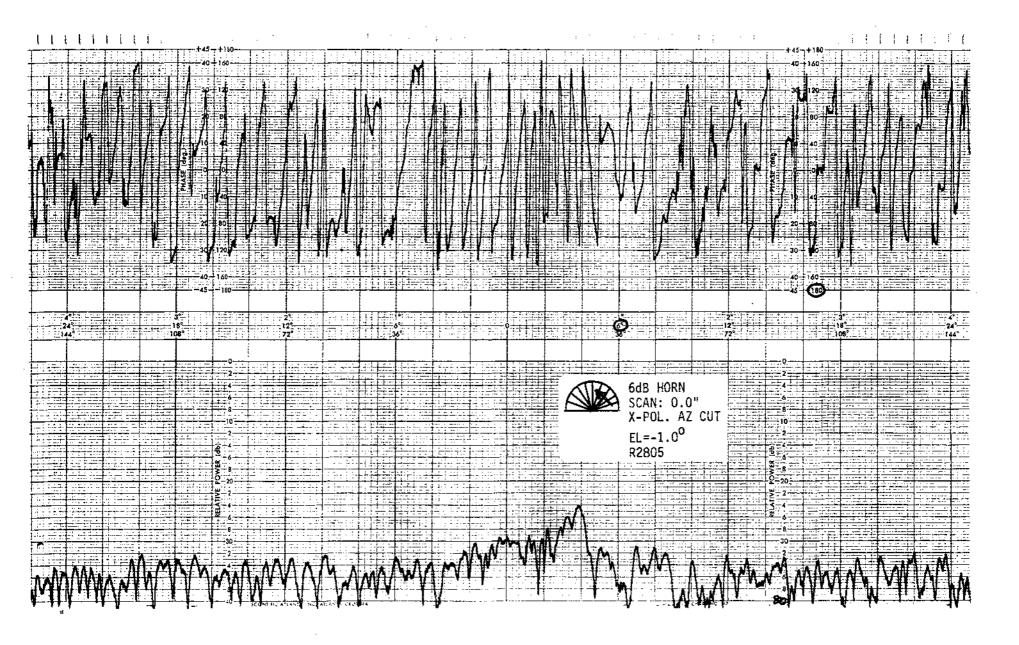


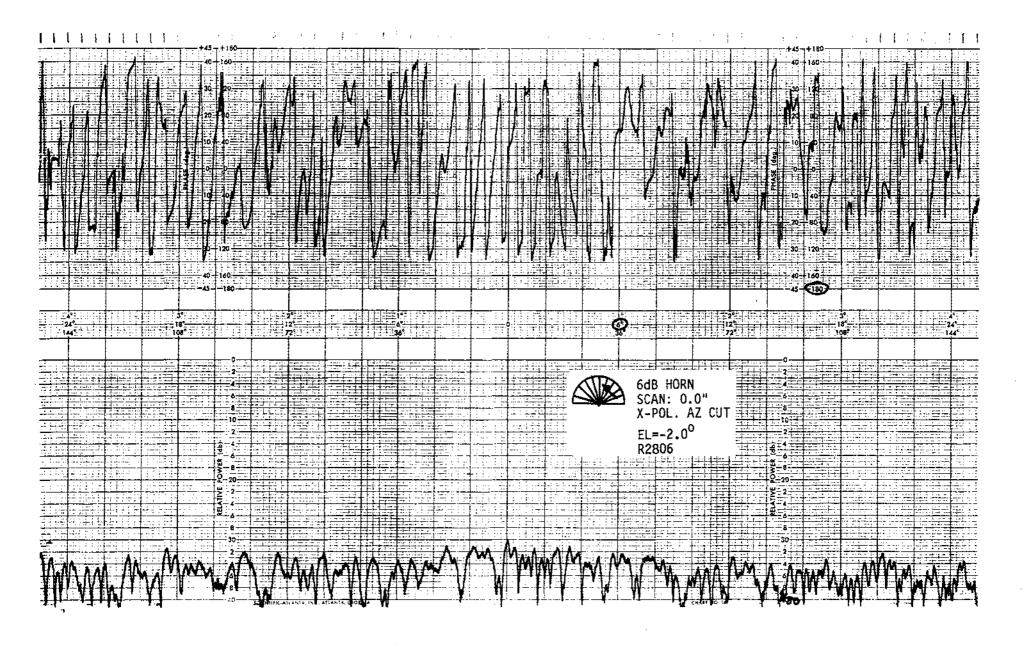


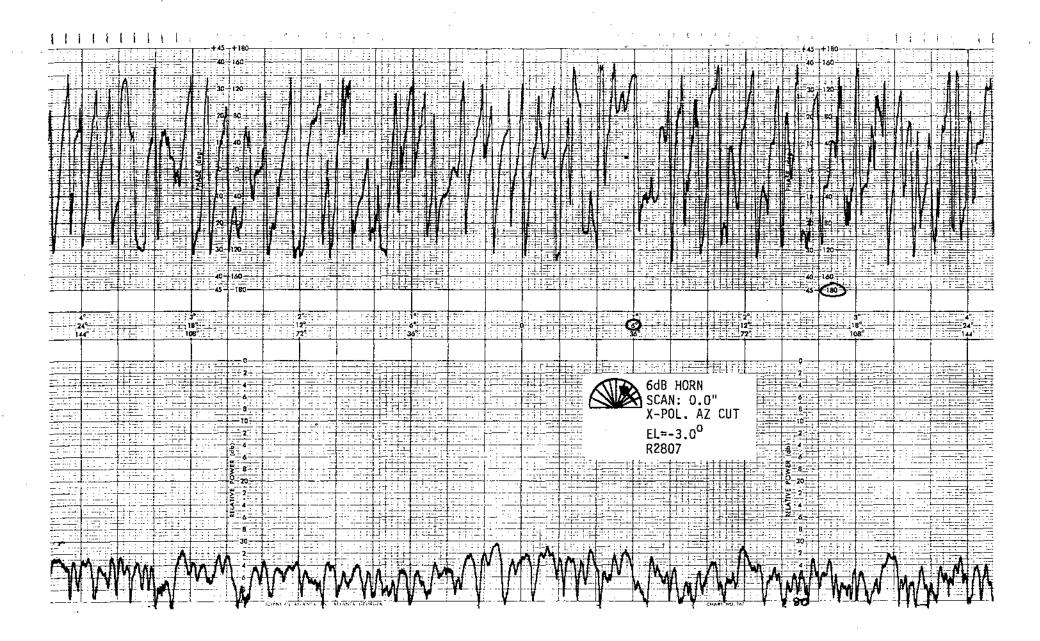






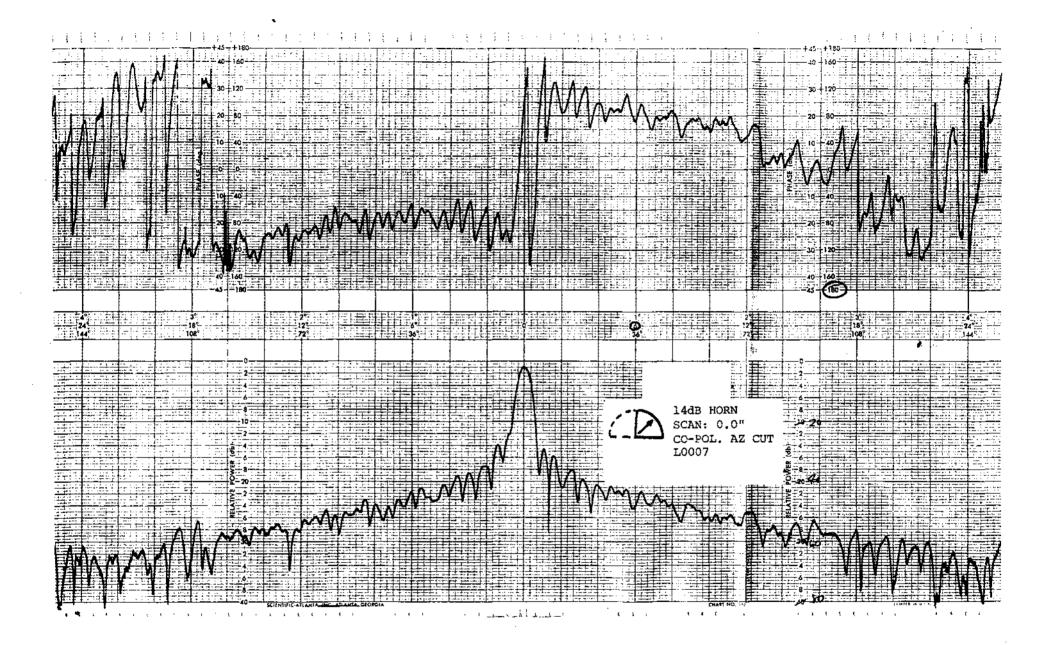


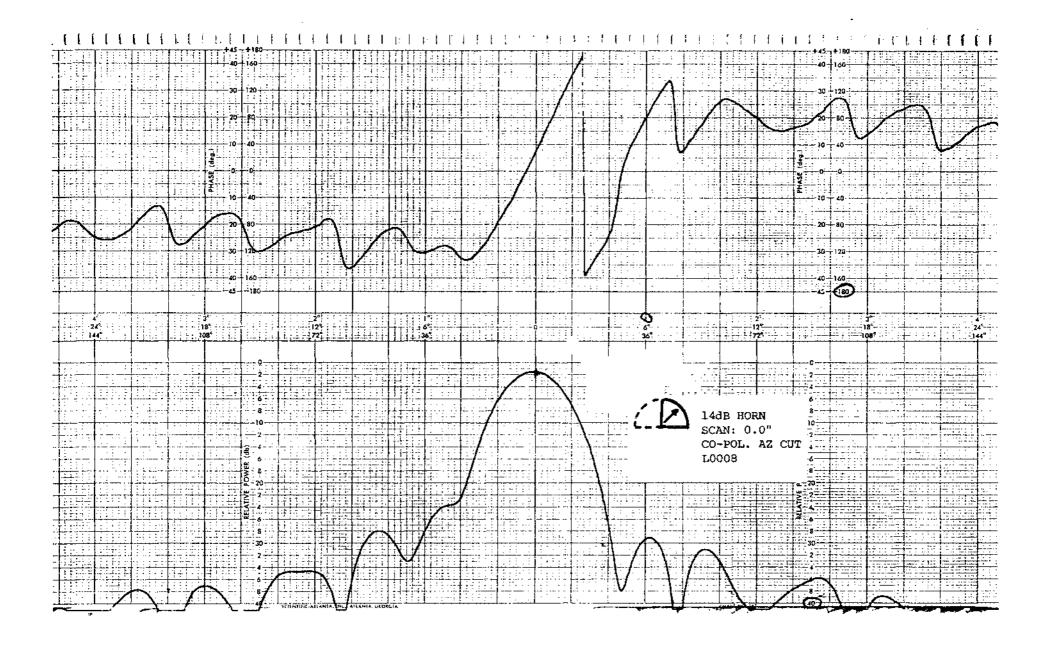


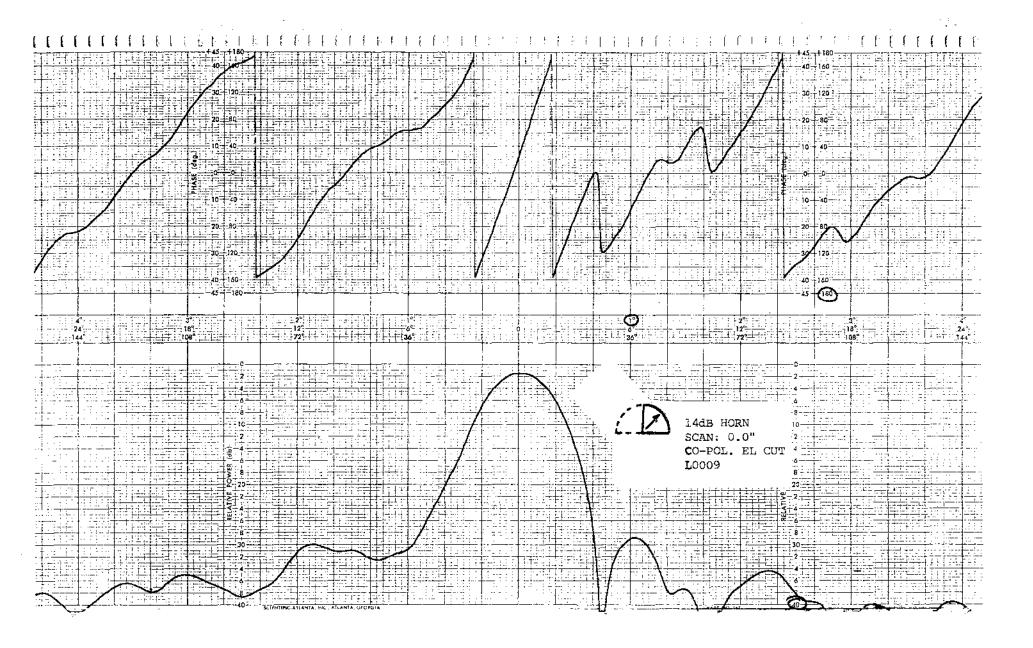


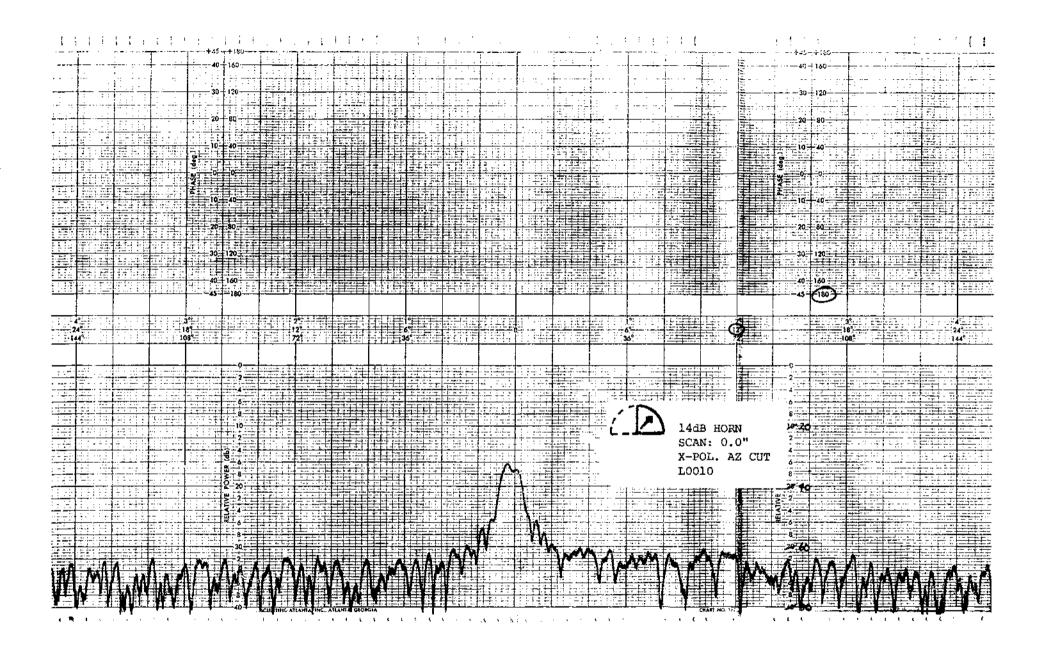
LSST - VII
SECONDARY PATTERN LOG

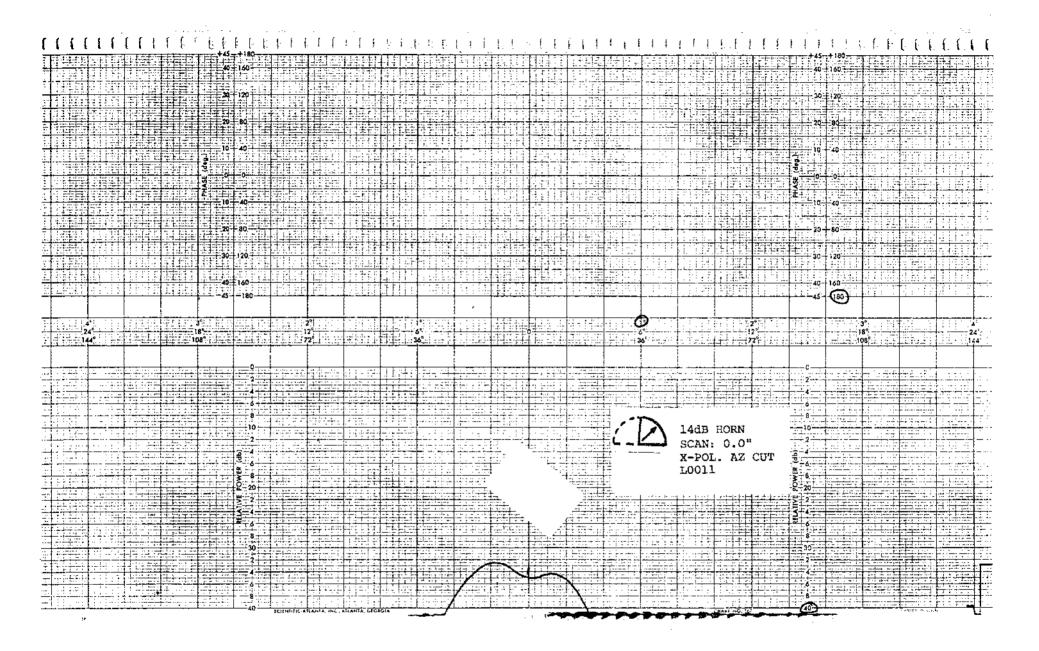
CONFIGURATION	HORN	SCAN	POL.	PK. GAIN	PATTERN	FILE NAME	PAGE NUMBER
	14 dB	0.0"	co	50.52	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0007	215
1-12	11	† 1	CO	tτ	+ 5° AZ	L0008	216
	11	**	CO	**	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0009	217
	11	11	X	_	_ + 45° AZ	L0010	218
1	**	11	x	_		L0011	219
	H	"	X		<u>+</u> 5° AZ <u>+</u> 5° EL	L0012	220
	14 dB	4.5"	со	50.35	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0017	221
	"	0	.co	***	^	L0015	222
	11	"	CO	***	+ 5° AZ + 5° EL	L0016	223
	11	•	X	-	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0020	2 24
		11	X	-	<u>+</u> 5 AZ + 5 EL	L0018	225
	***	11	X	-	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0019	226
	14 dB	6.5"	CO	50.05	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	AAN45	227
	11	11	CO	**		AANC1	228
ļ	ŧŧ	0	CO	If	<u>+</u> 5° AZ <u>+</u> 5° EL	EANC1	229
1	11	11	X	-	\pm 45° AZ	AXPSC	230
<u> </u>	11	n	X	-		AZPSC	231
₹	11	11	X	-	± 5° AZ ± 5° EL	EXPSC	232
	14 dB	0.0"	CO	32.15	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0068	233
	11	**	CO	π	_	L0067	234
	11	"	CO	ří.	<u>+</u> 5° AZ <u>+</u> 5° EL	L0069	235
	11	11	х	<u>-</u>	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0072	236
	Ħ	71	X	-		L0071	237
*	11	11	X		<u>+</u> 5° AZ <u>+</u> 5° EL	L0070	238
	14 dB	0.0"	CO	35.05	\pm 45° AZ	L0063	239
	11	11	CO	11	^	L0061	240
1	11	11	CO	t t	+ 5° AZ + 5° EL + 45° AZ	L0062	241
	11	tt	х	_	\pm 45° AZ	L0066	242
1	11	11	X	-	\pm 5° AZ	L0065	243
▼	11	11	X	_	± 5° EL	L0064	244

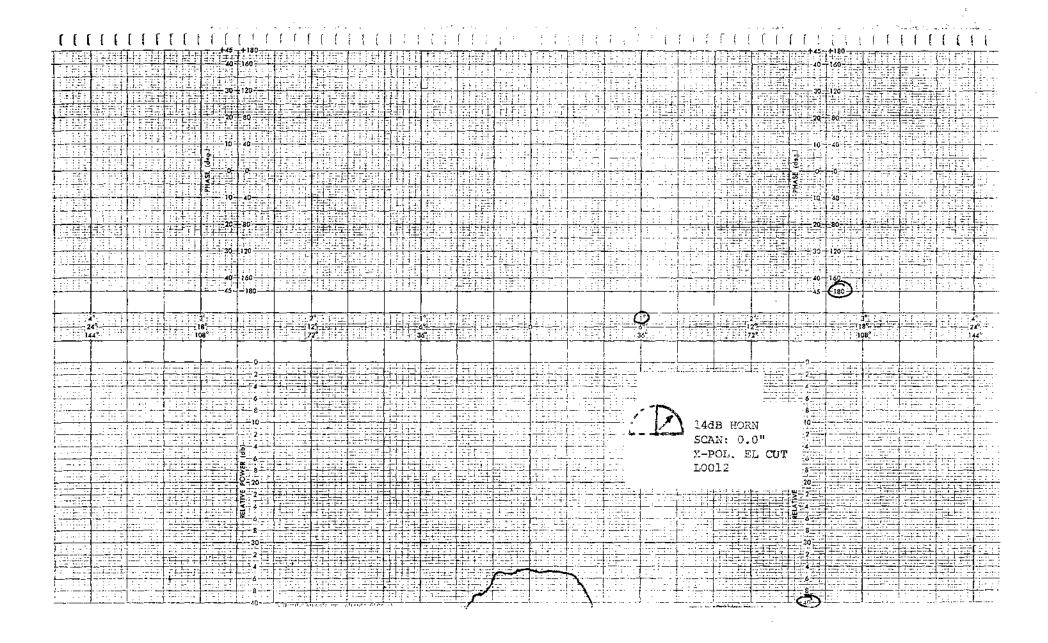




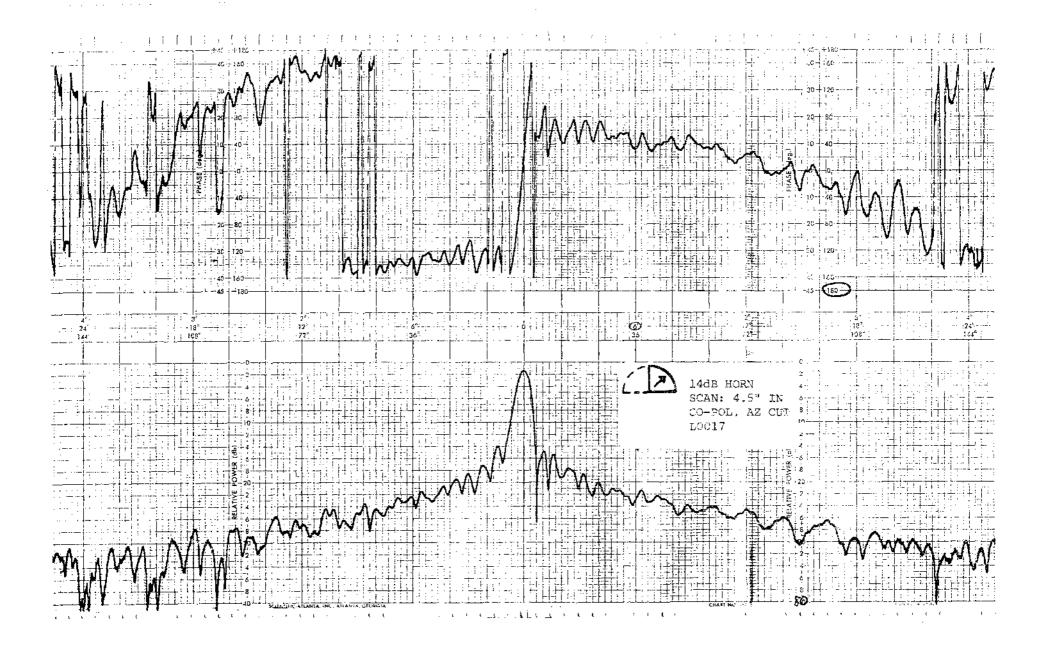


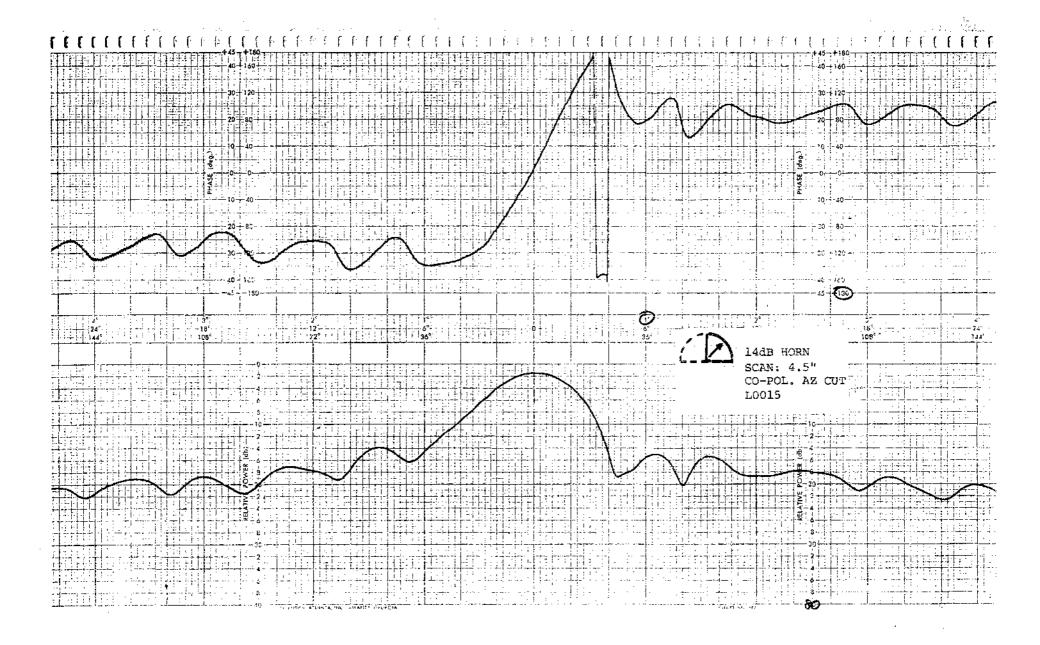


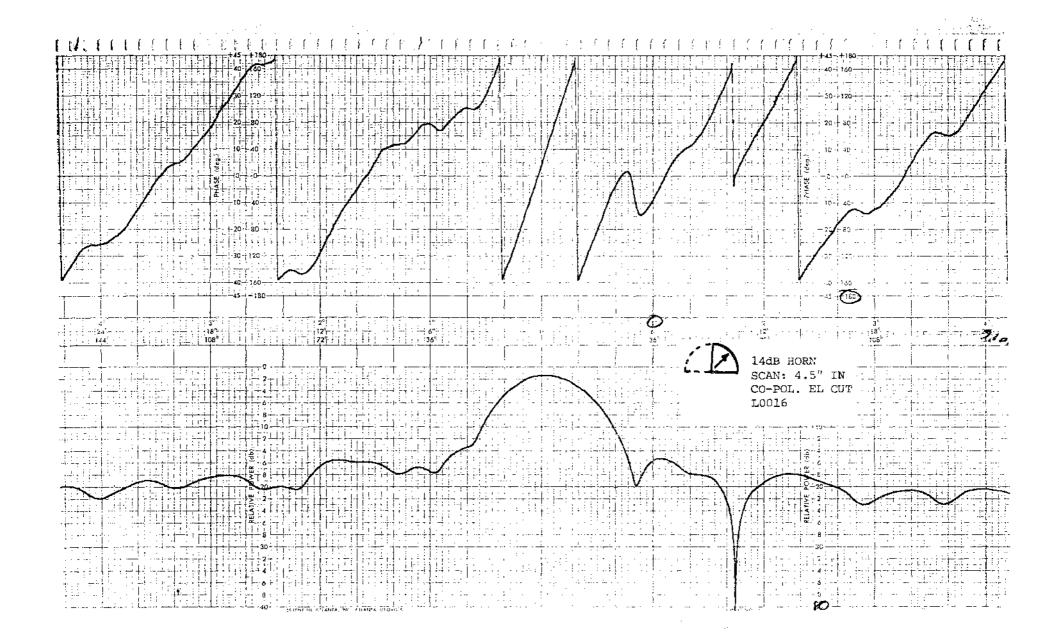


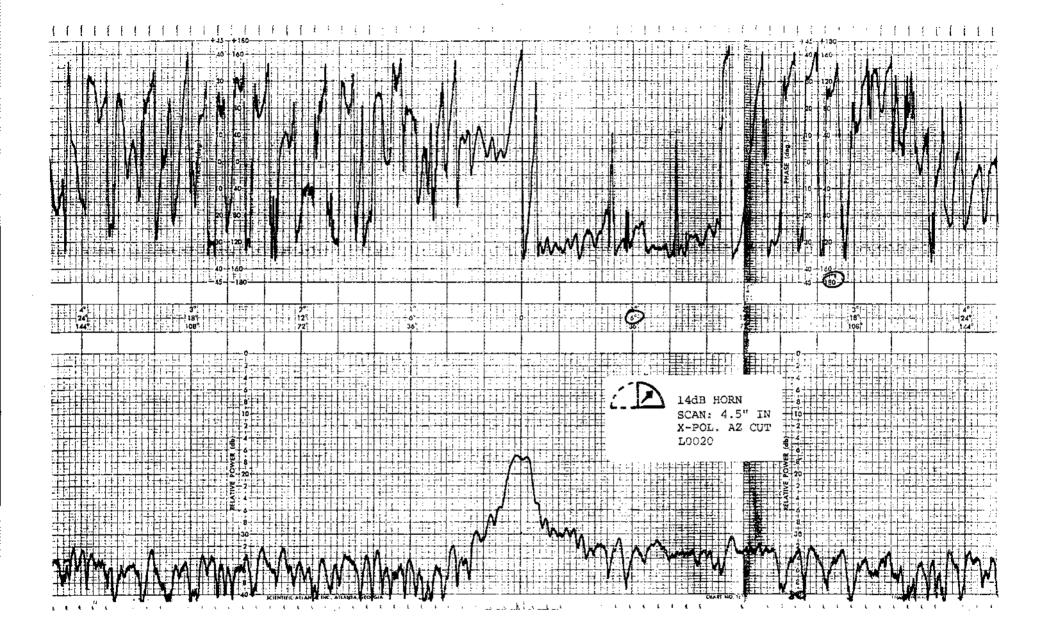


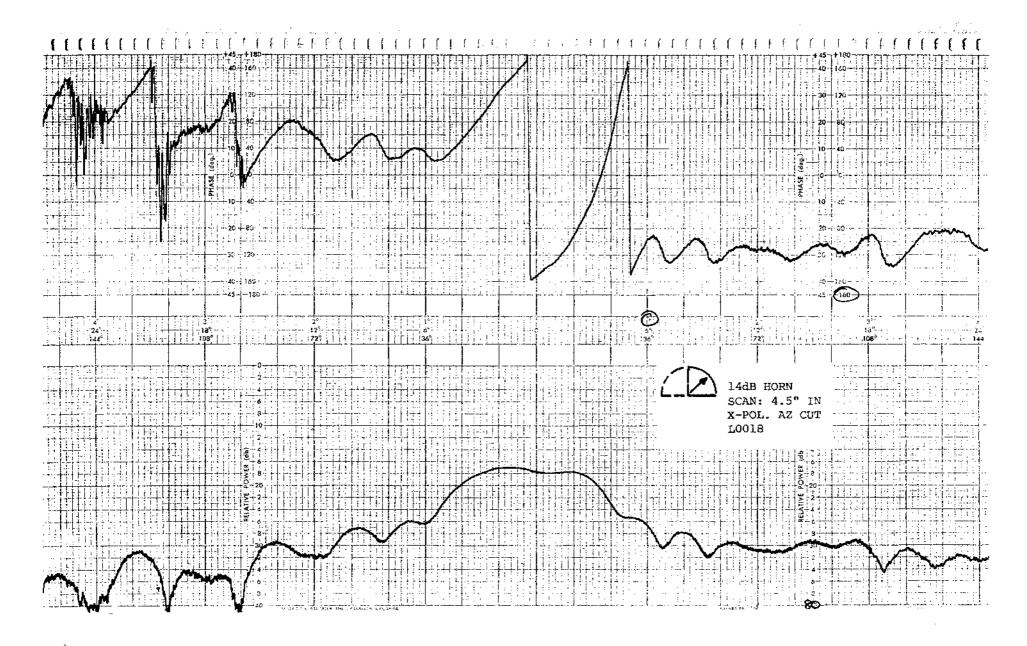
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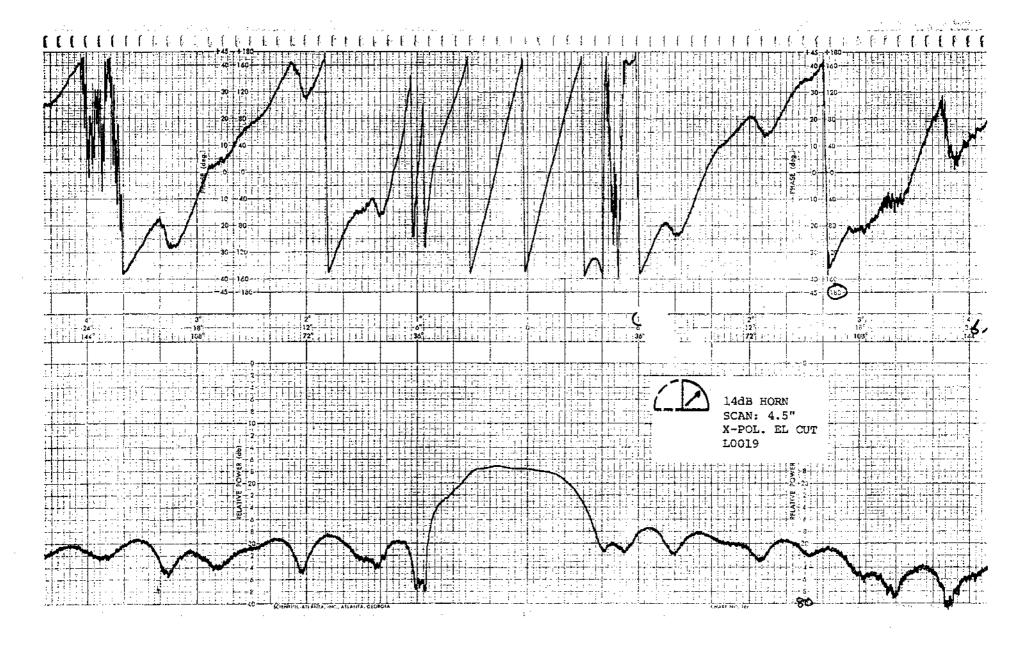


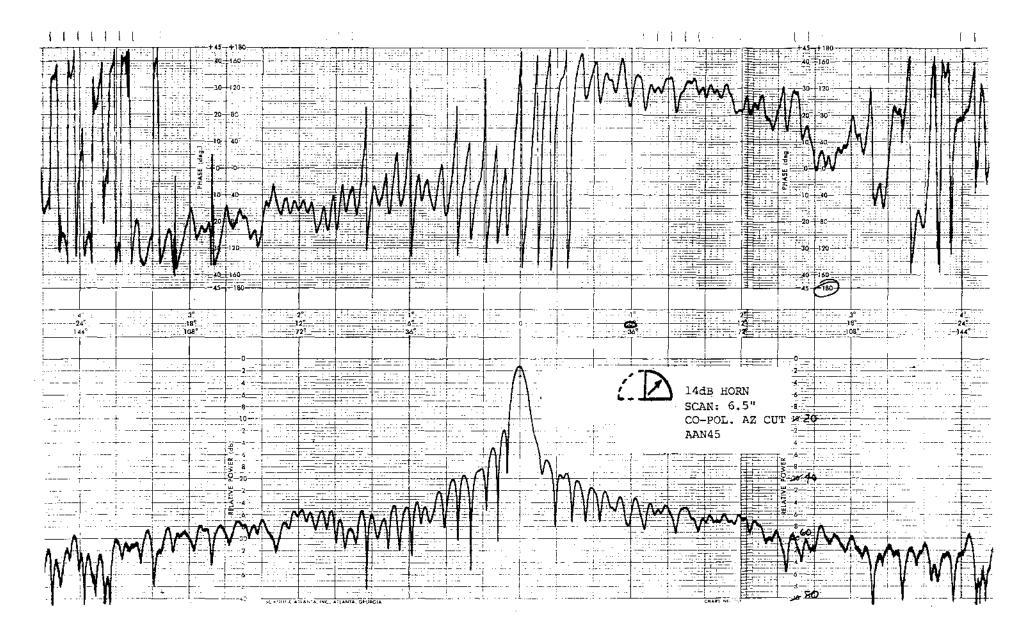




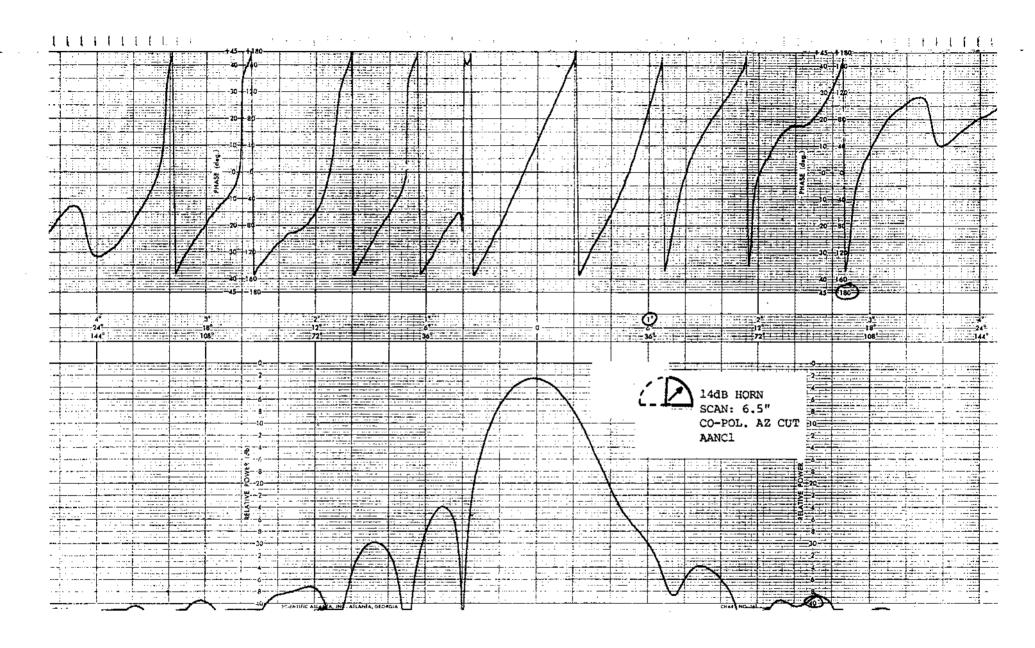




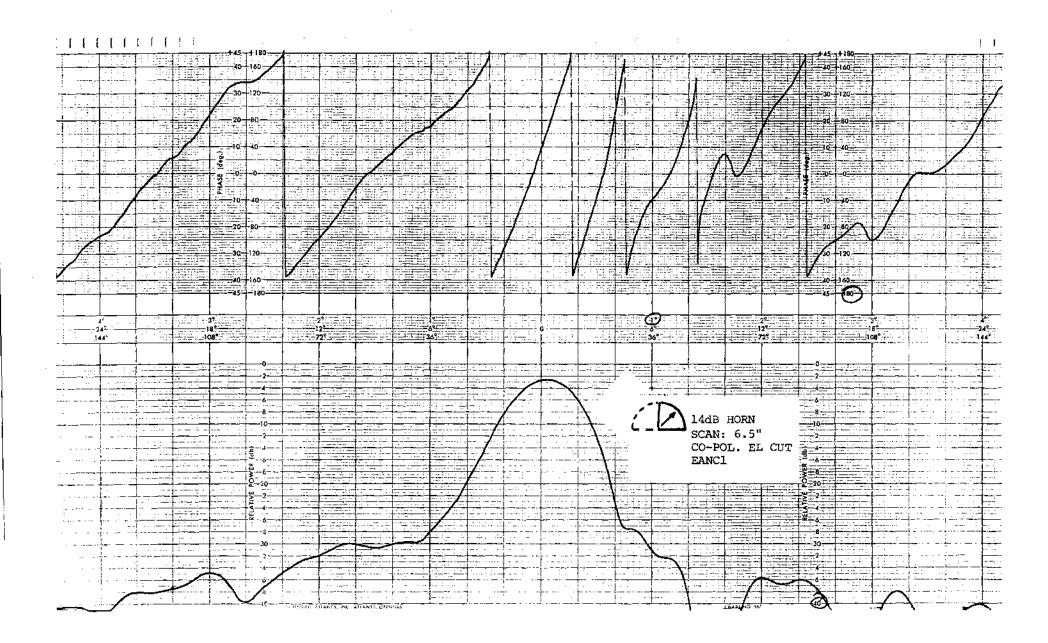


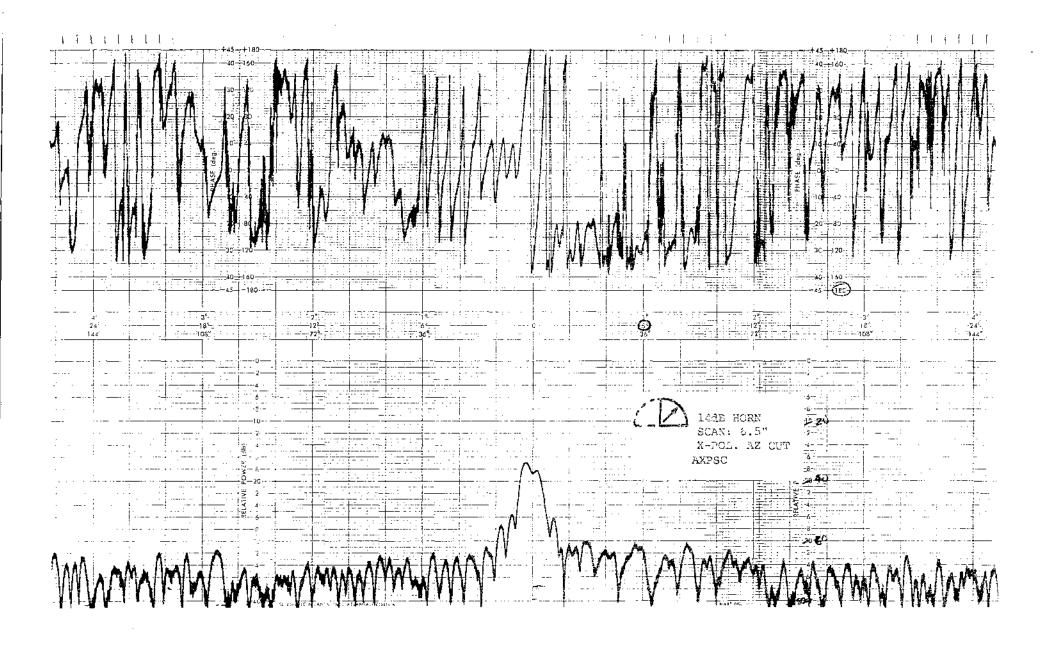


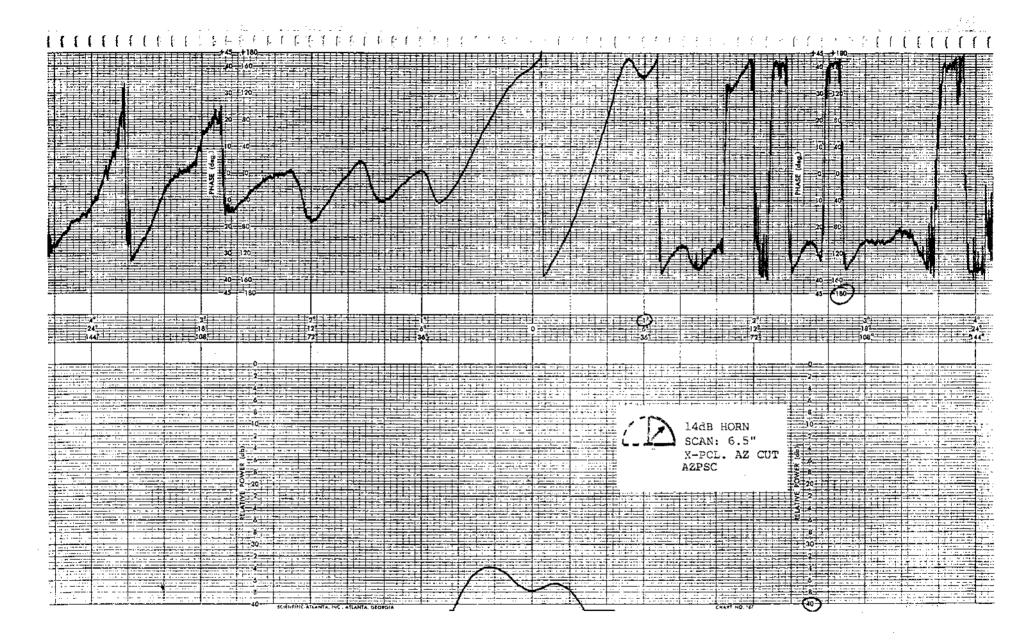
-227-

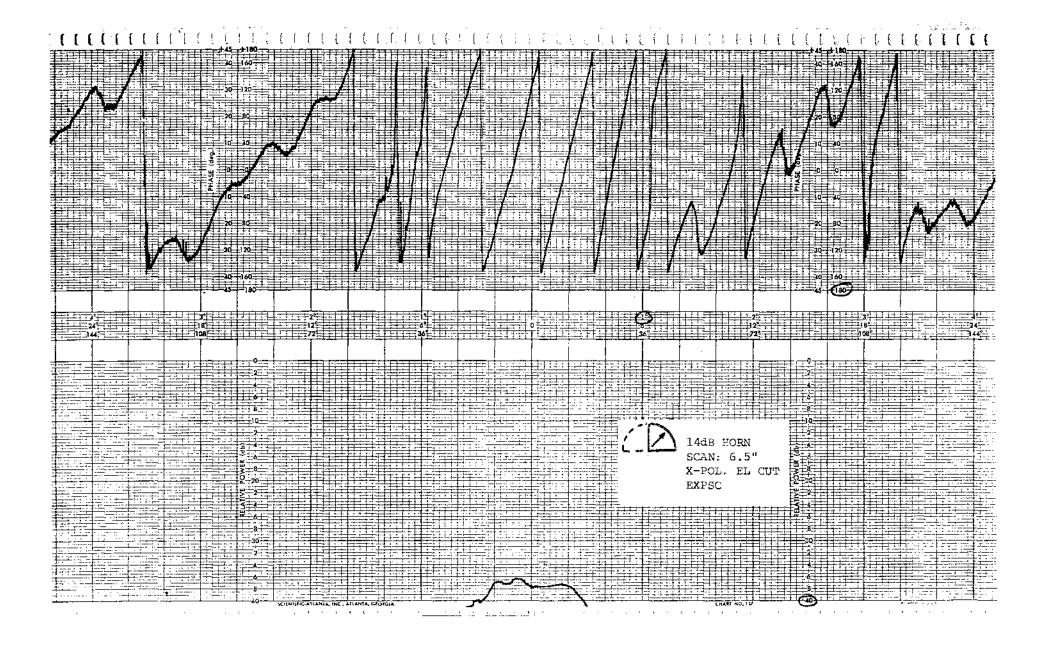


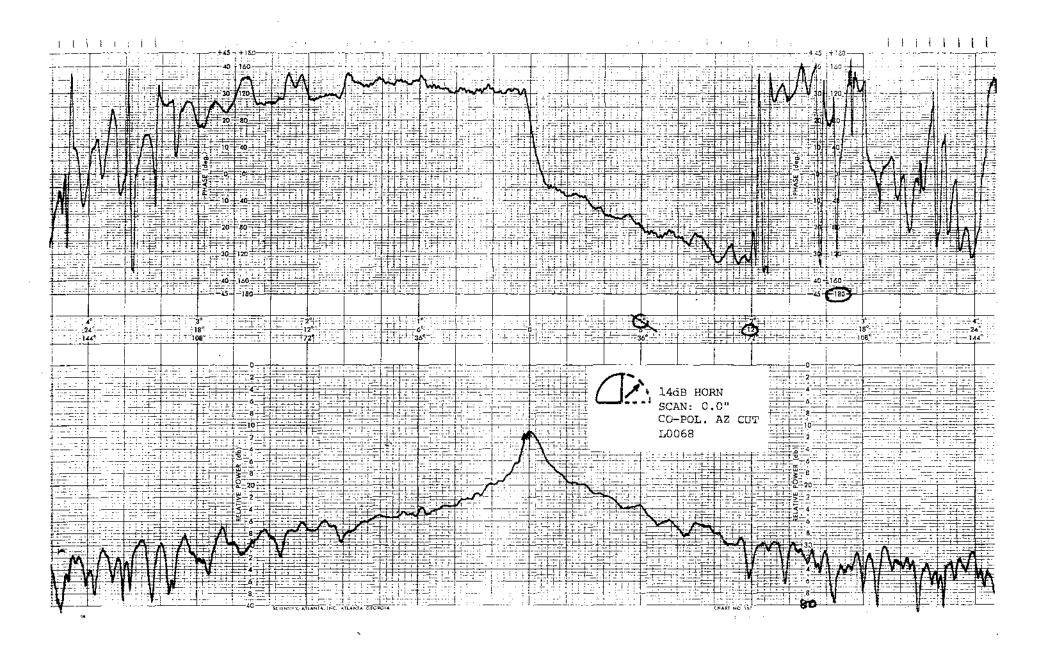
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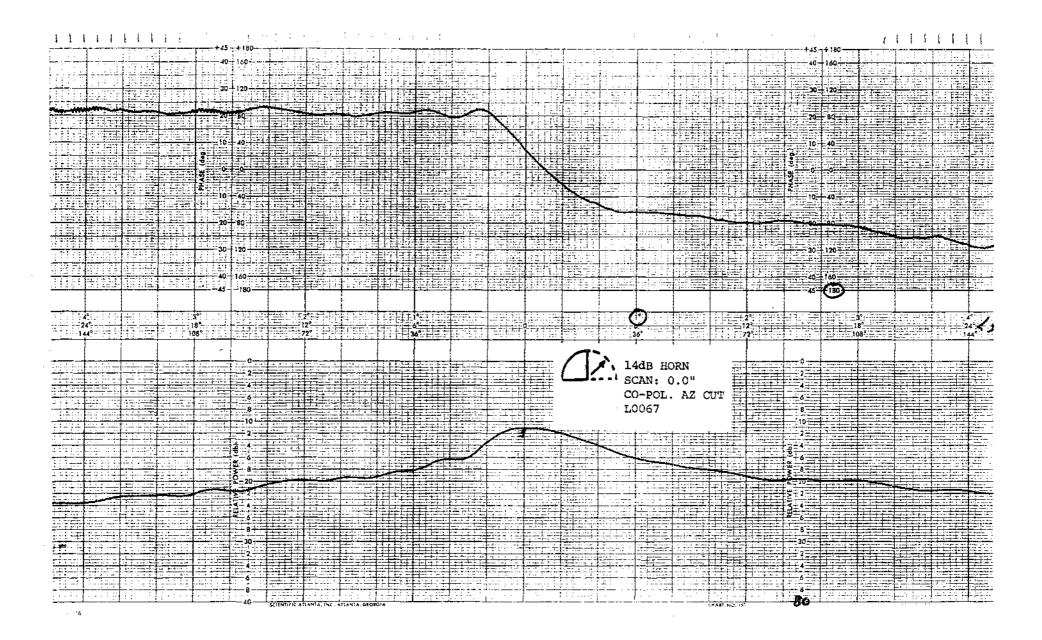


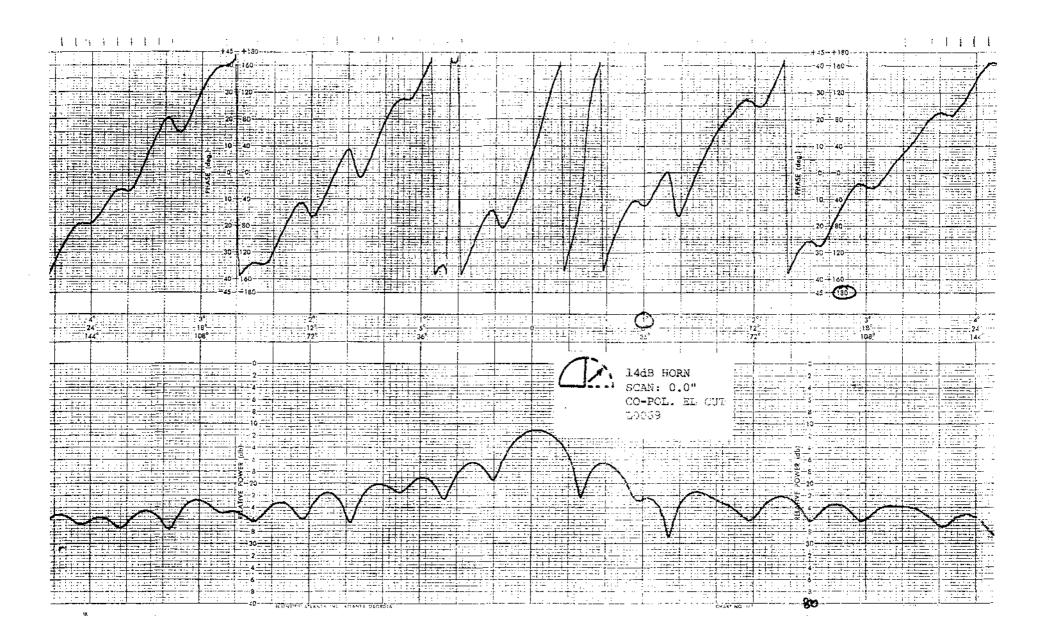


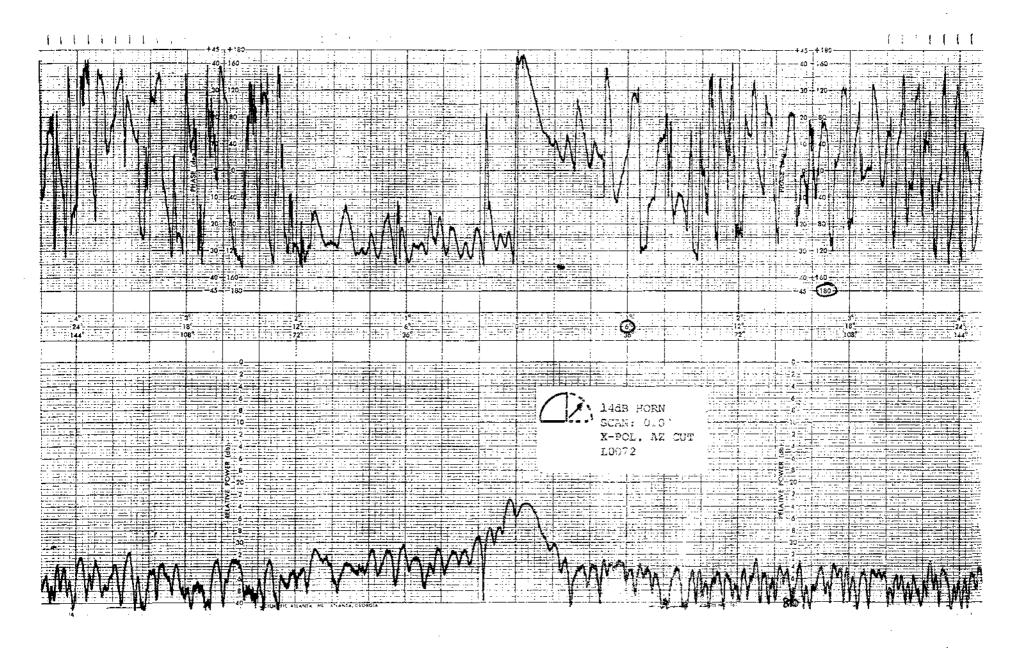


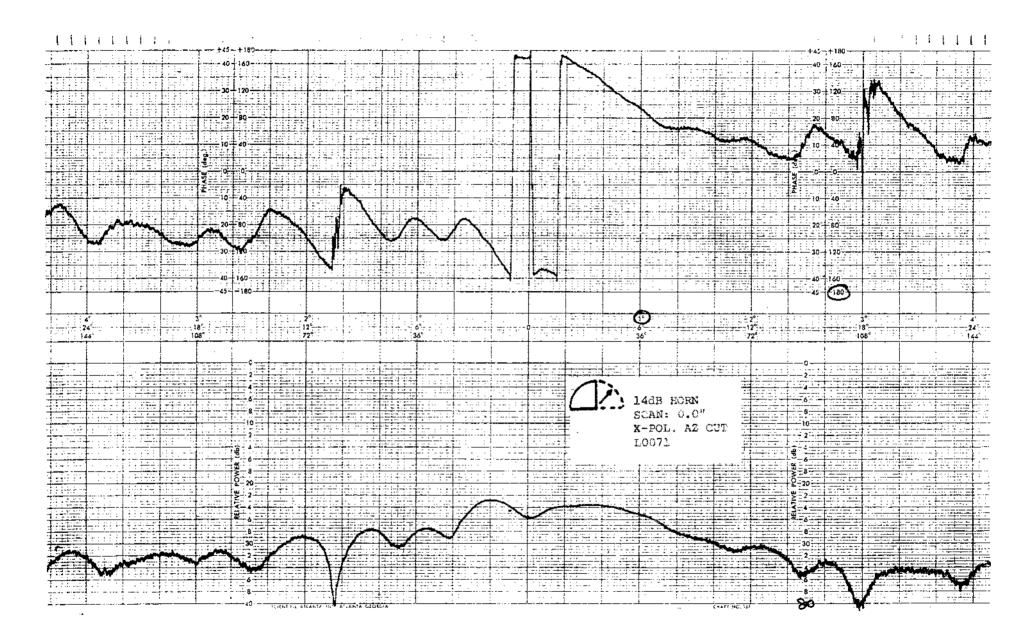


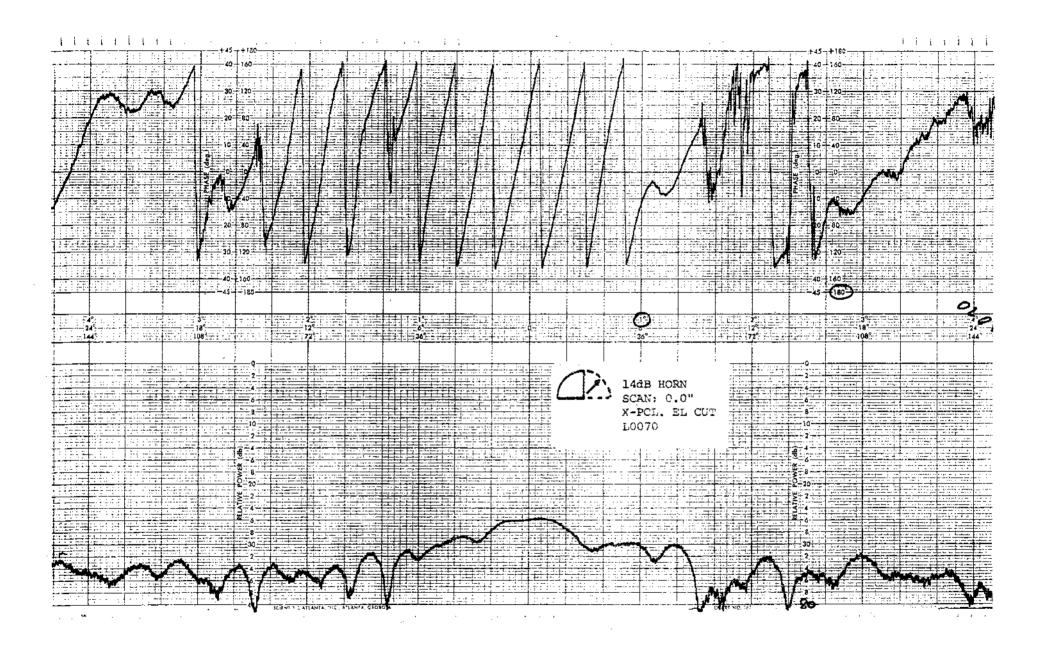


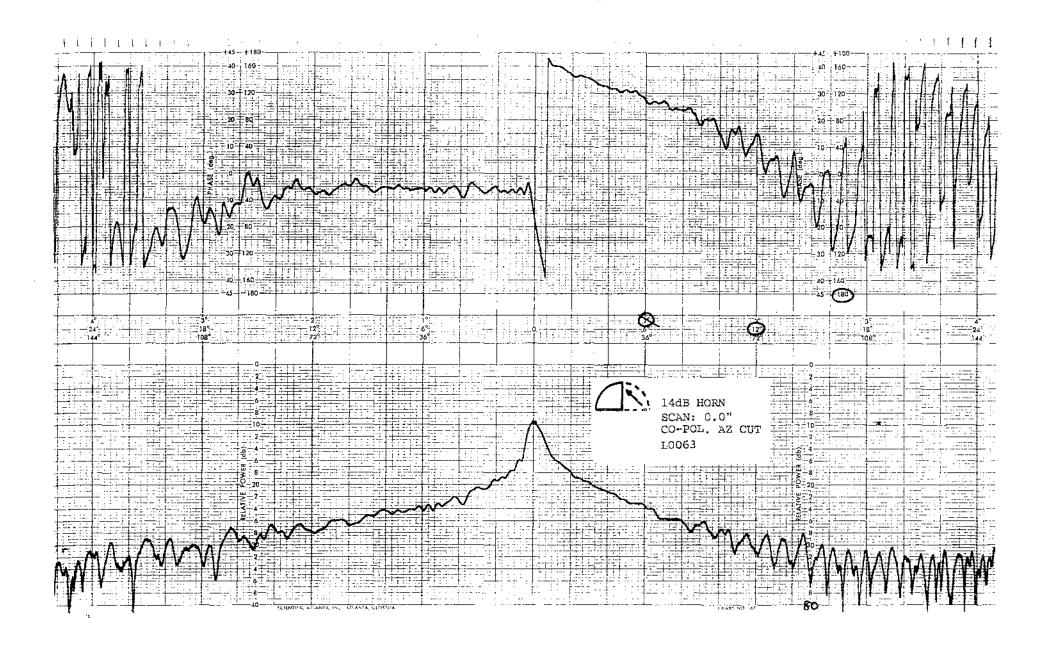


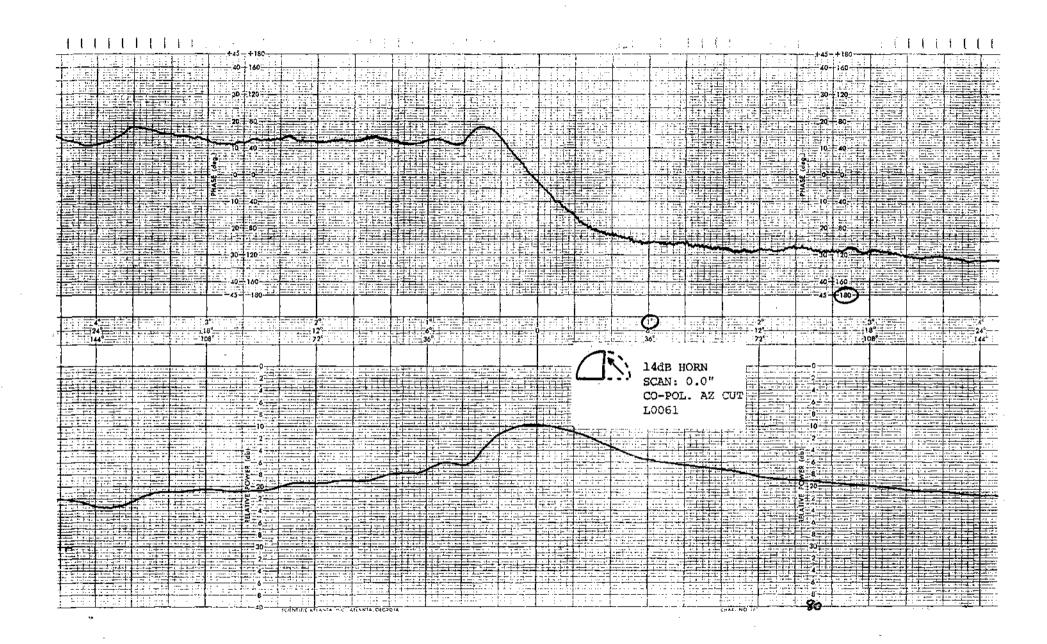


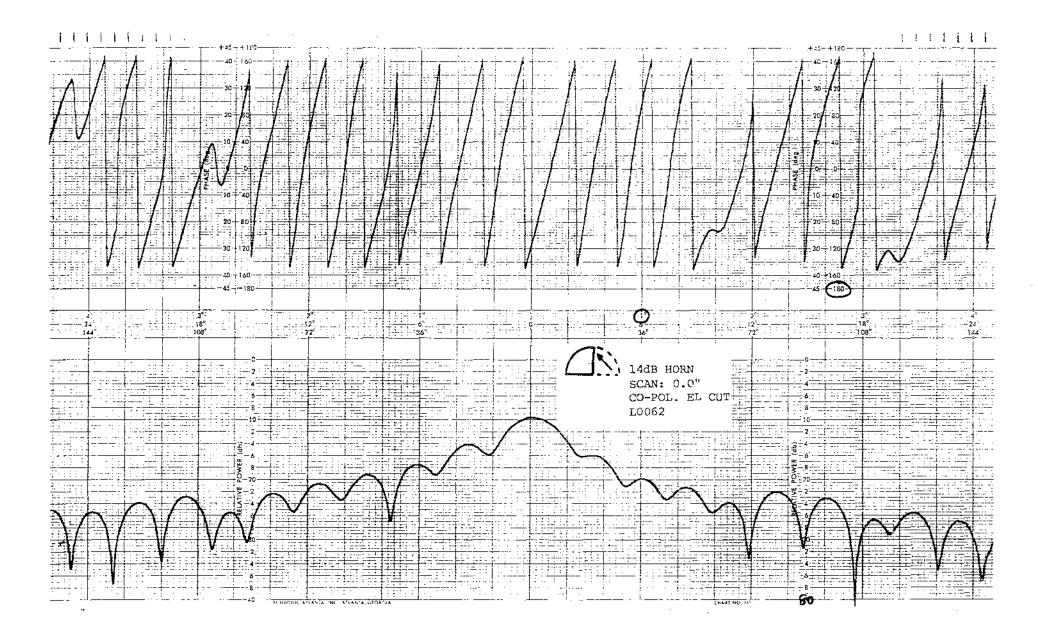


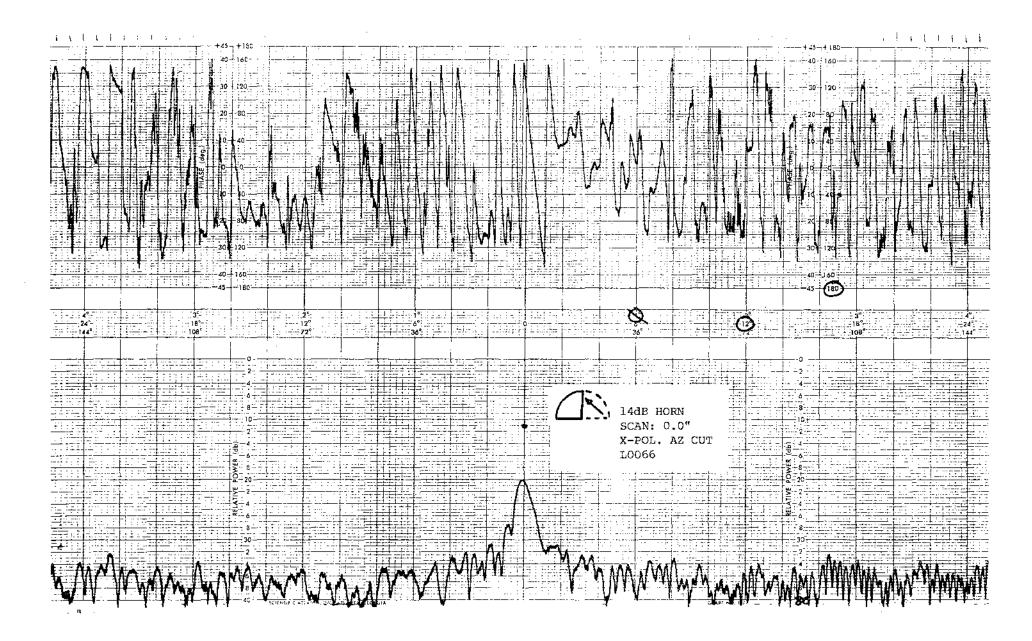


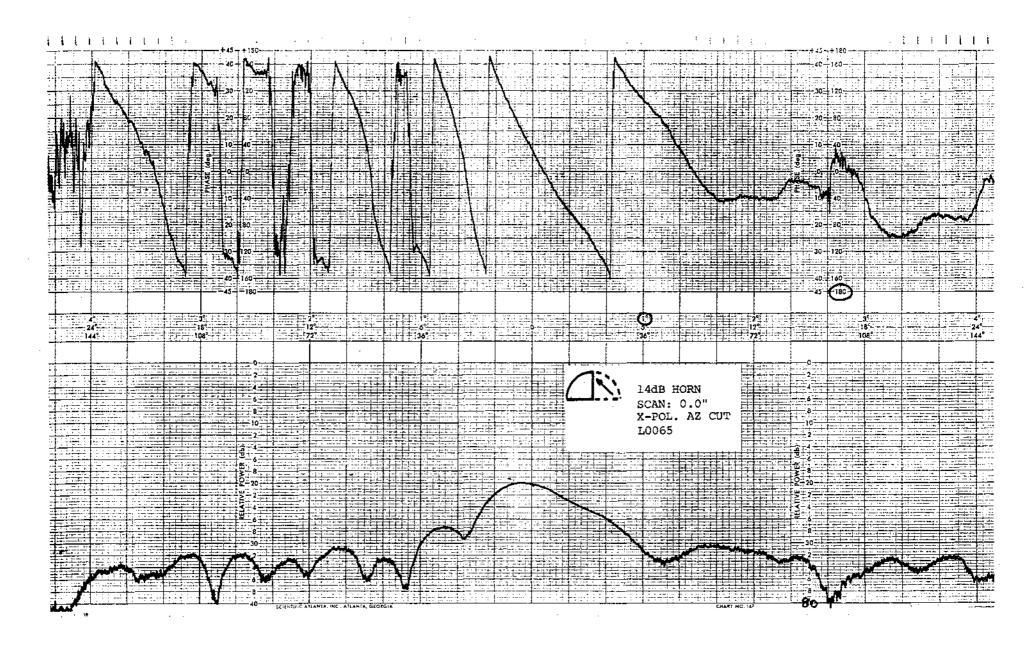


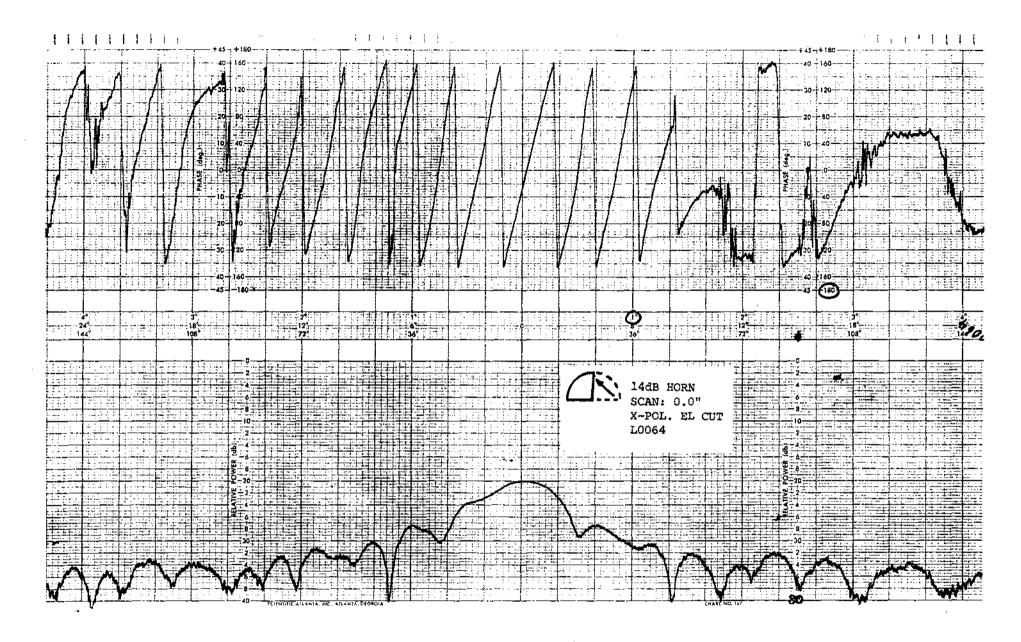






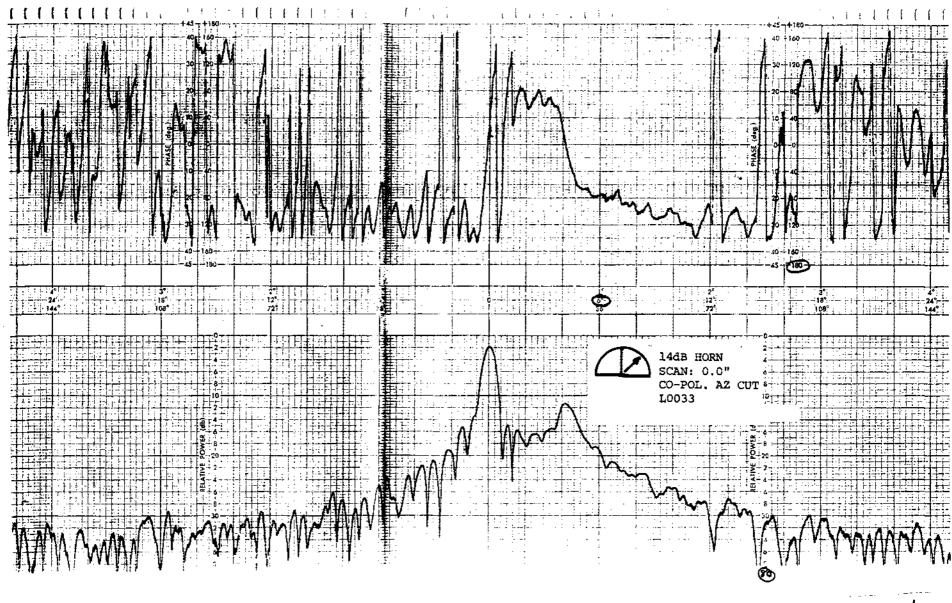


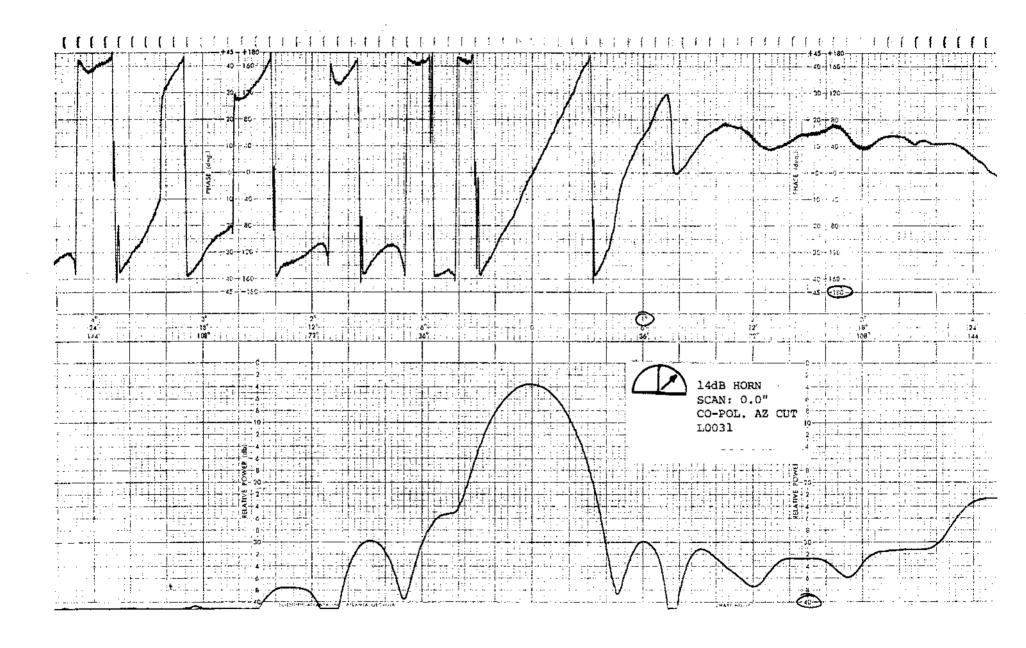


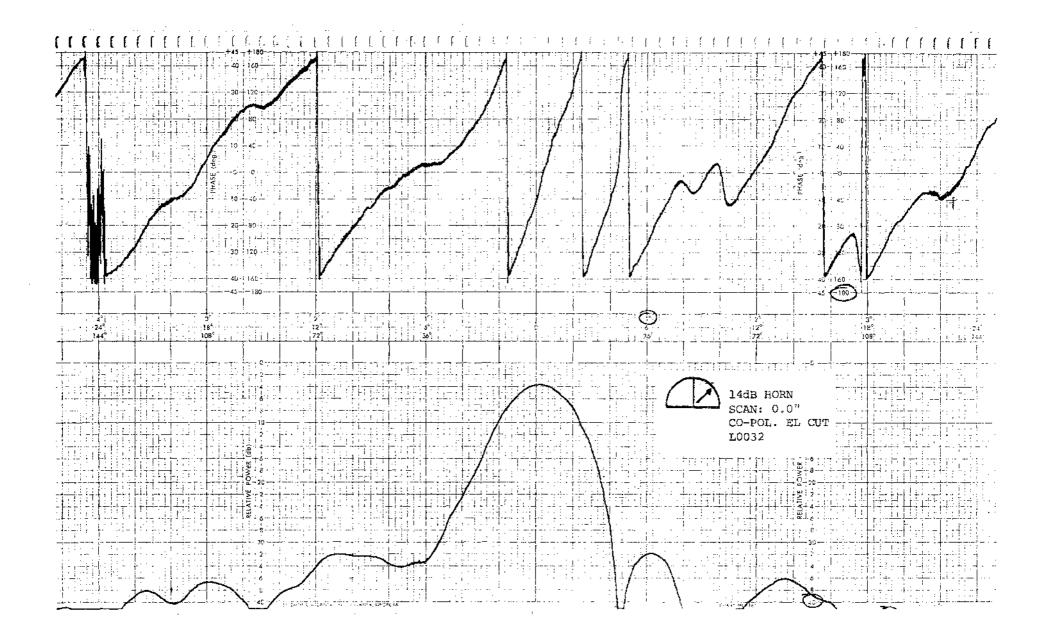


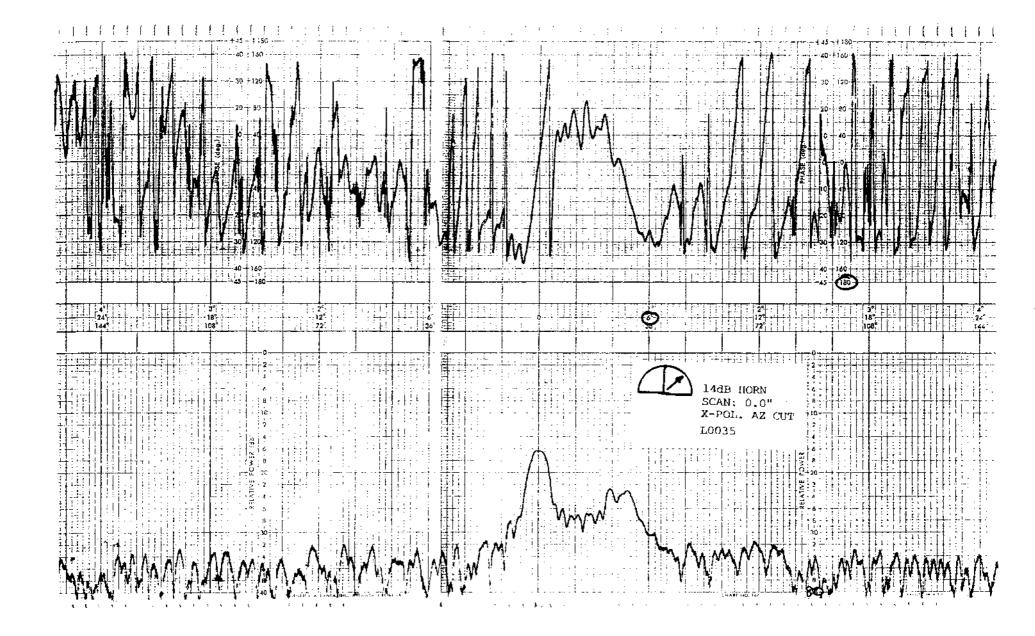
LSST - VIII

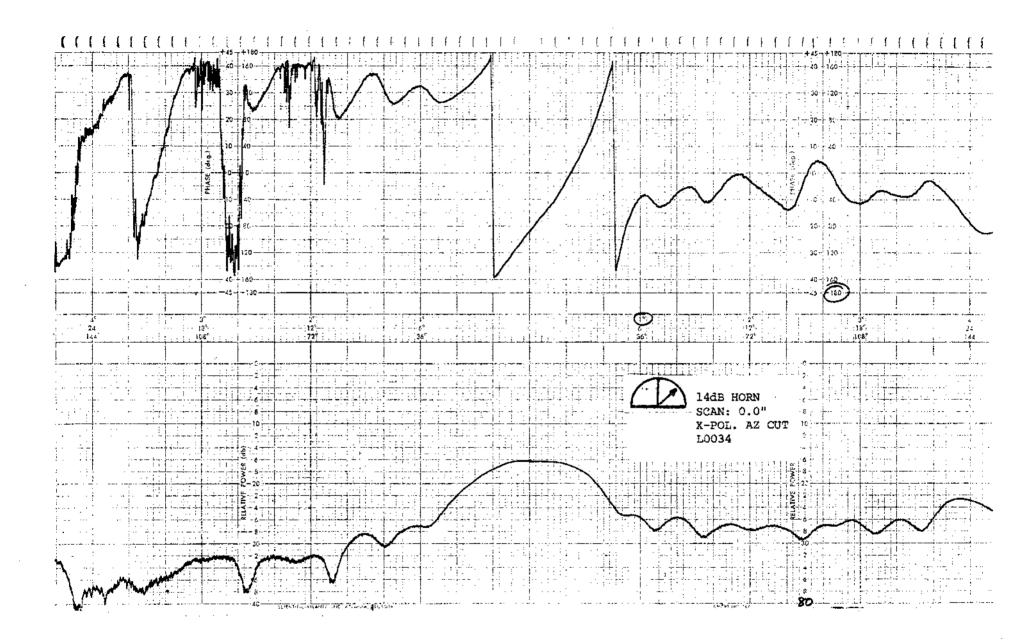
	SECONDARY PATTERN LOG						p. or
CONFIGURATION	HORN	SCAN	POL.	PK. GAIN	PATTERN	FILE NAME	PAGE NUMBER
	14 dB	0.0"	co	50.39	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0033	246
<u></u>	77	11	co	U	± 5° AZ	L0031	247
	11	Tŧ	co	u	+ 5° EL	L0032	248
Į	11	11	х	_	± 45° AZ	L0035	249
	11	17	x	_	+ 5° AZ	L0034	250
	н	n	x	-	± 5° EL	1.0036	251
į	14 dB	0.0"	CO	_	+3°EL ± 45°AZ	R2101	252
·	n	11	"	-	+2°EL "	R2102	253
	"	ti	11	-	+1°EL "	R2103	254
	н	*1	11	50.55	O°EL "	R2104	255
	17	11	**	-	-1°EL "	R2105	256
	11	**	77	-	-2°EL "	R2106	257
	IT	17	*1	-	-3°EL "	R2107	258
	14 dB	0.0"	х	~	$+3^{\circ}EL + 45^{\circ}AZ$	R2201	259
ĺ	tt	**	o o	_	+2°EL "	R2202	260
	**	11	•	-	+1°EL "	R2203	261
)	**	**		· _ :	O ^O EL "	R2204	262
	**	11	"	-	~1°EL "	R2205	263
ĺ	**		11	-	-2°EL "	R2206	264
	11	n	It	-	-3°EL "	R2207	265
	14 dB	4.5"	CO	50.00	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0039	266
	11	77	CO	n	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	L0037	267
	n	n	CO	u	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0038	268
Ì	11	11	X	-	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0042	269
Ţ	••	"	X	+	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	L0040	270
•	11	**	X	_	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0041	271
	14 dB	0.0"	CO	50.55	<u>+</u> 45° AZ	L0057	272
ii	**	71	CO	11	<u>+</u> 5° AZ	L0055	273
	n	78	CO	li.	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0056	274
	71	77	Х	-	± 45° AZ	F0060	275
1	ŧi	"	Х	-	\pm 5° AZ	L0058	276
₹		11	Х	-	<u>+</u> 5° EL	L0059	277

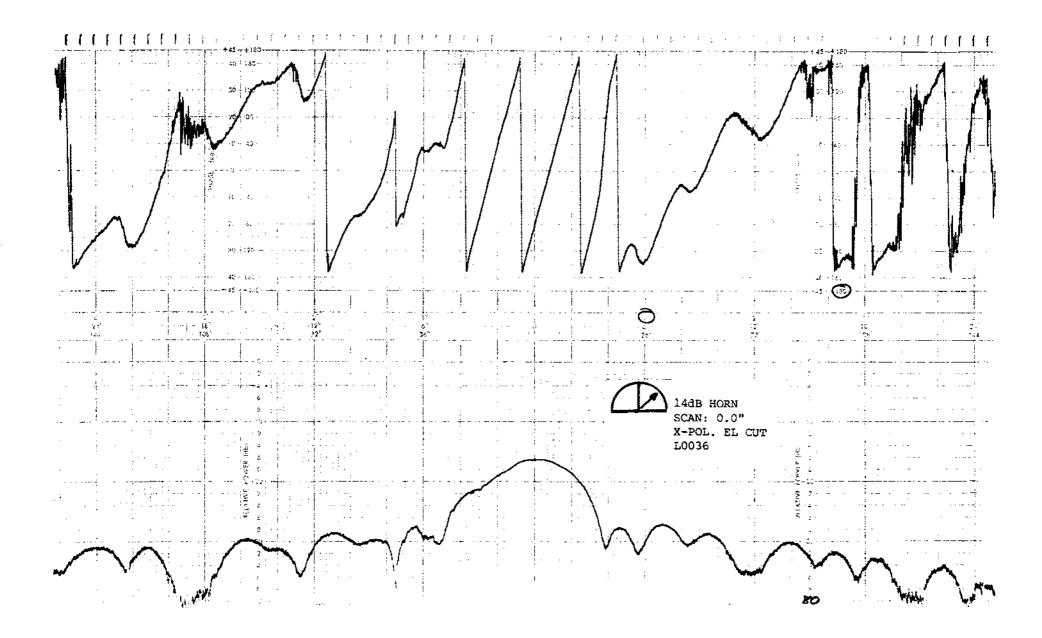


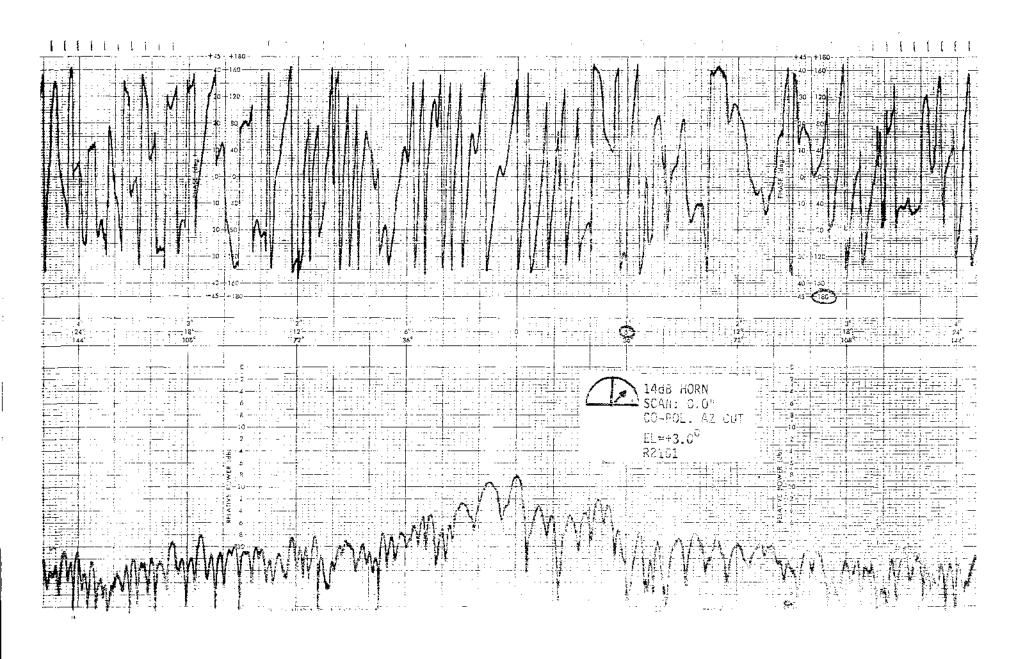


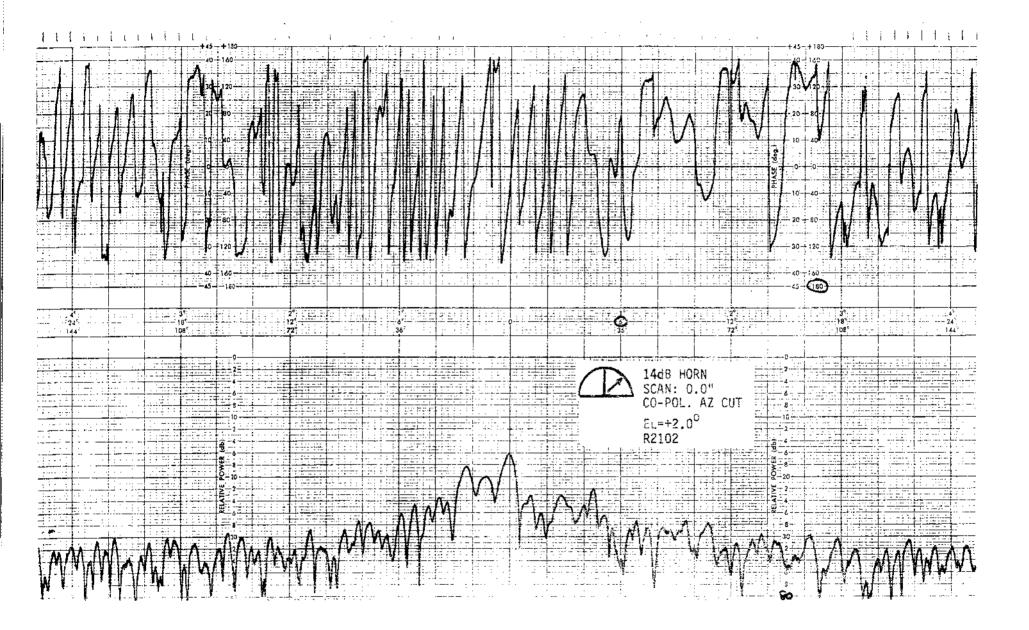


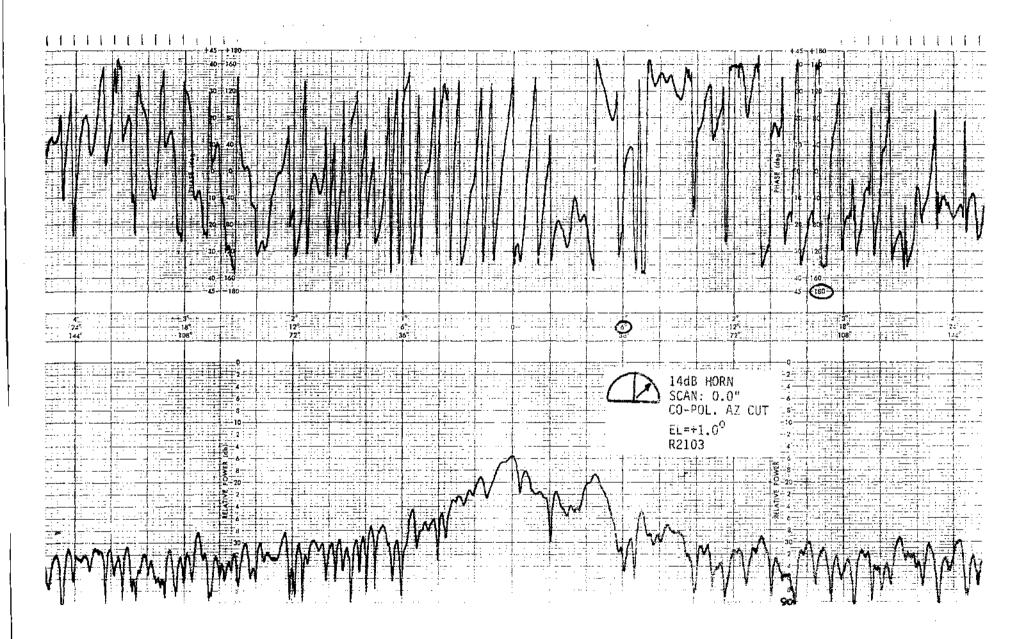


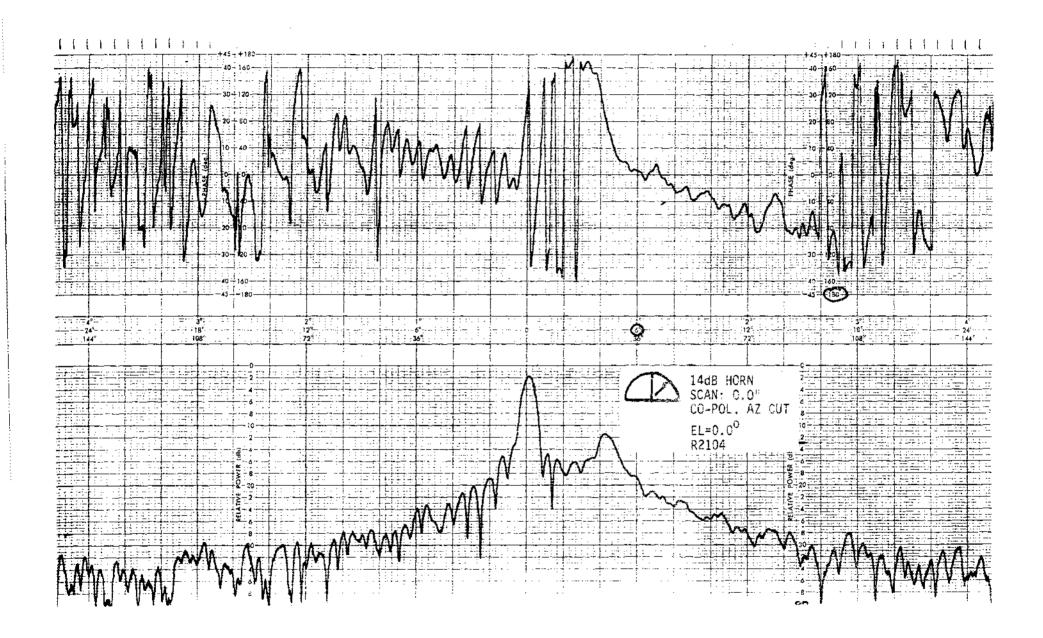


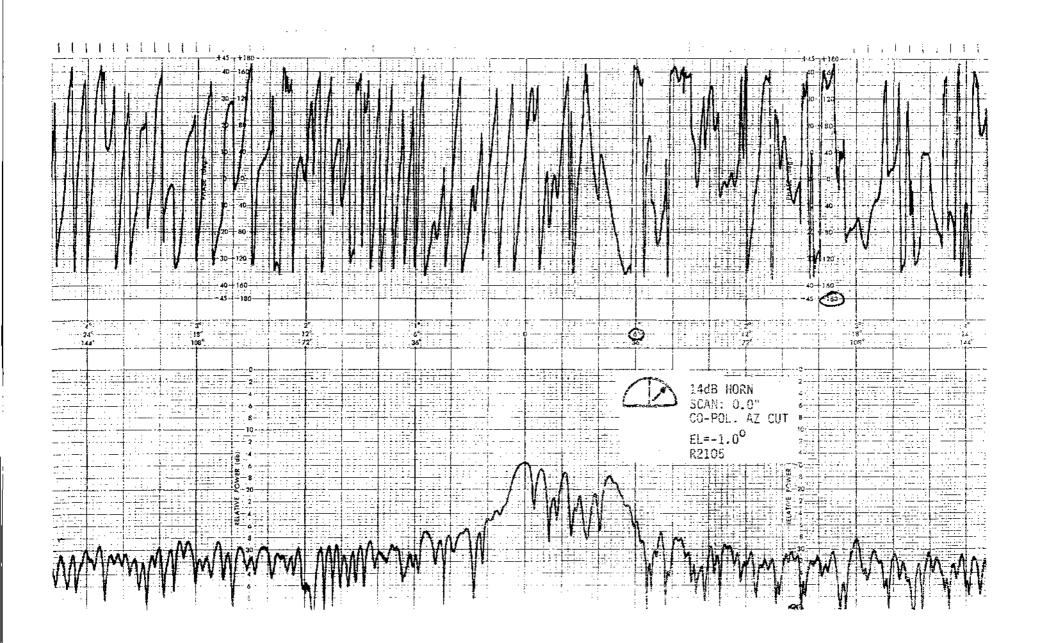


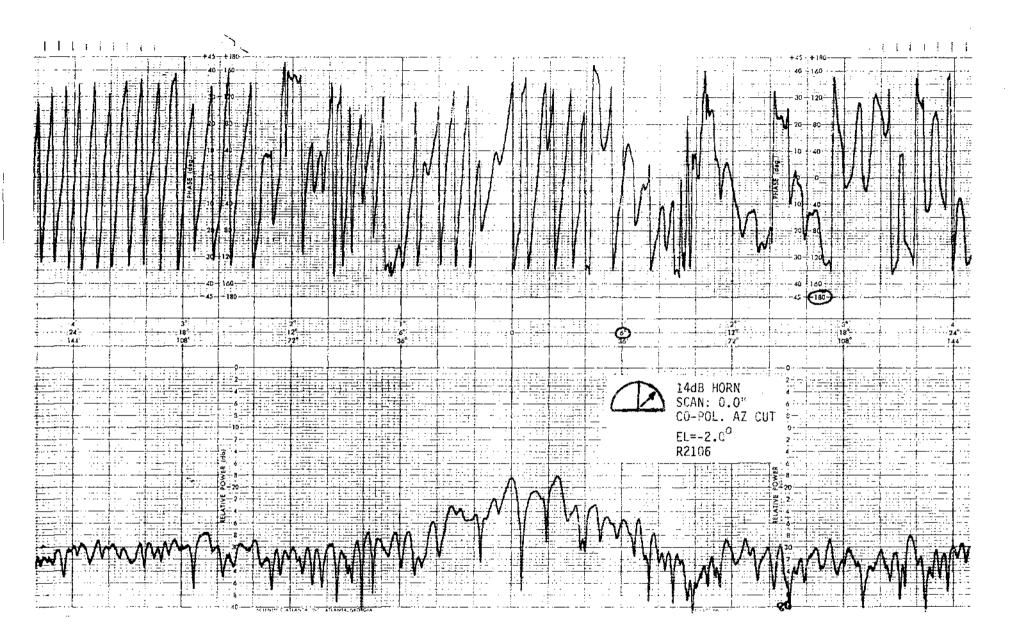


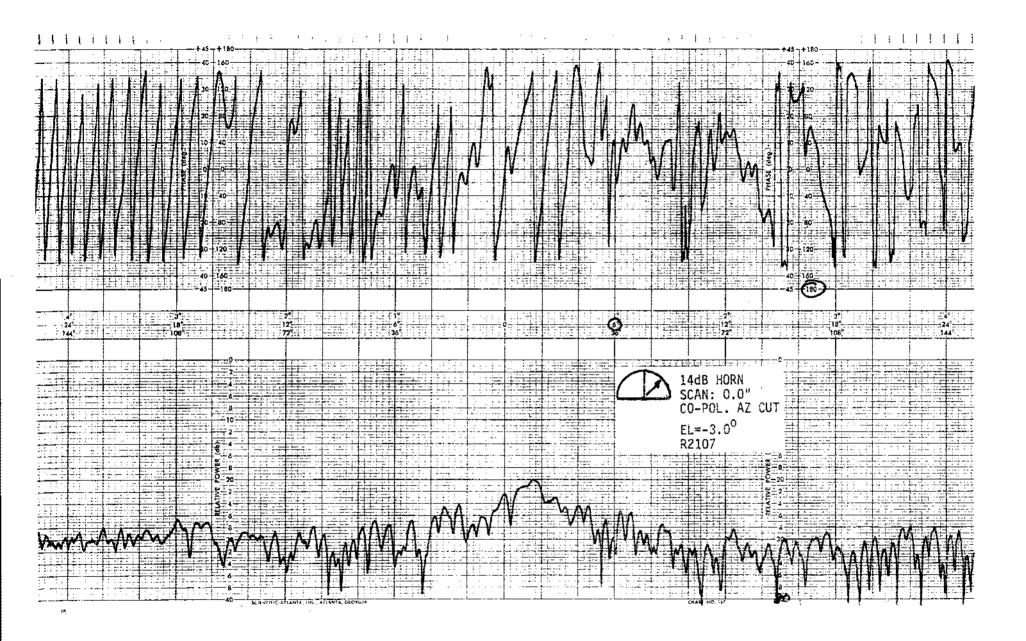


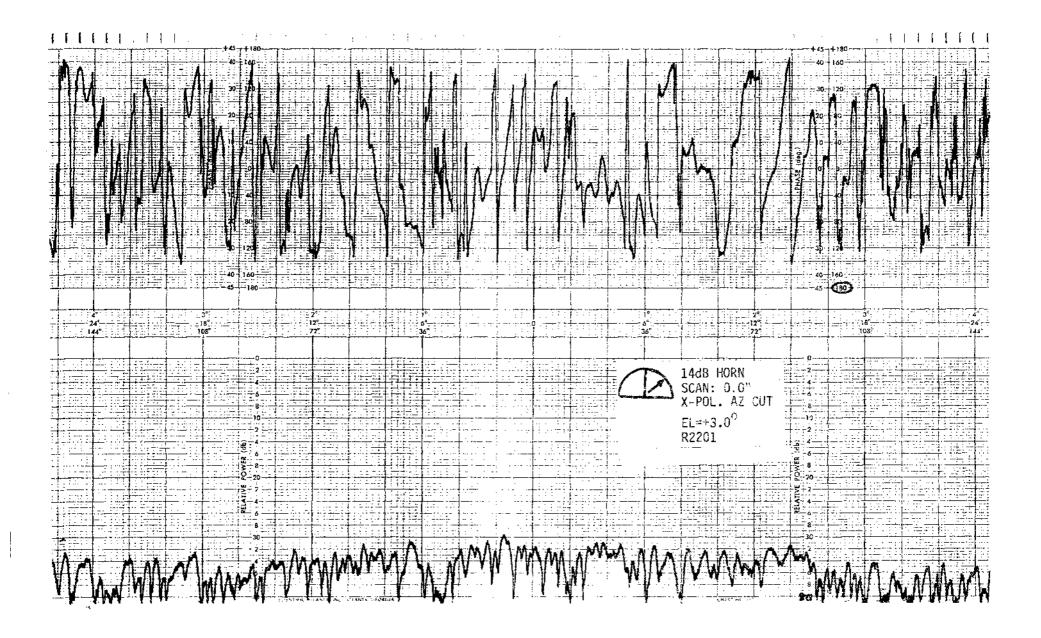


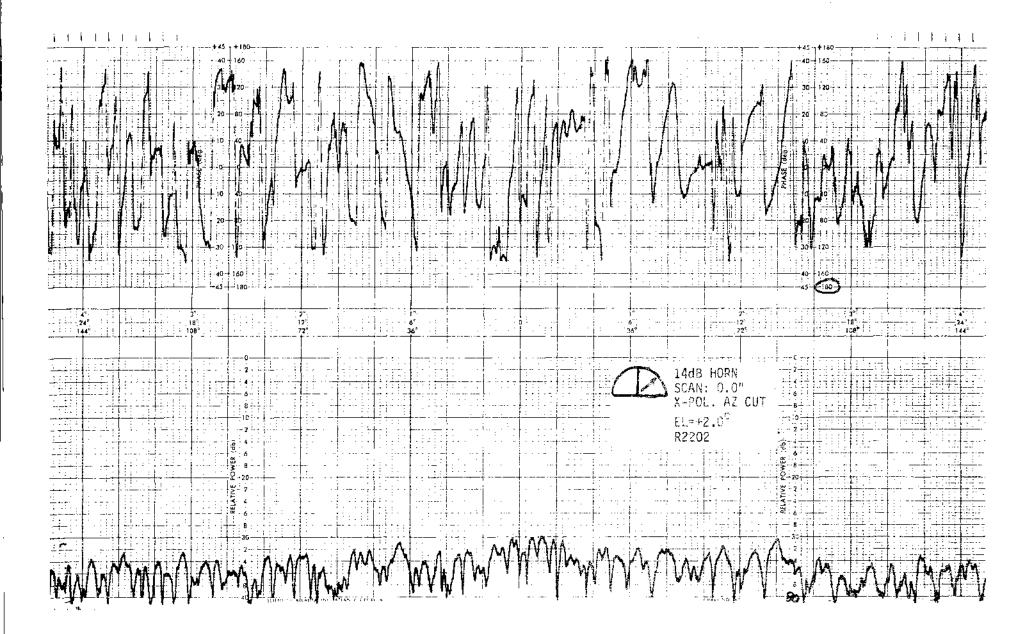


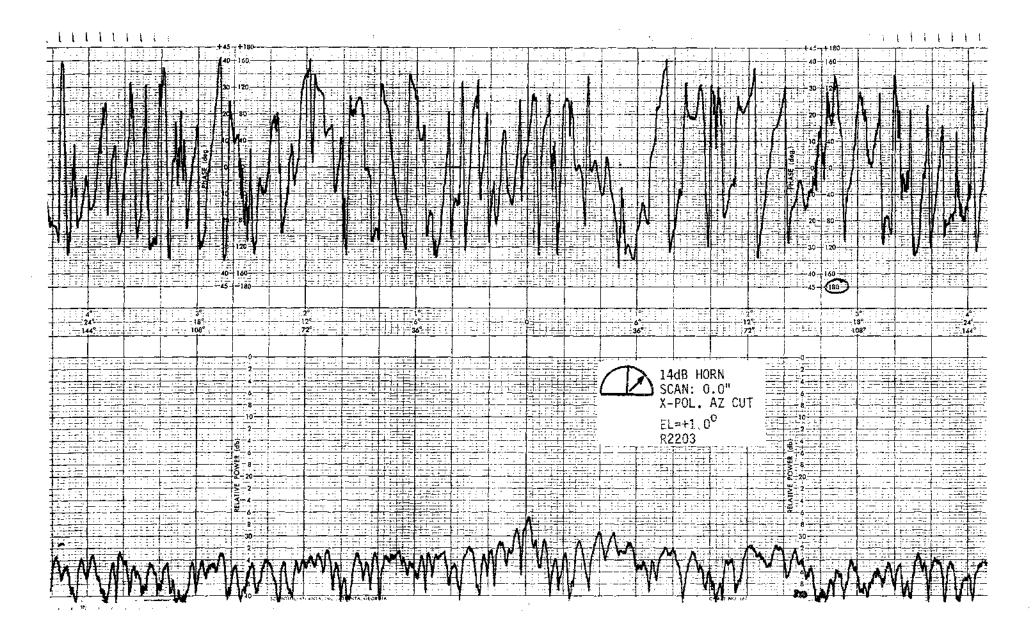


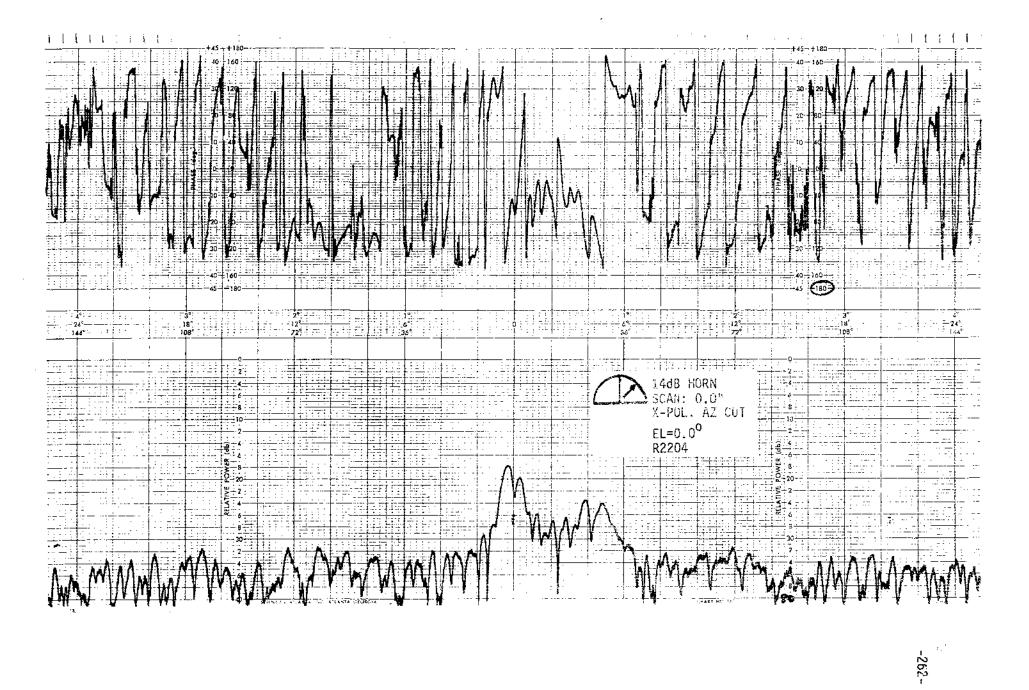


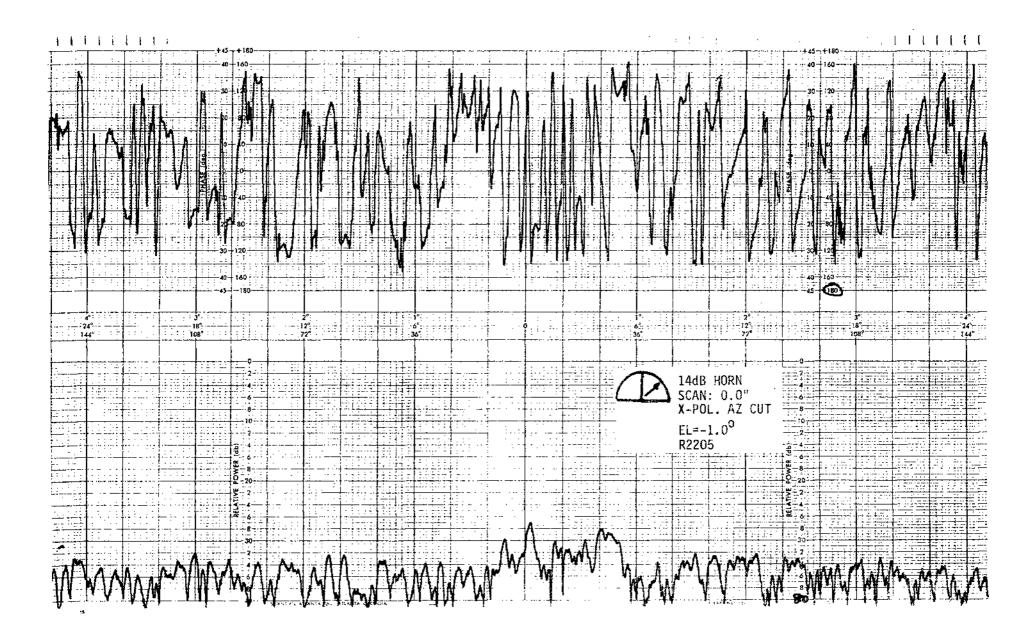


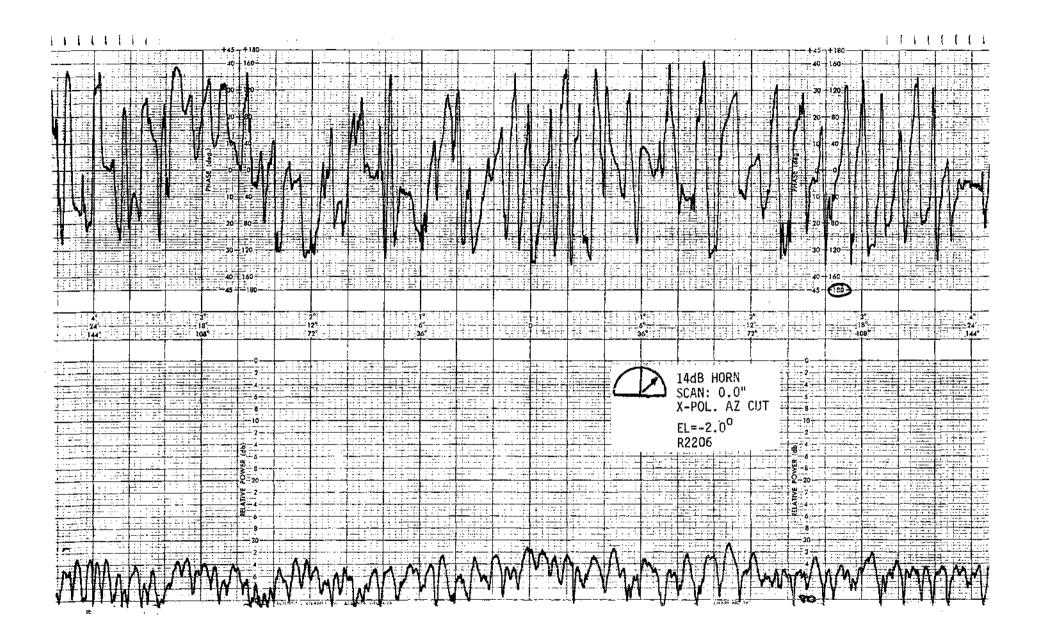


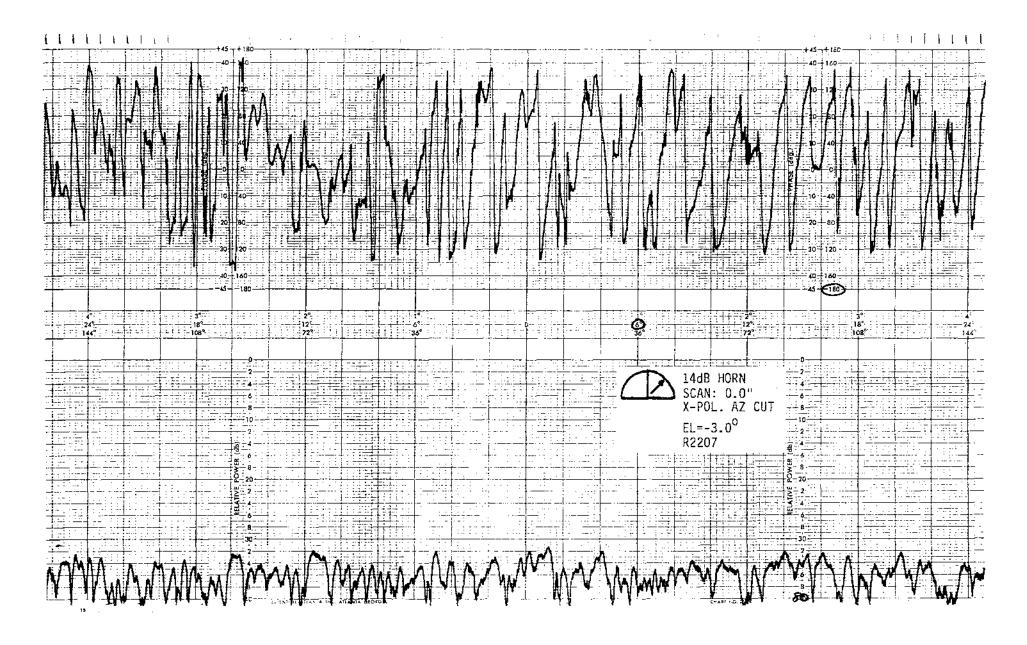


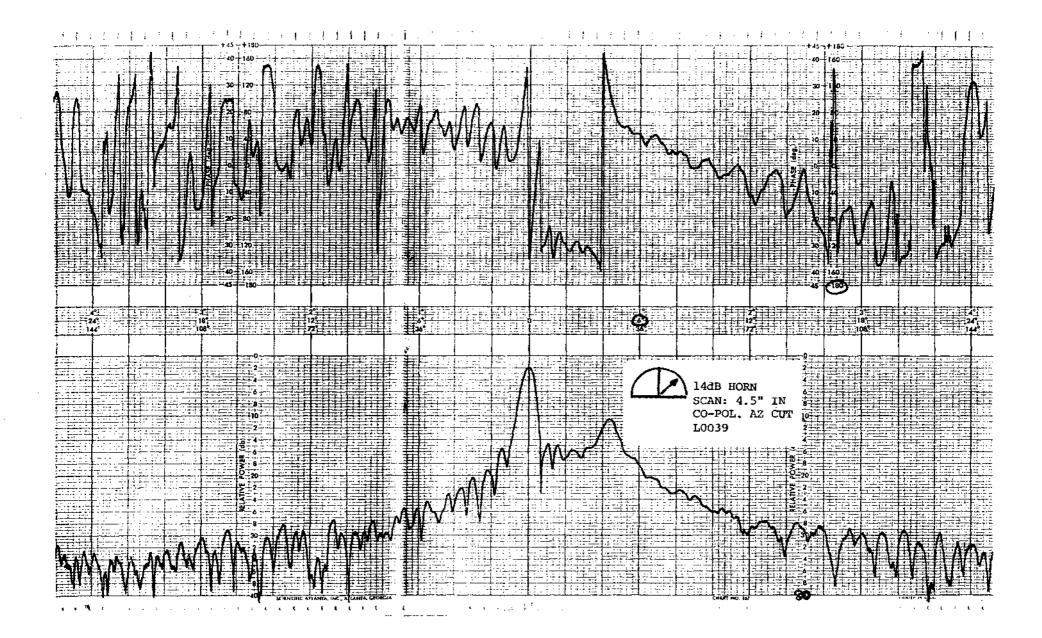


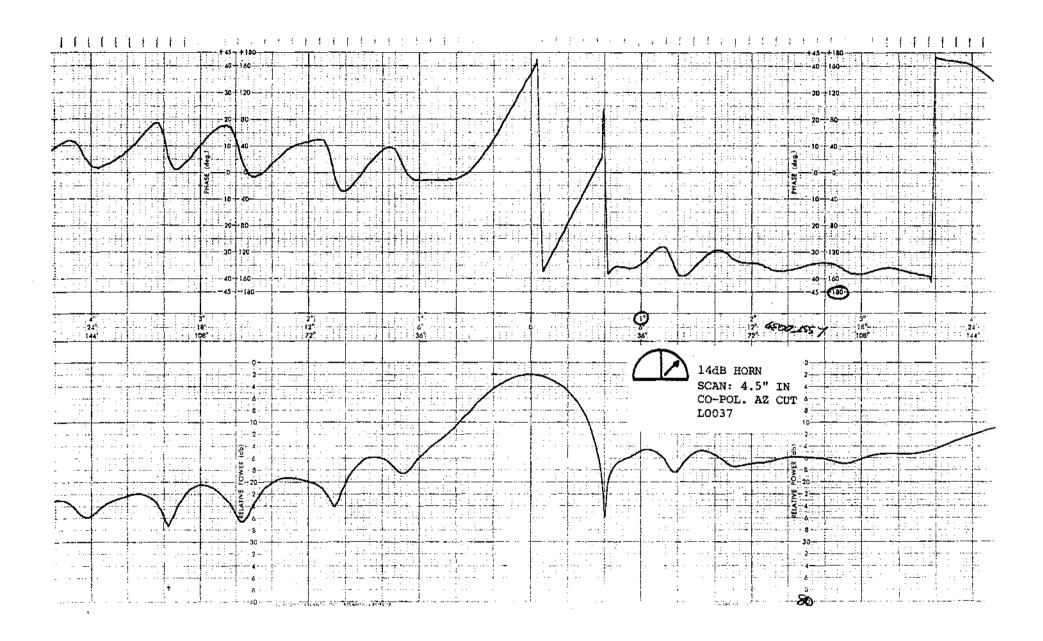


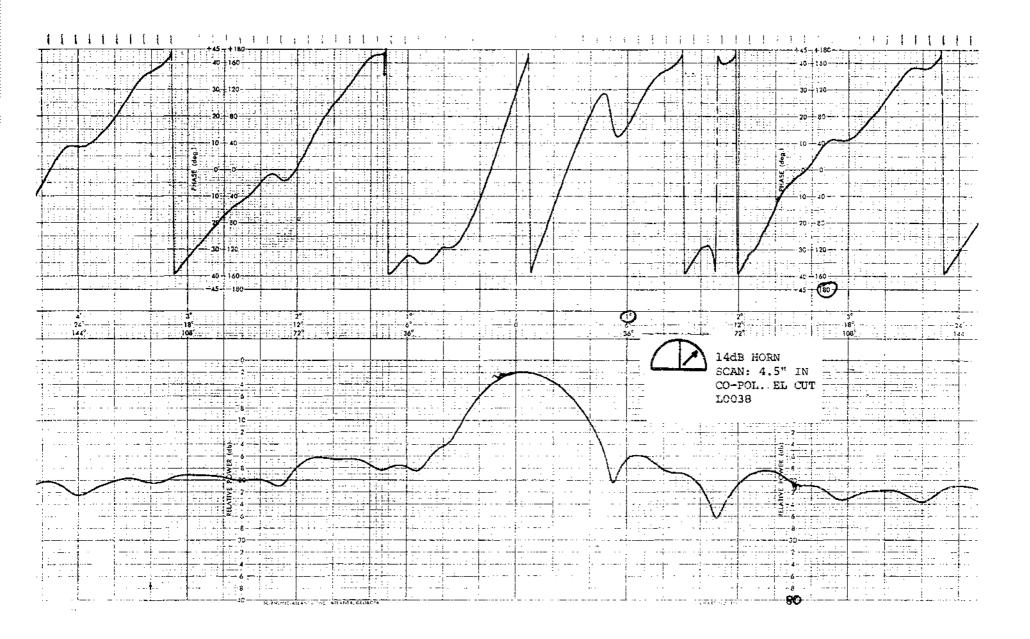


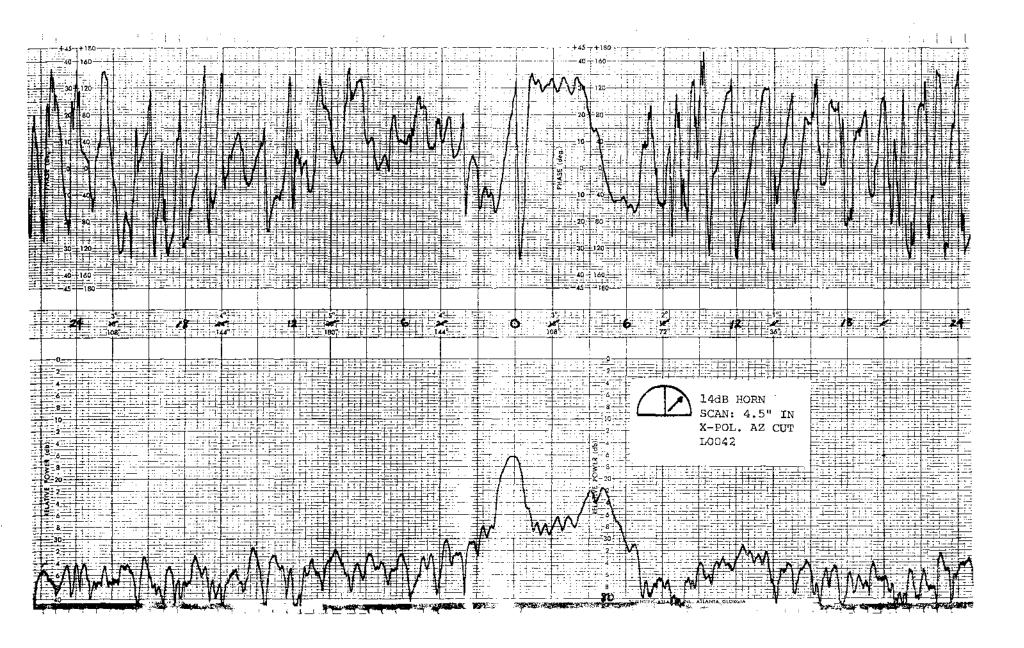


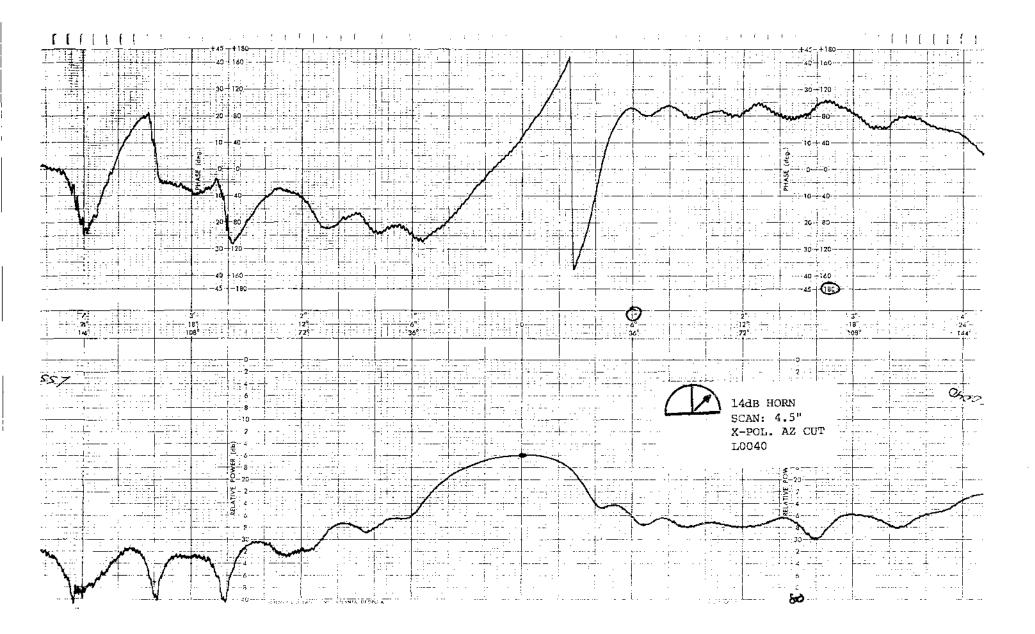


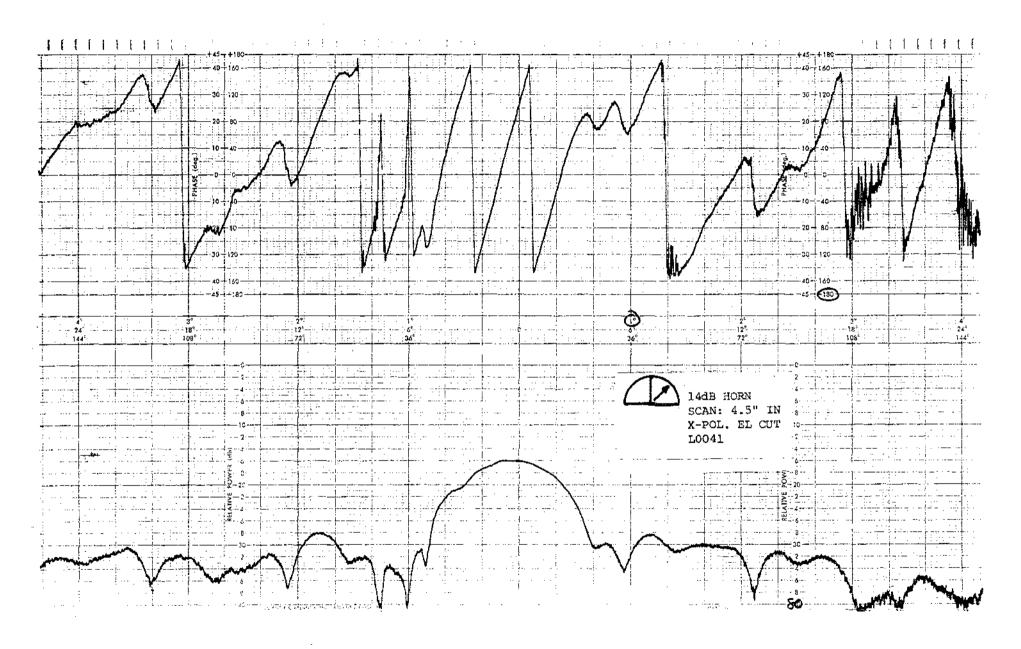


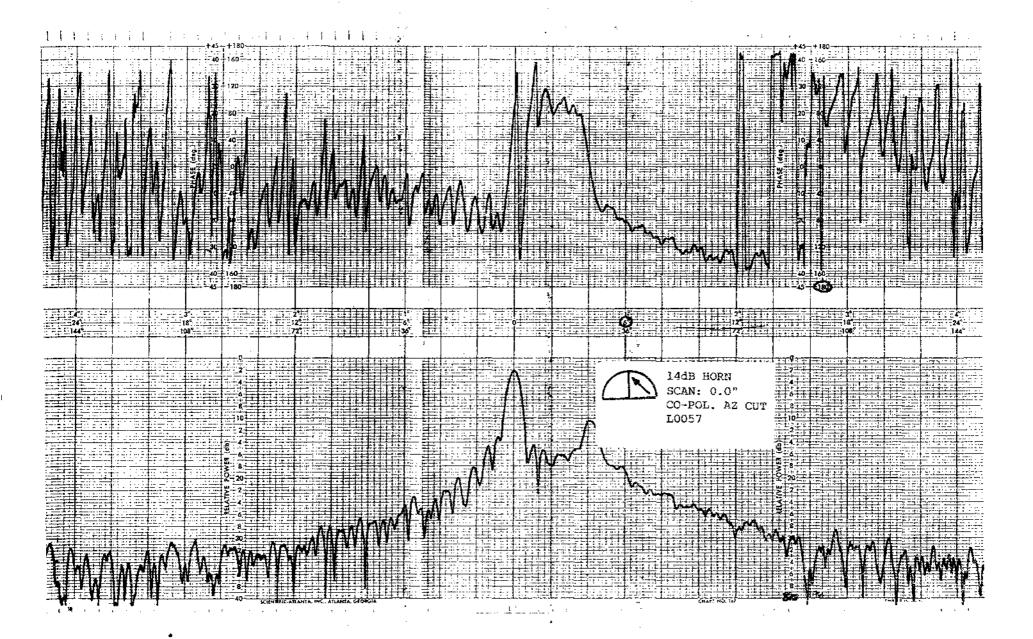


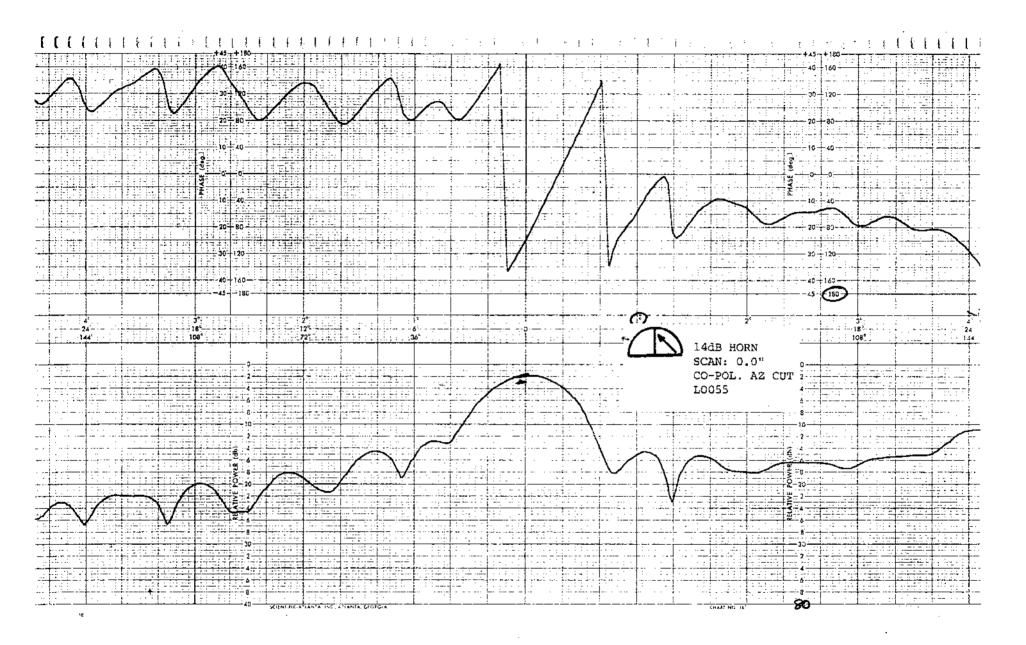


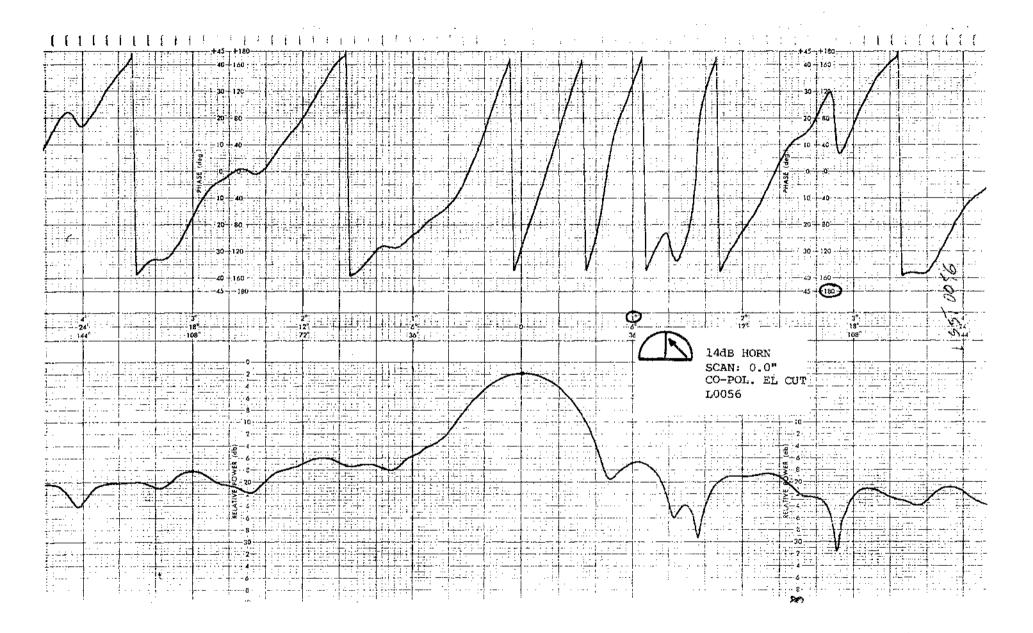


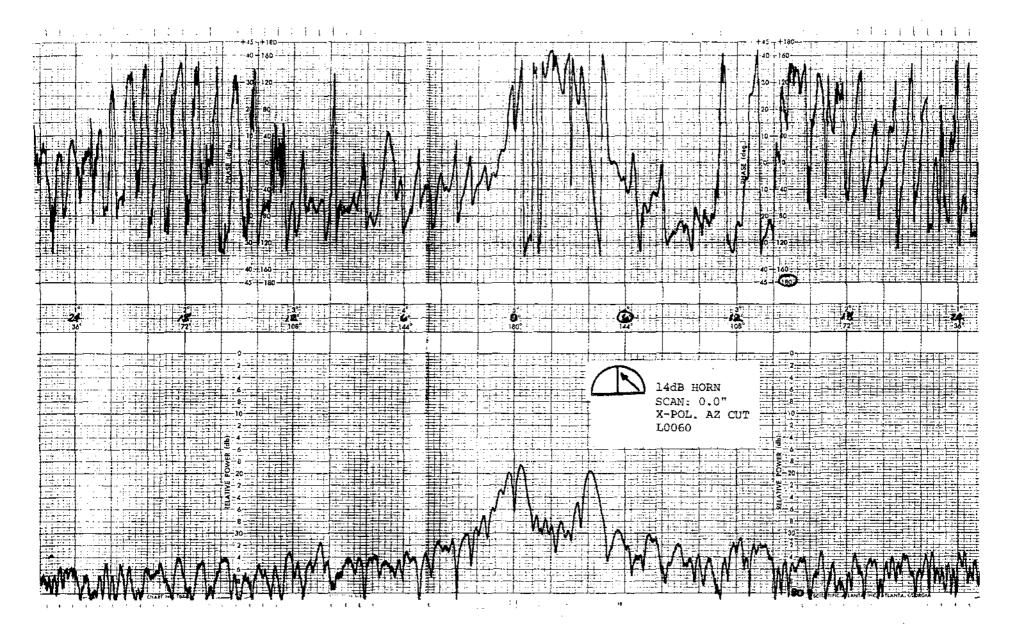


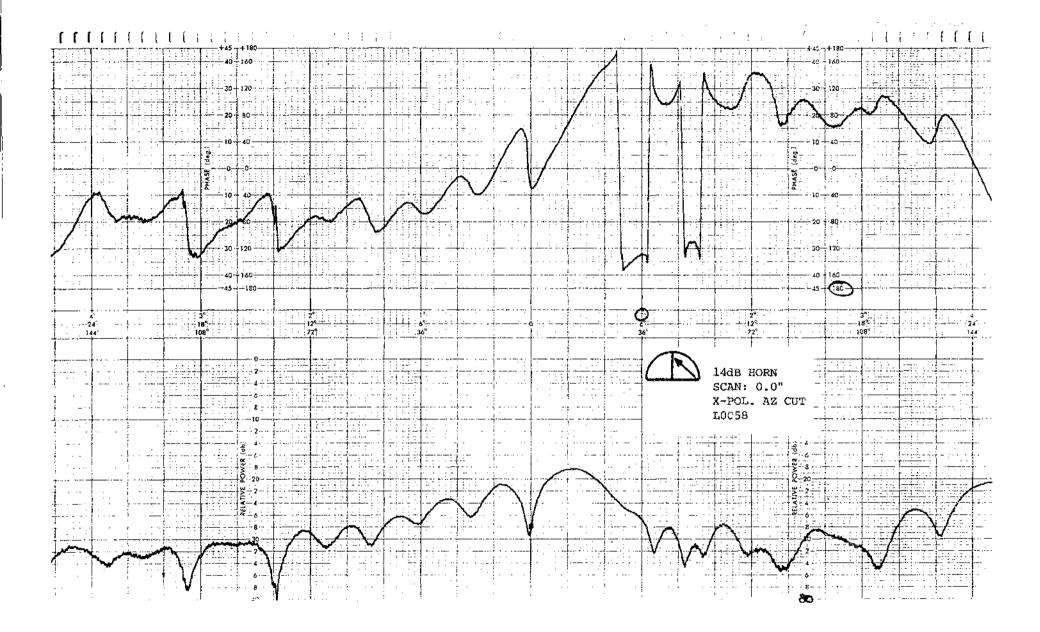


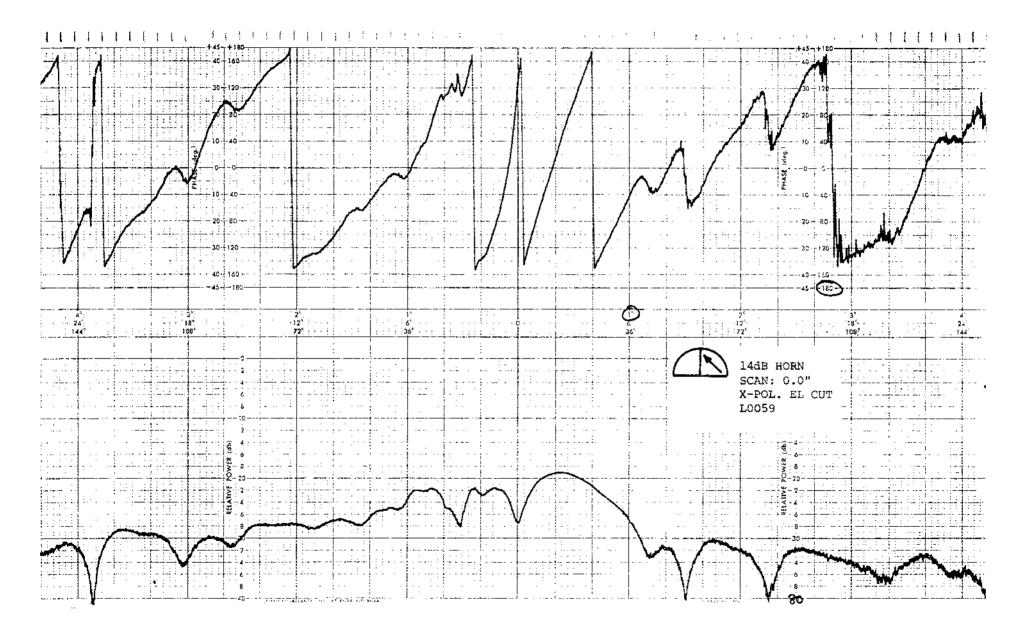






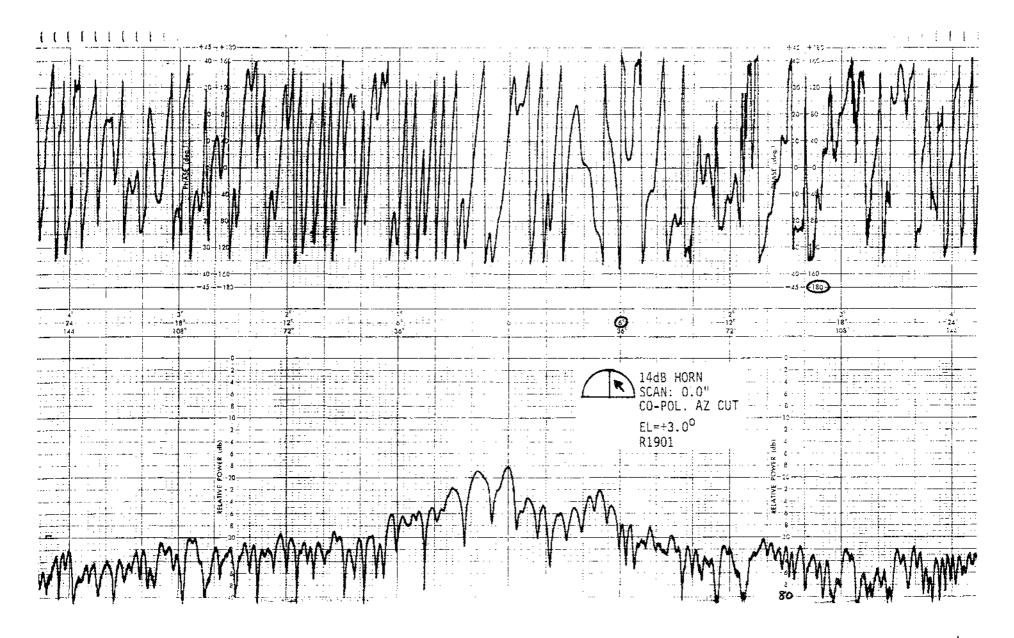


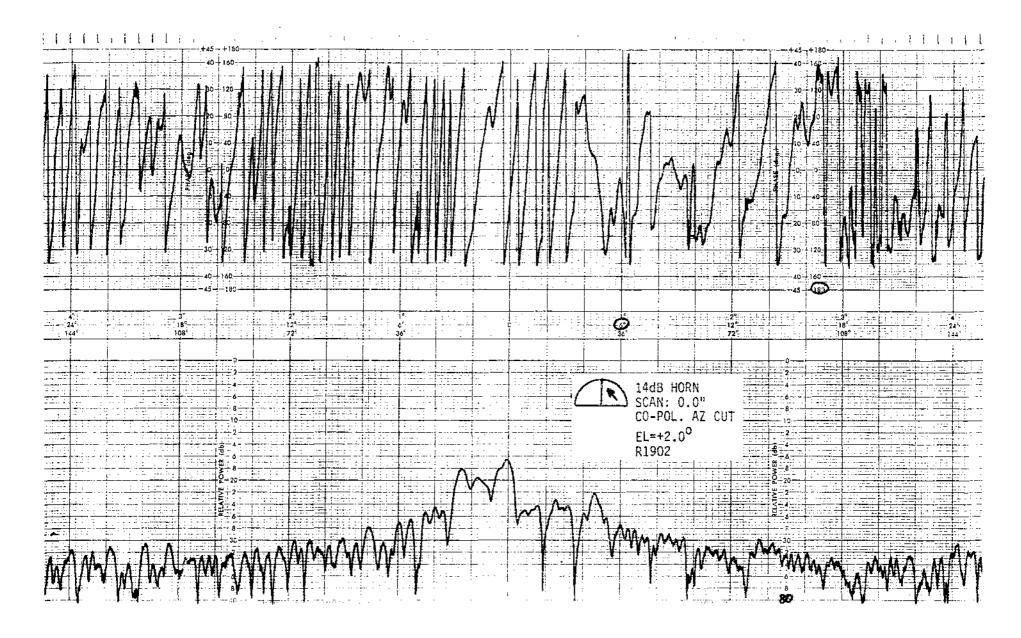


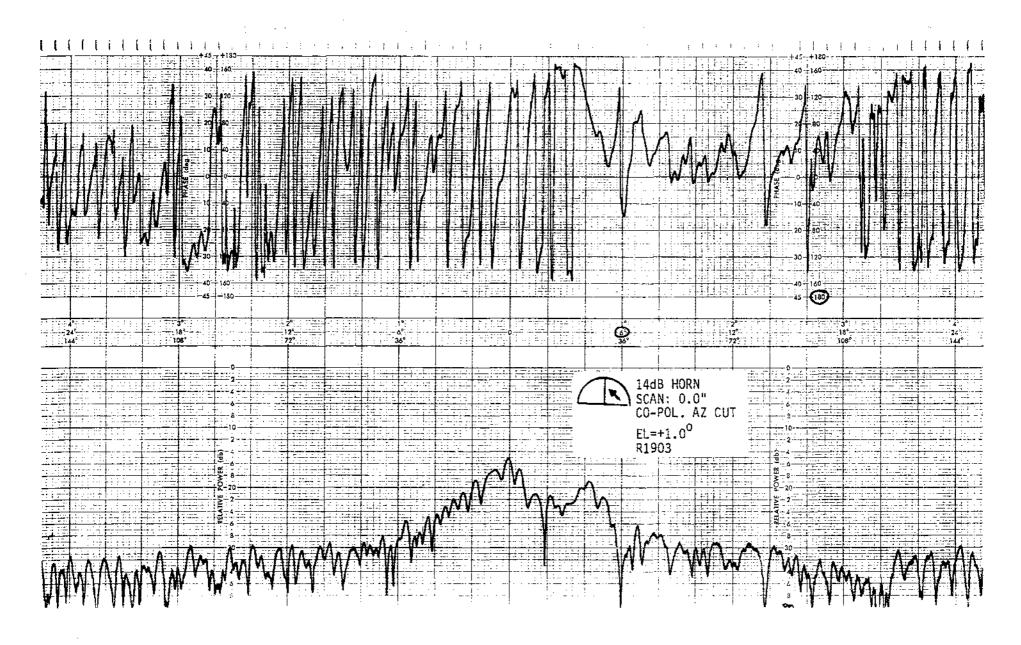


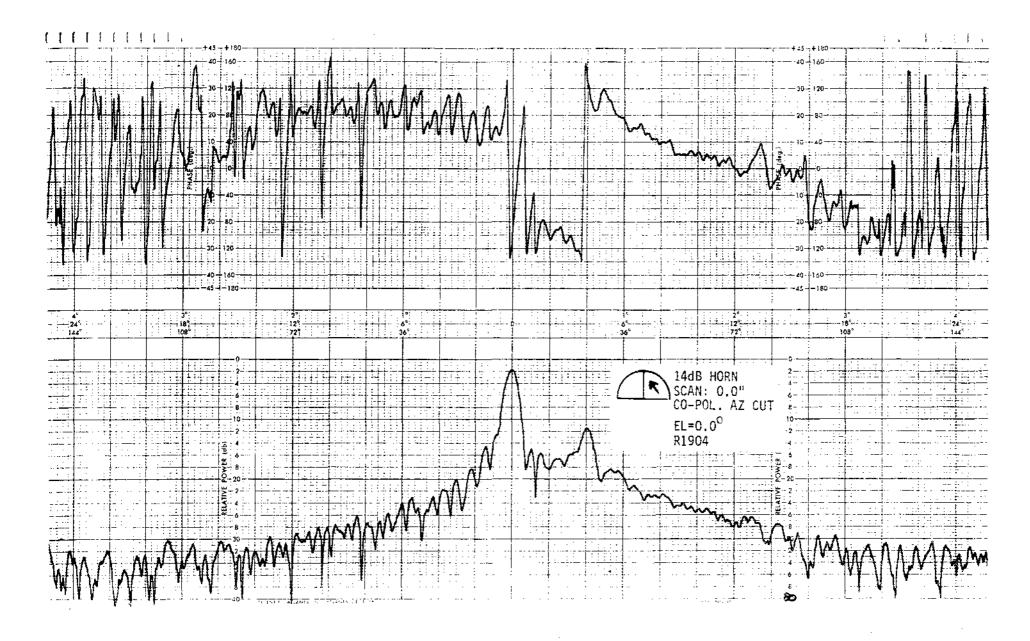
LSST - IX

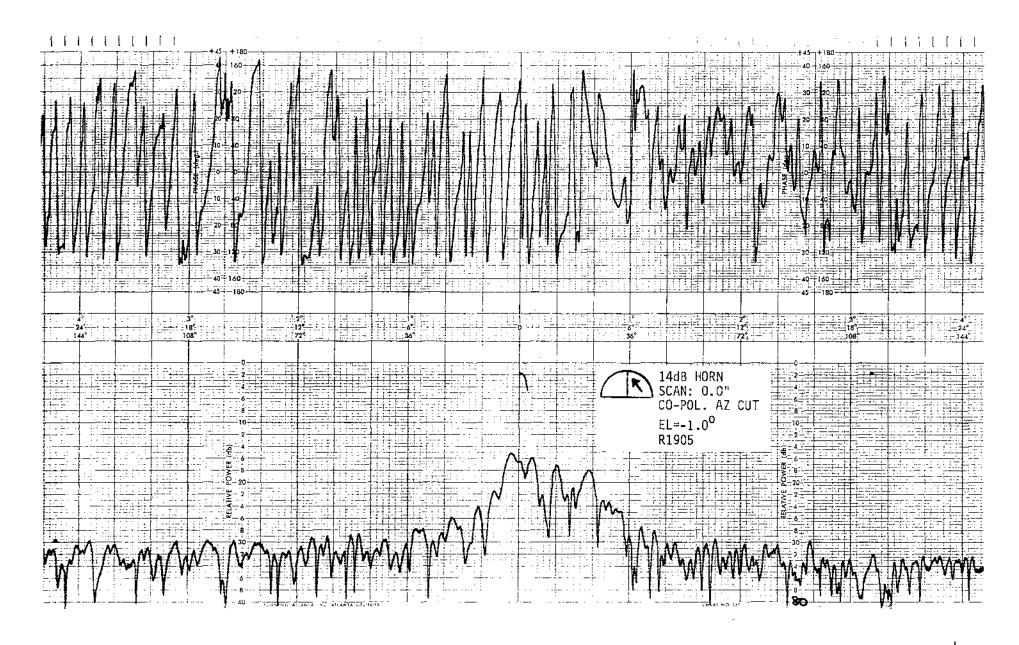
CONFIGURATION	SECONDARY PATTERN LOG HORN SCAN POL. PK. GAIN PATTERN						FILE	PAGE
CONTIGURATION	HONT	SCAN	POL.	PK. GAIN	PATTER	<u>N</u>	NAME	NUMBER
	14 dB	0.0"	CO	-	+3 ^O EL + 45	O AZ	R1901	279
/ 	**	19	ŤĬ.	-	+2°EL	**	R1902	280
	n	ř†	**	-	+1°EL	11	R1903	281
	"	11	Ħ	50.55	OOEL	,,	R1904	282
	It	*1	11	_	-1°EL	ττ	R1905	283
	y s	11	11	-	-2°EL	14	R1906	284
	11	11	**		-3°EL	11	R1907	285
	1.4 dB	0.0"	X	_	+3°EL + 45°	O _{AZ}	R2001	286
	11	11	***	-	+2°EL:	1	R2002	287
	ŧr	Ħ	11	-	+1°EL	1	R2003	288
	11	†1	rt .	_	0°EL	1	R2004	289
	11	**	11	-	-1°EL	r	R2005	290
	Ir	11	11	****	-2°EI,	•	R2006	291
*	11	11	ŧī	-	-3°EL	1	R2007	292
	14 dB 0.0" CO - +3°EL +45°AZ				AZ.	R2501	293	
	11	11	11		+2°EL		R2502	294
1	H	н	Ħ	_	+1°EL	,	R2503	295
	11	rı	11	50.35	O°EL '	1	R2504	295 296
	п	**	11	_	-1°EL	1	R2505	290 297
	11	tt	11	_	-2°EL '	1	R2506	298
	**	11	11	-a-	-3°EL '	•	R2507	298 299
	•				3 EH		R2307	299
	14 dB	0.0"	X	-	+3°EL + 45°	AZ	R2601	300
	11	11	11	~	+2°EL	Į.	R2602	301
		11	**	_	+1°EL "	İ	R2603	302
	**	11	**	_	O _O EL '	•	R2604	303
	"	**	ŧī	-	-1°EL	I	R2605	304
	Ħ	tr	m	<u></u>	-2°EL 10	I	R2606	305
*	•	11	***	<u></u>	-3°EL "	!	R2607	306

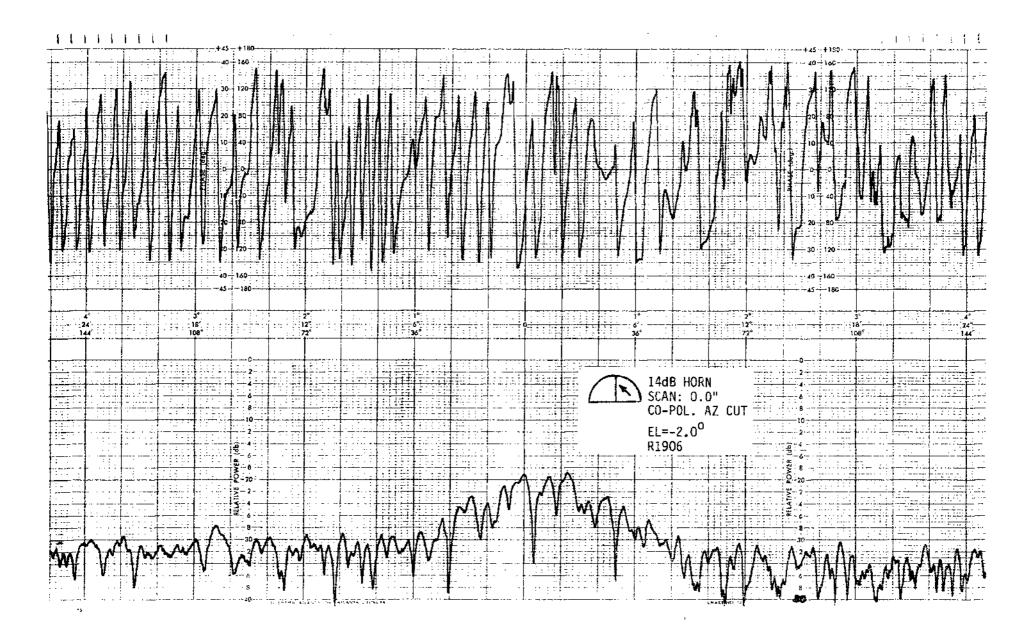


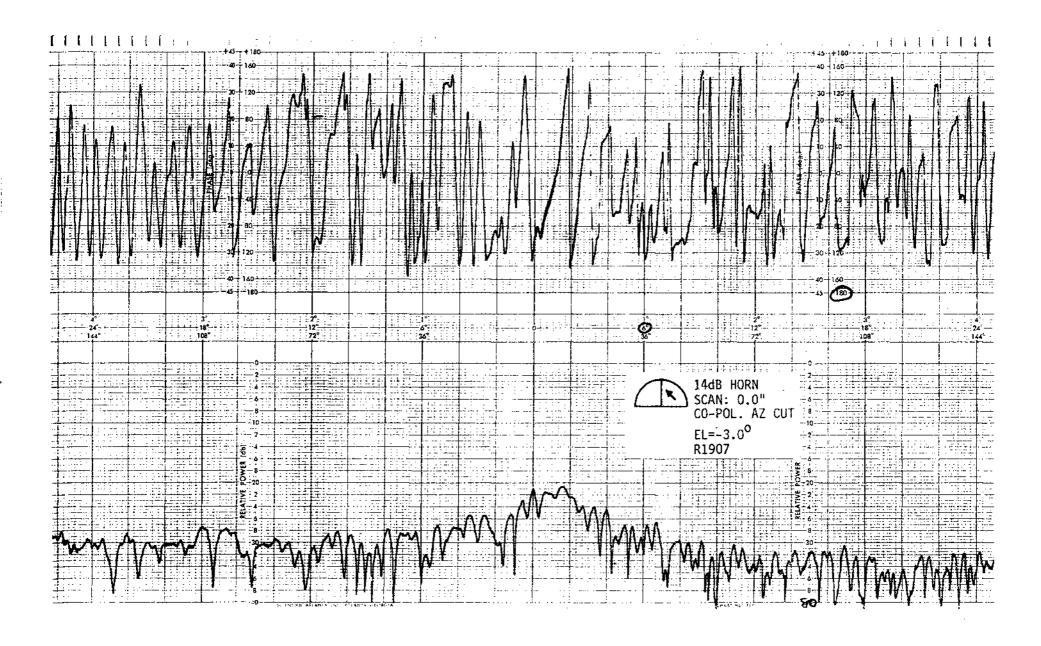


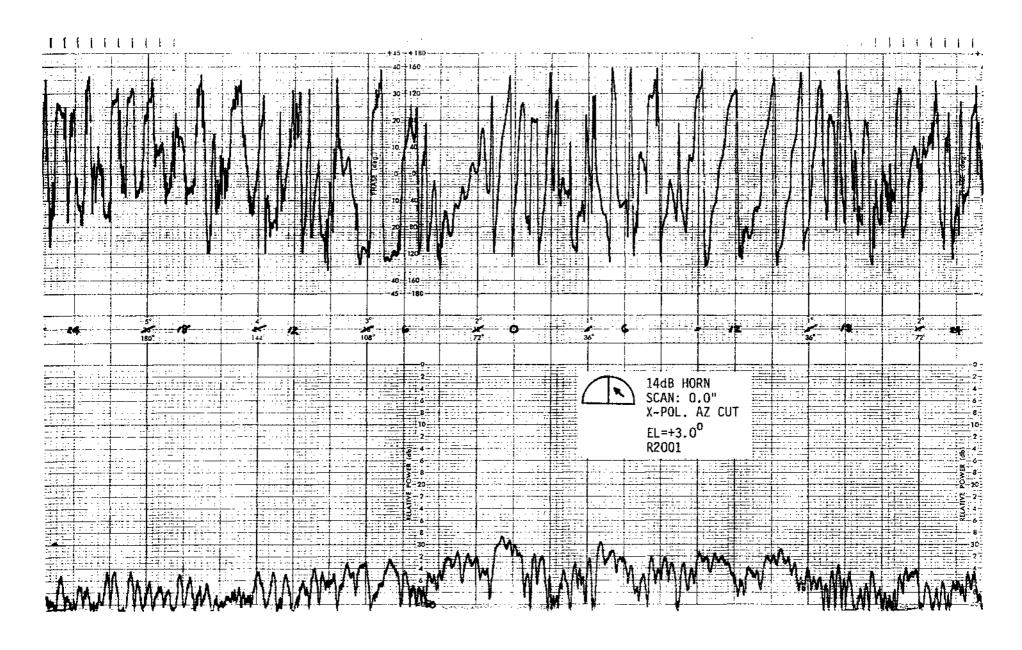


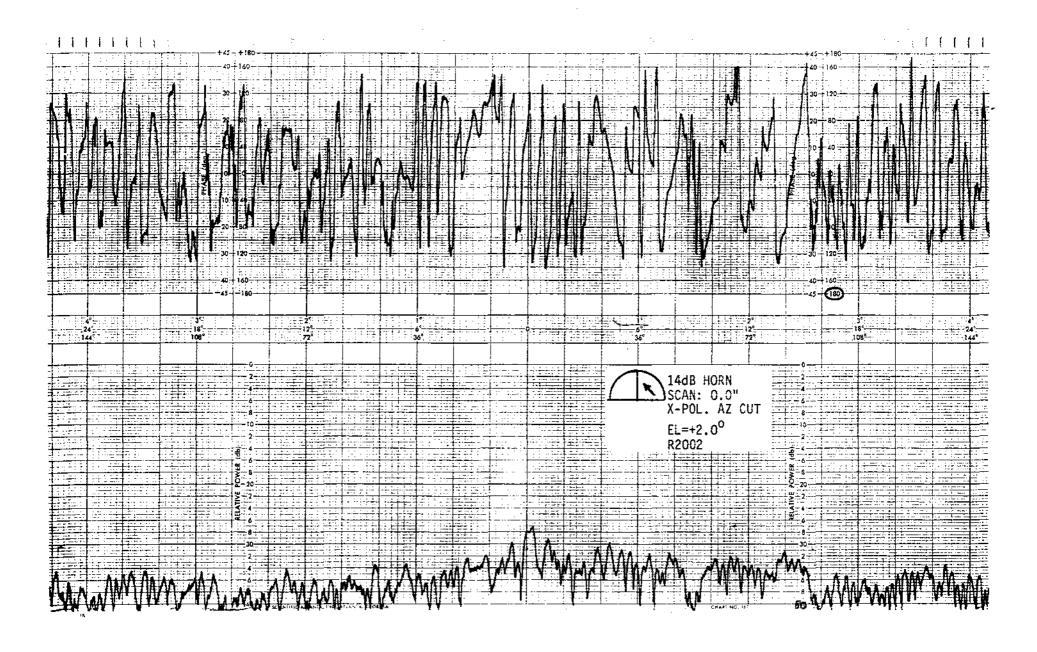


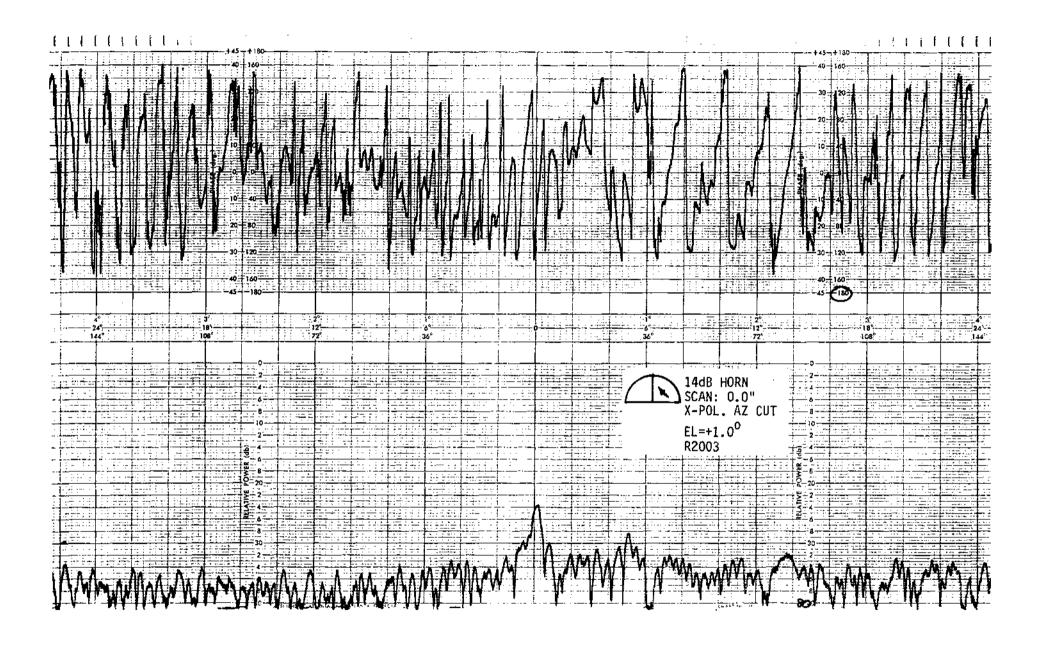


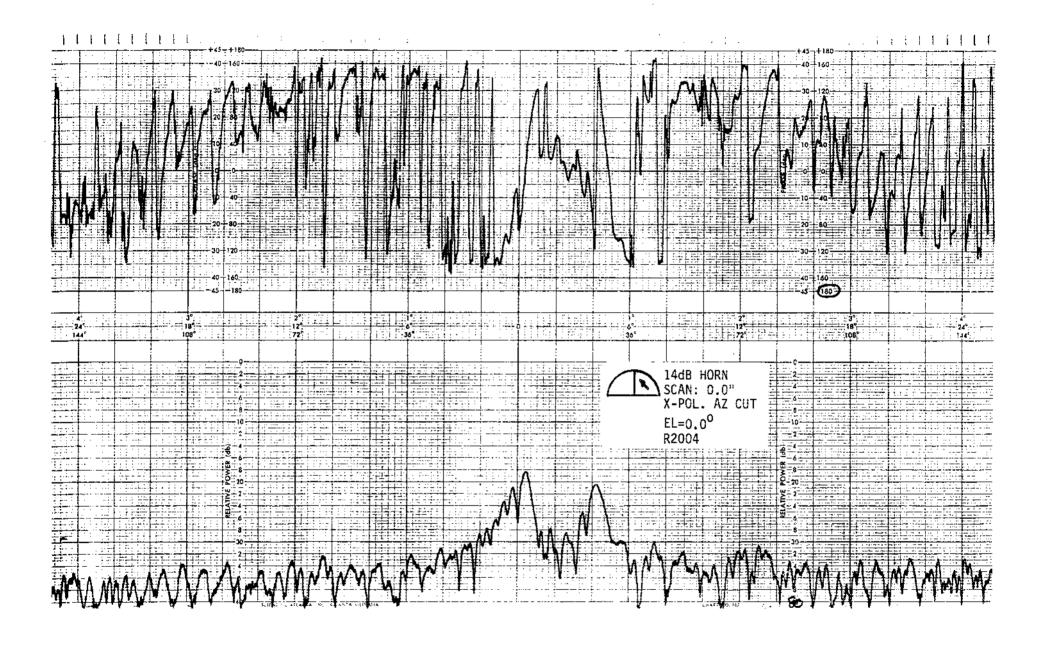


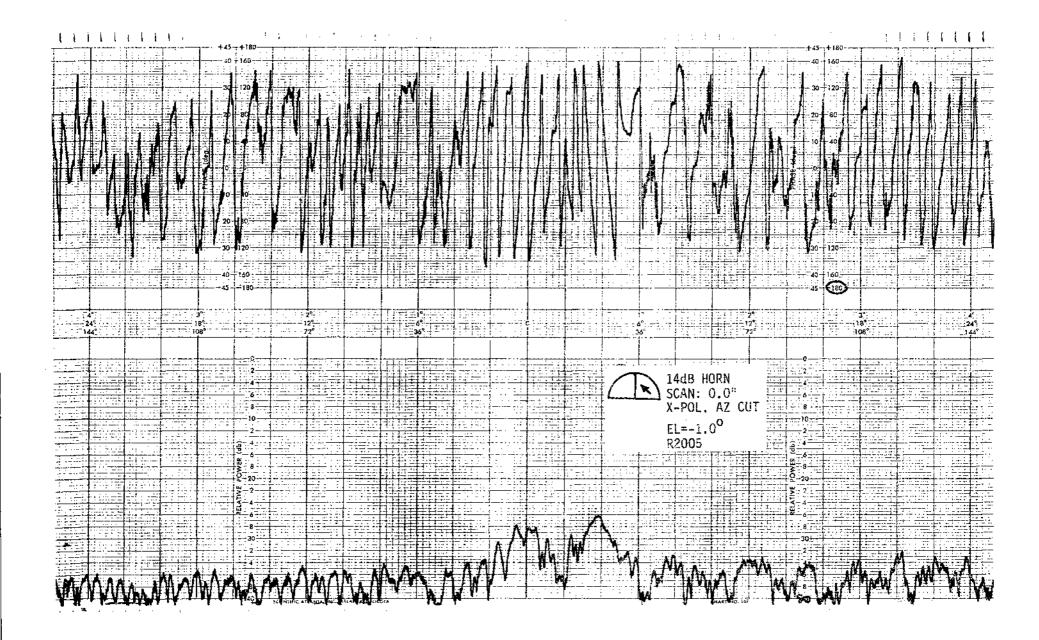


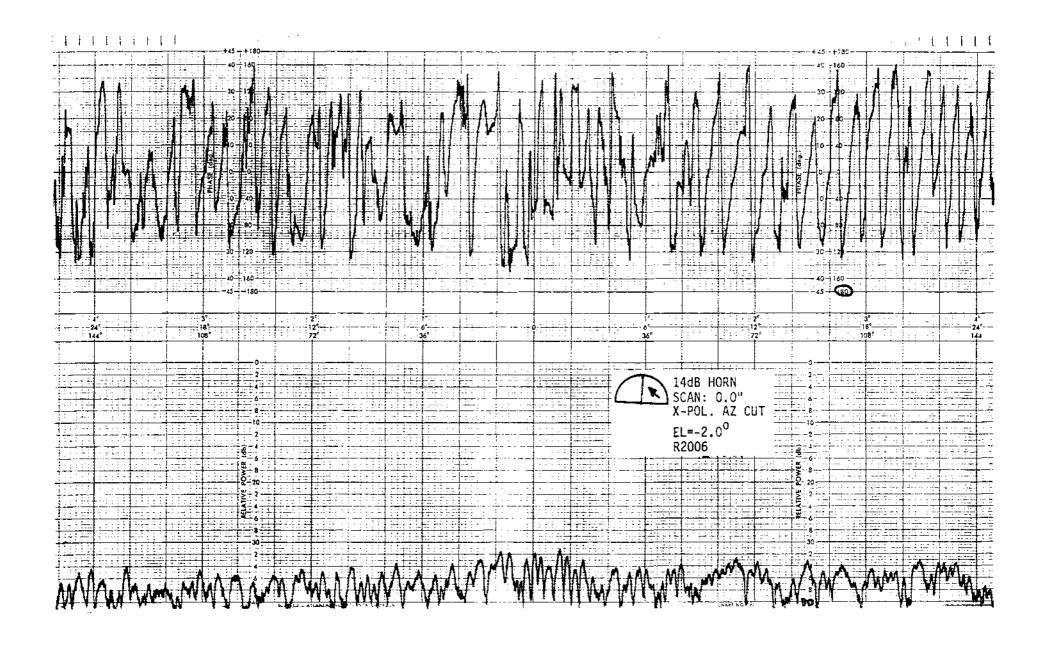


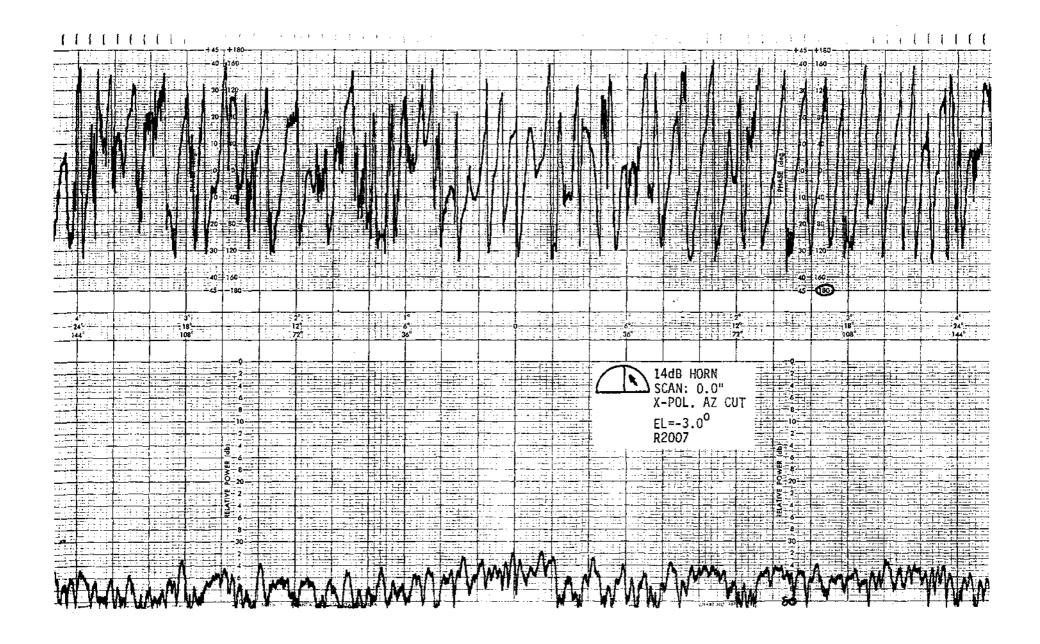


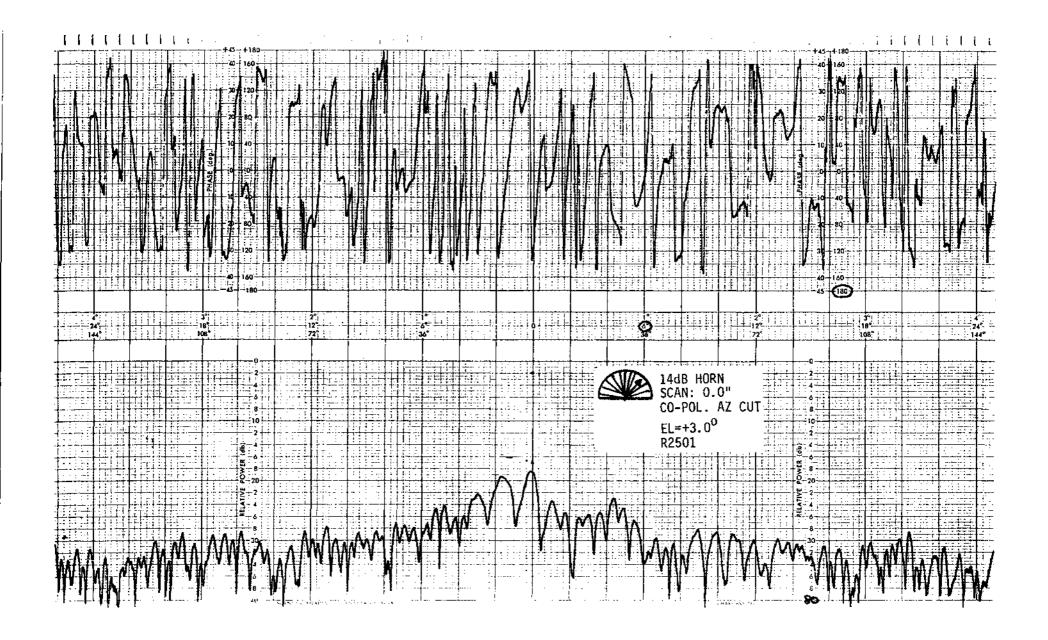


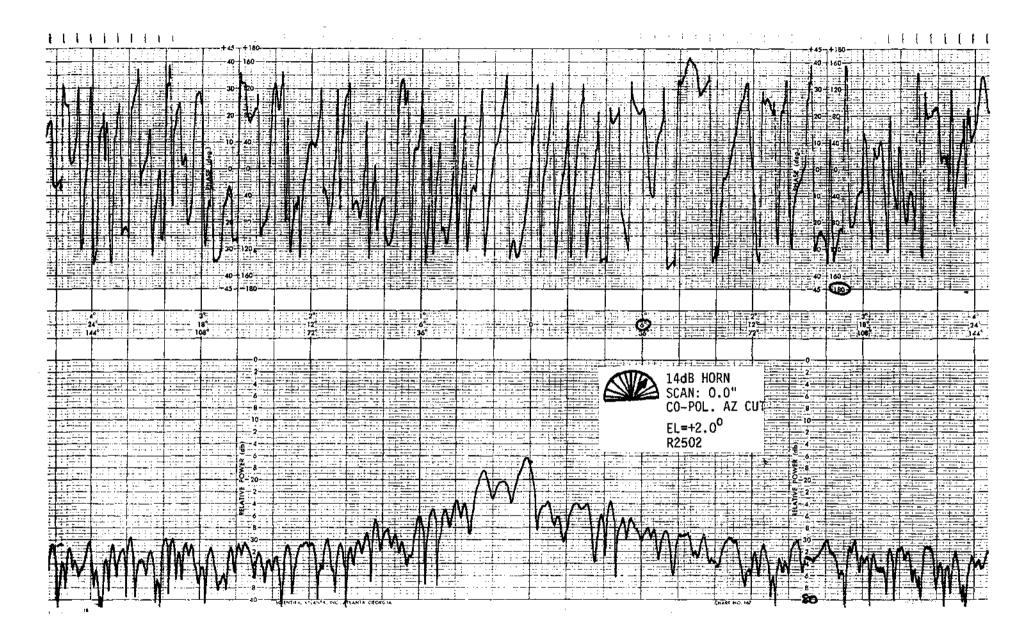


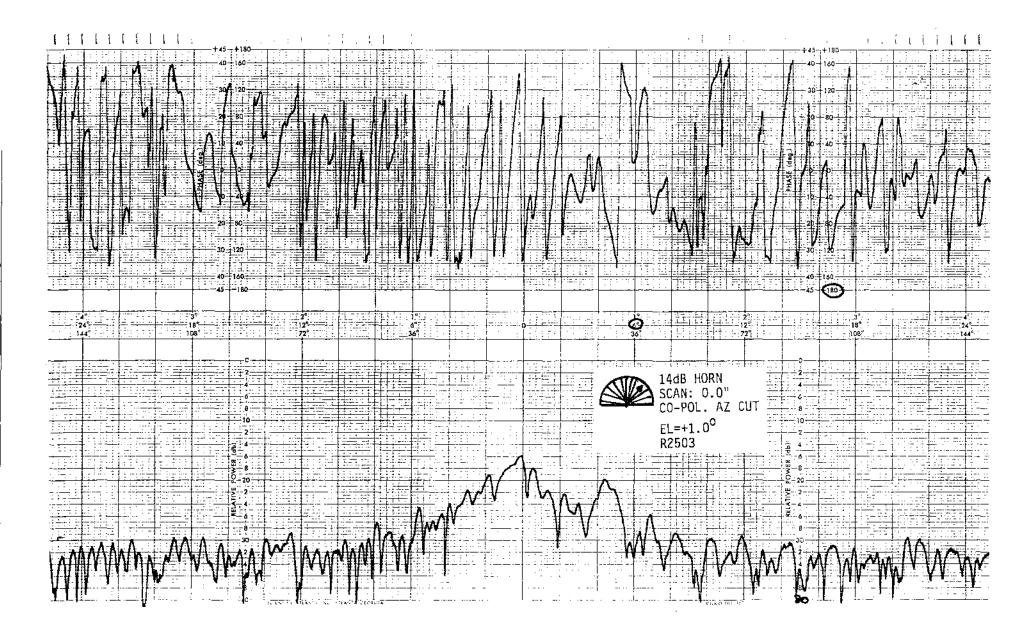


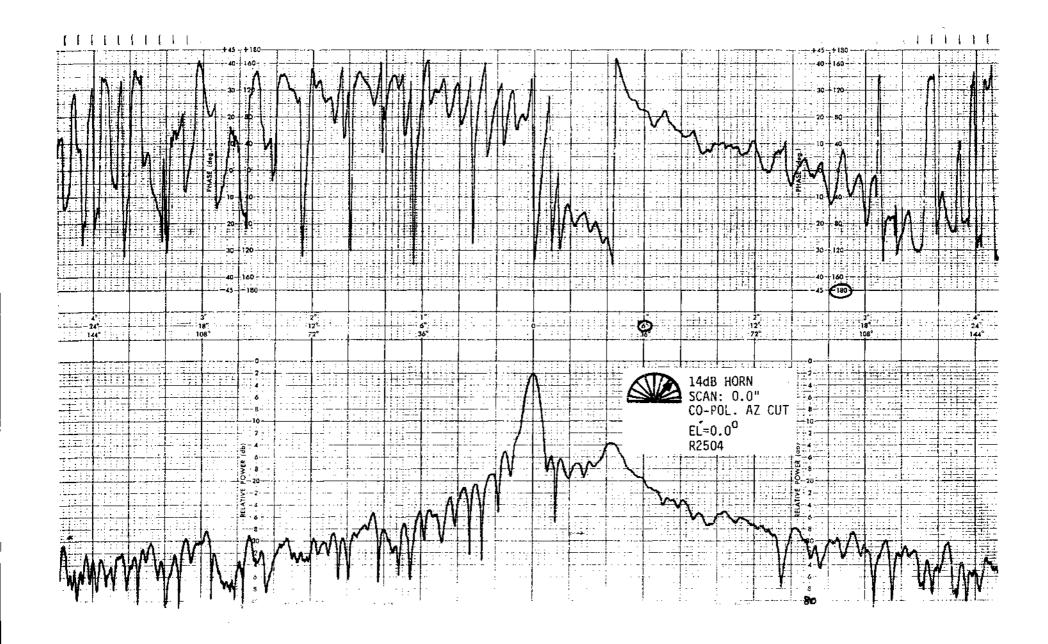










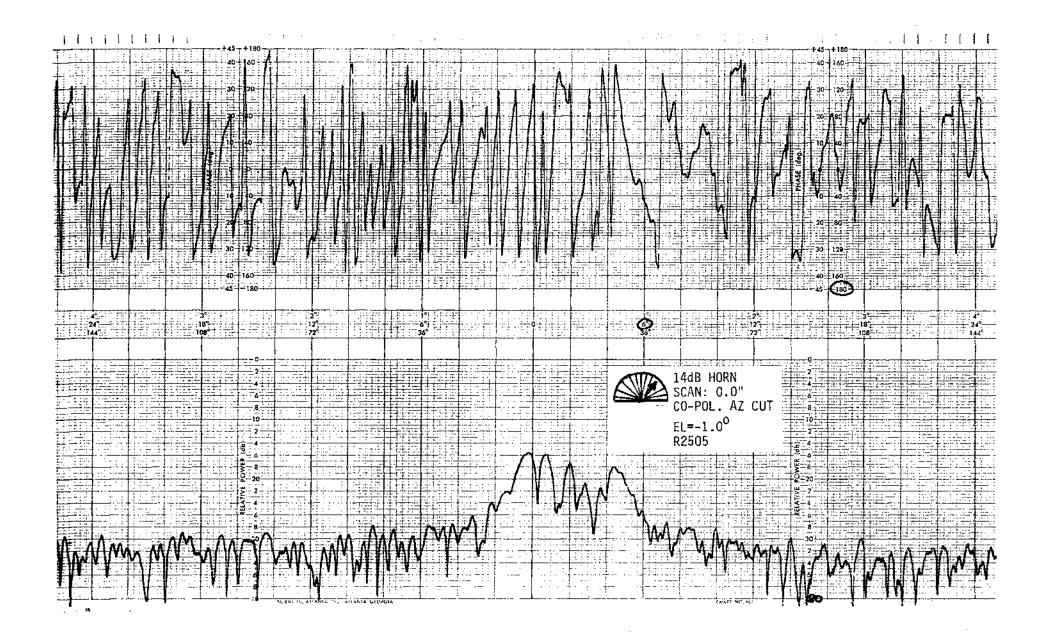


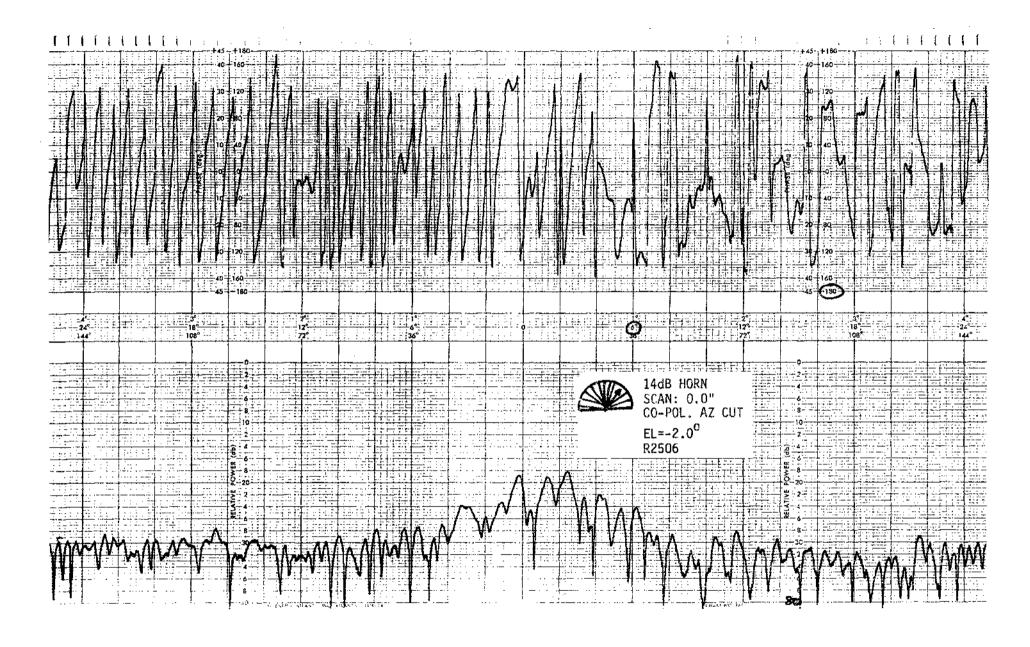
-296-

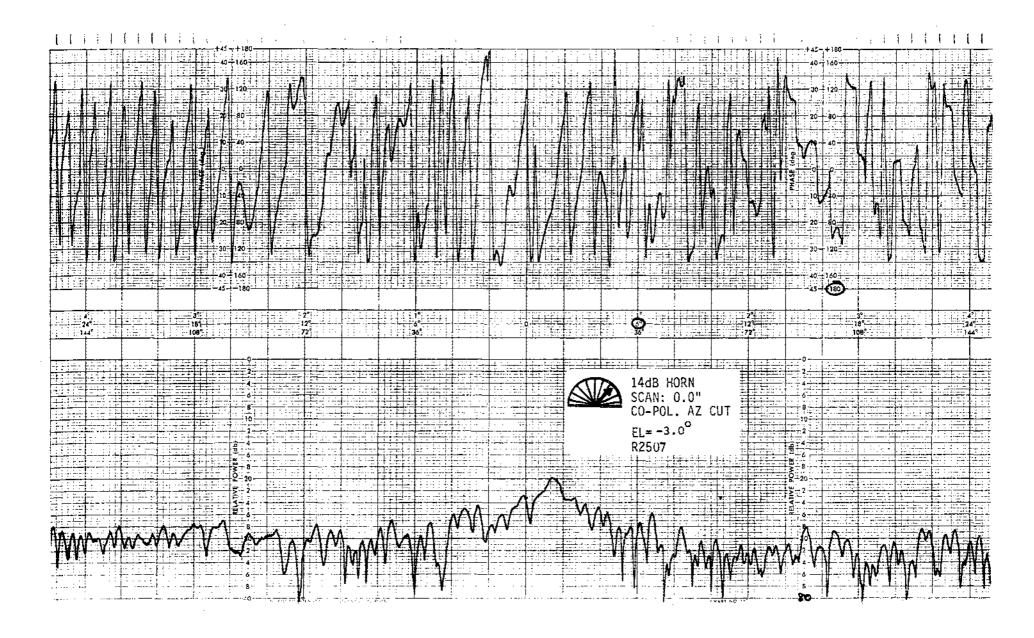
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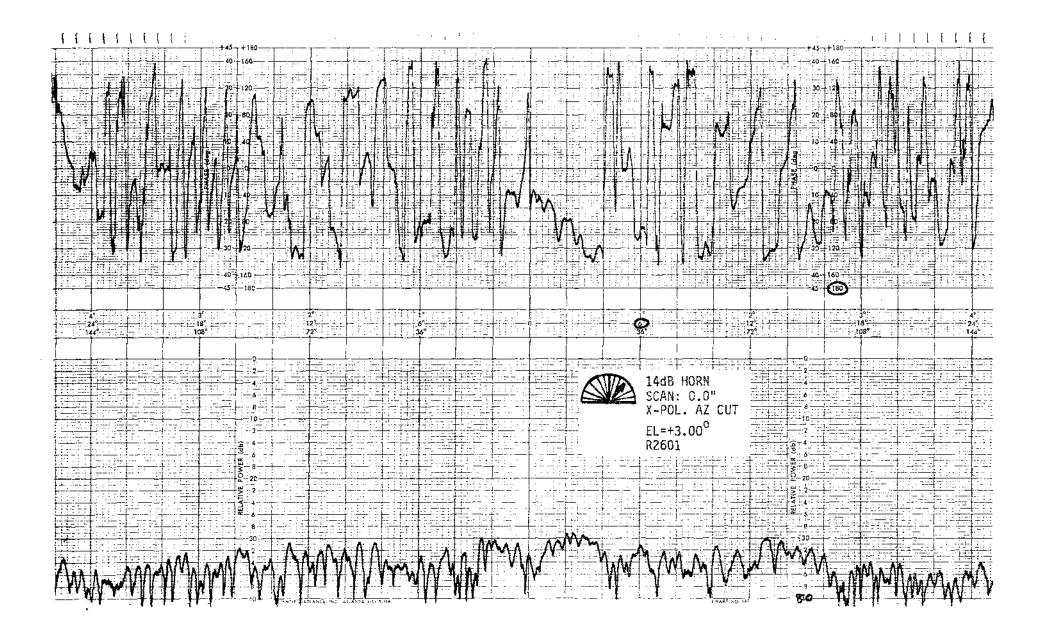
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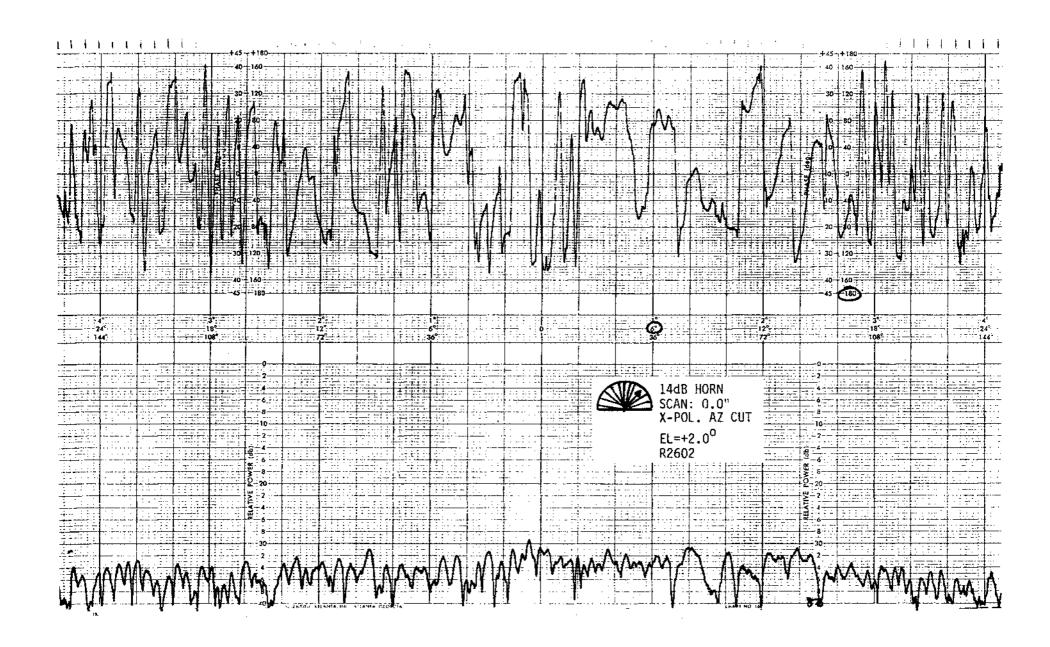
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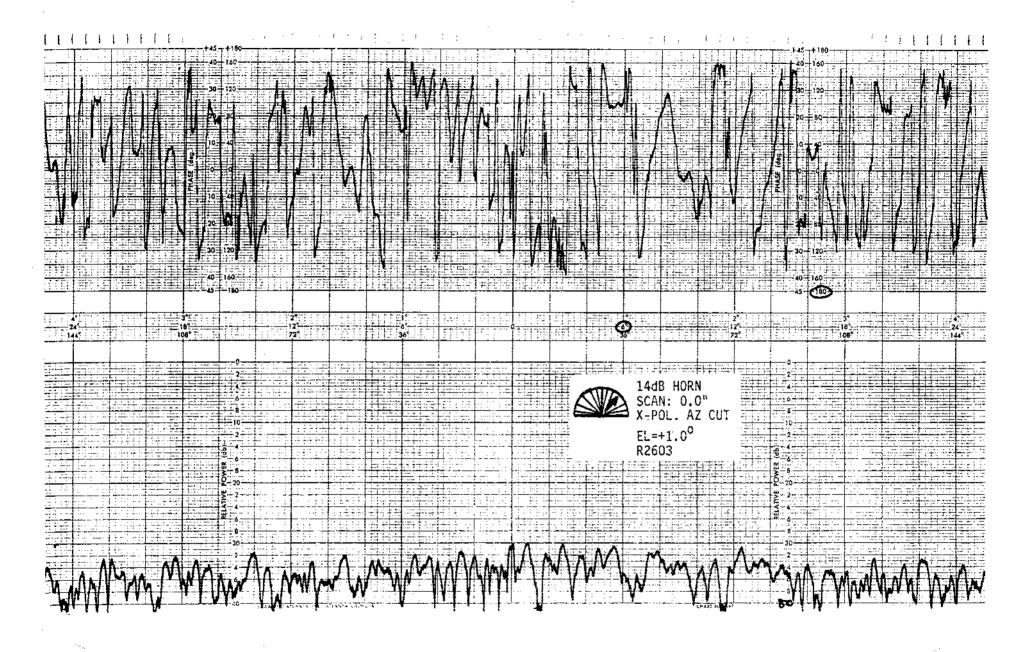


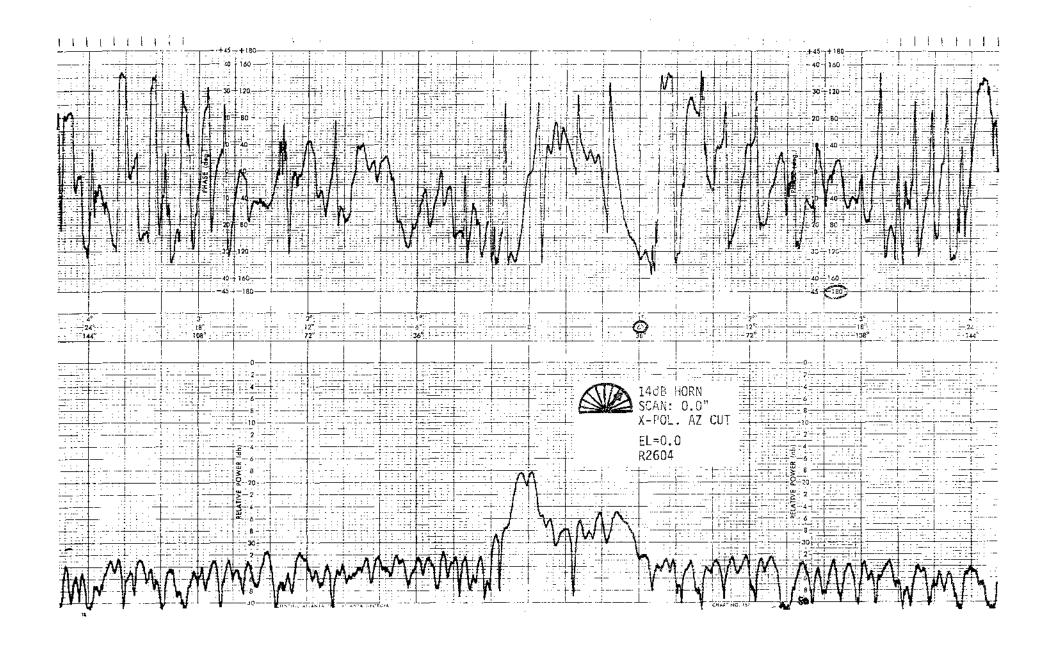


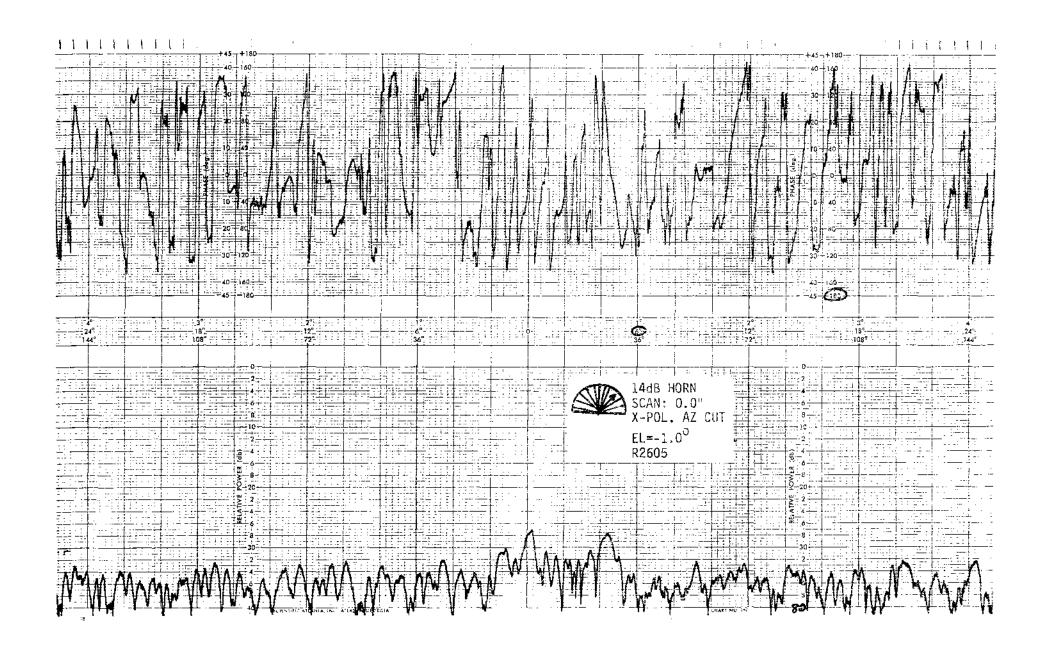


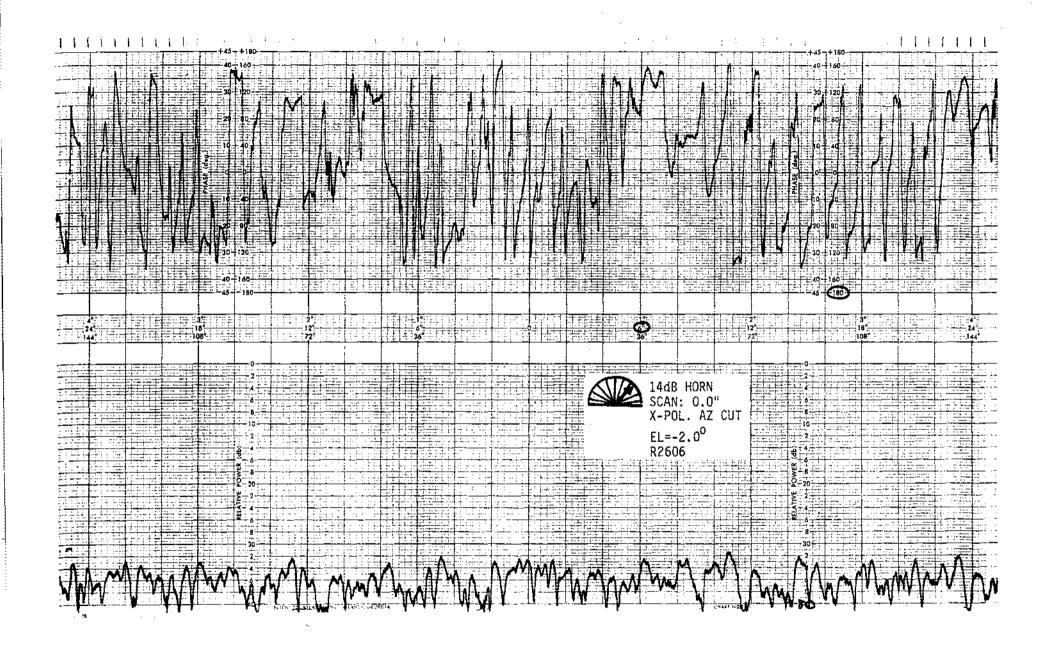


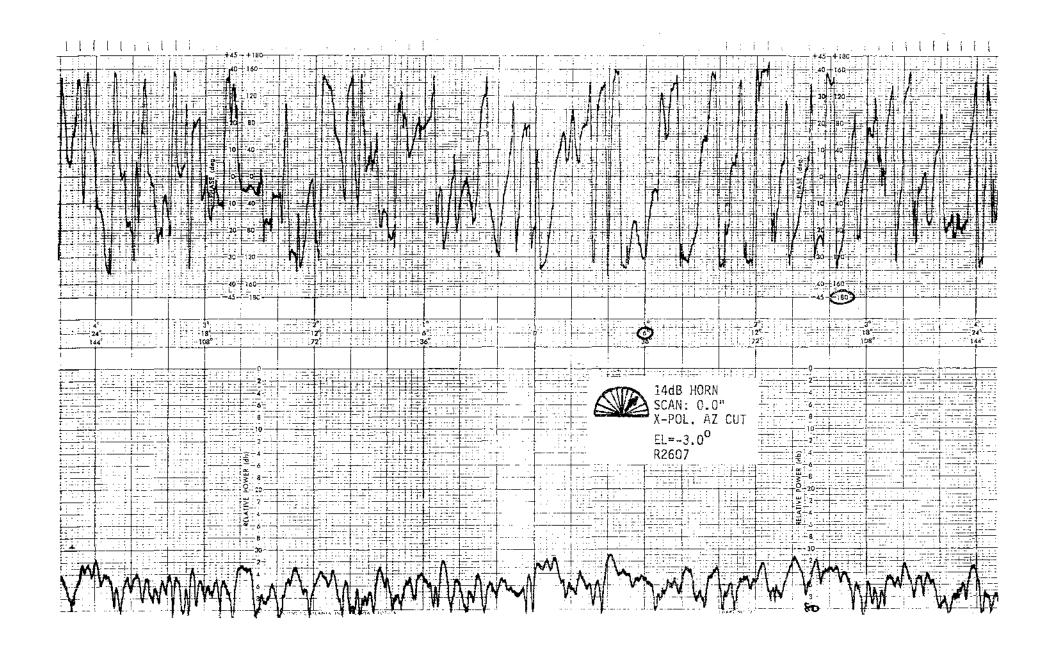






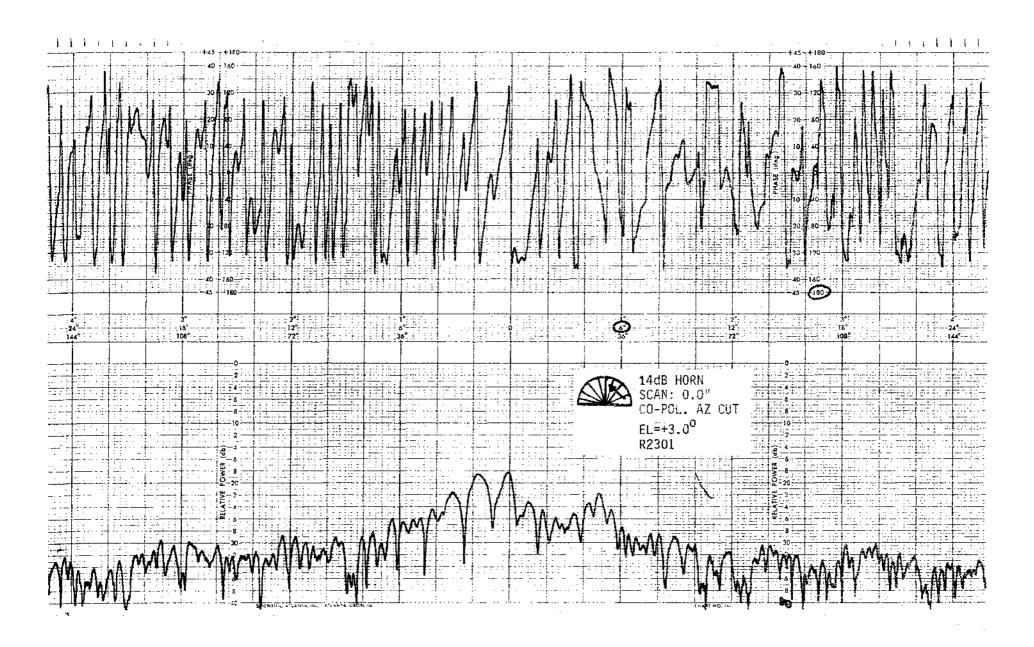


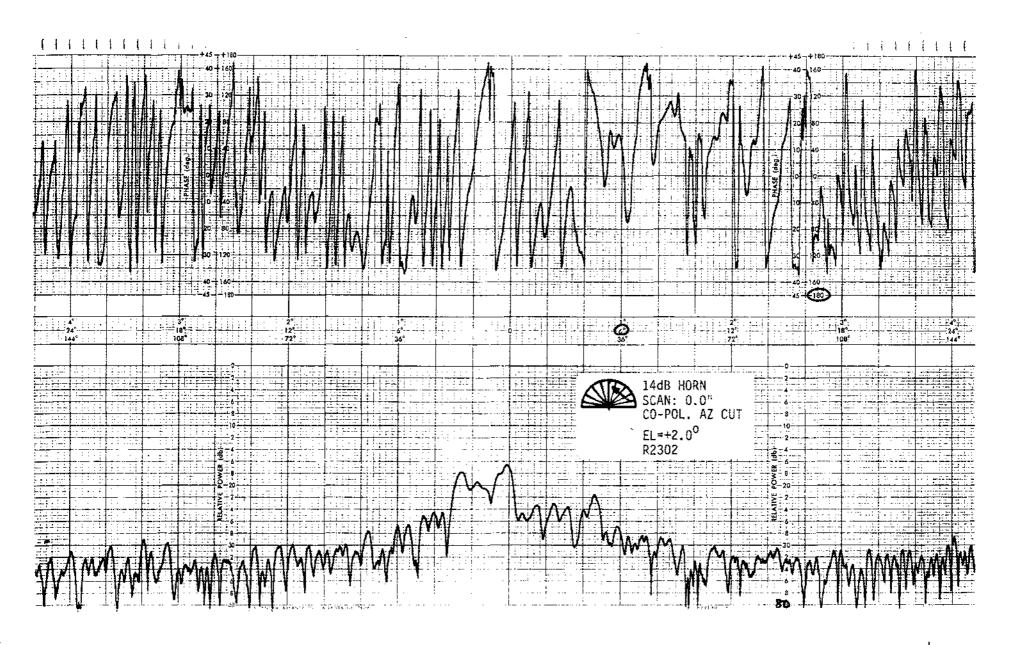


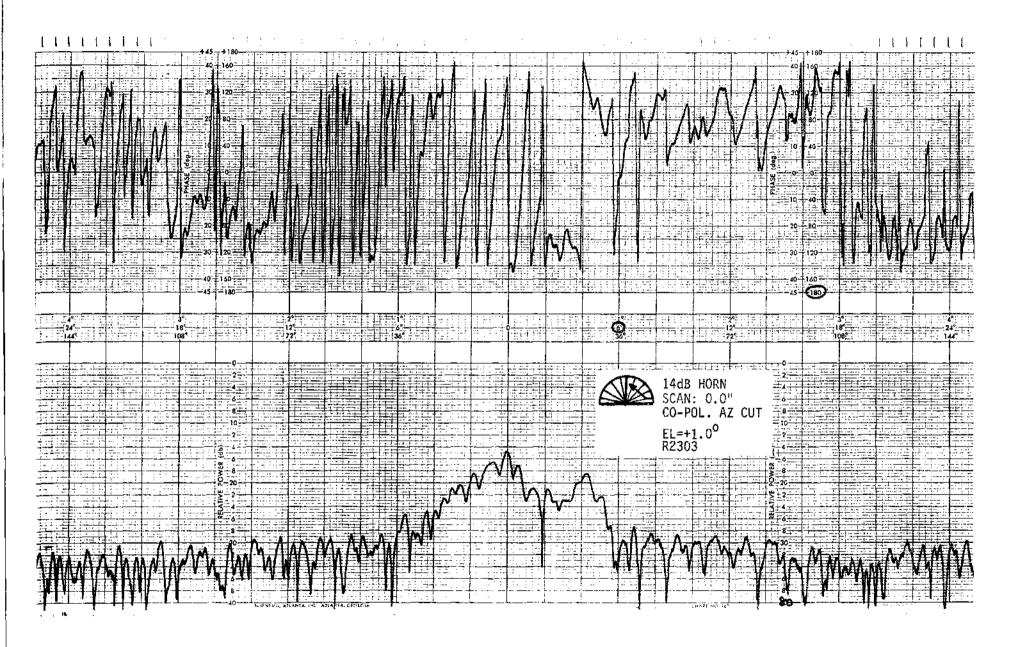


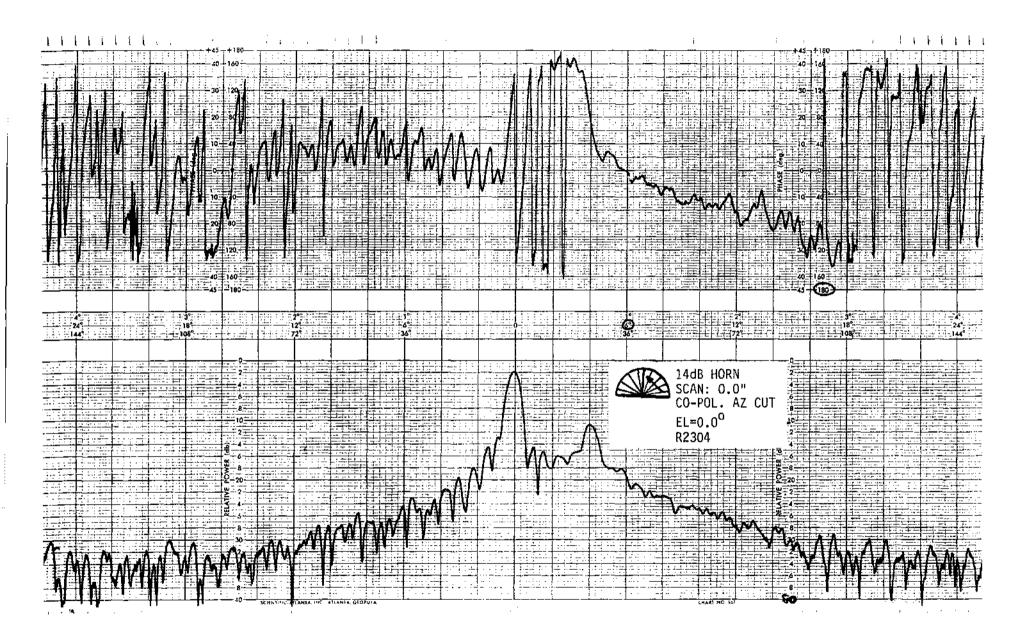
LSST - X
SECONDARY PATTERN LOG

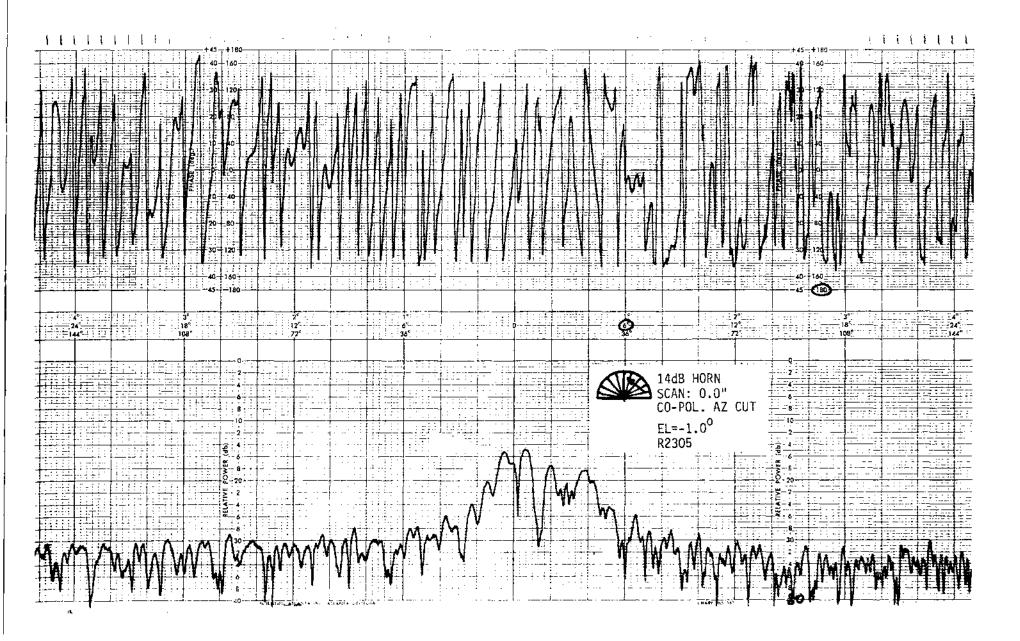
CONFIGURATION	HORN	SCAN	POL.	PK. GAIN	PATTERN	FILE NAME	PAGE NUMBER
	14 dB	0.0"	CO	-	+3°EL ± 45°A	z R2301	308
	11	tt	11	-	+2°EL "	R2302	309
	11	31	11		+1°EL "	R2303	310
ļ	11	u	11	50.50	O°EL "	R2304	311
Ì	*1	11	11	. –	-1°EL "	R2305	312
	11	11	11	-	-2°EL "	R2306	313
ļ	11	11	11	-	-3°EL "	R2307	314
	14 dB	0.0"	х	-	+3°EL "	R2401	315
	71	11	u	_	+2°EL	R2402	316
	**	11	11	-	+1°EL "	R2403	317
	11	11	н .	-	O°EL "	R2404	318
}	11	11	11	-	-1°EL "	R2405	319
j		11	TT.	-	-2°EL "	R2406	320
₩	71	11	*1	-	-3°EL "	R2407	321

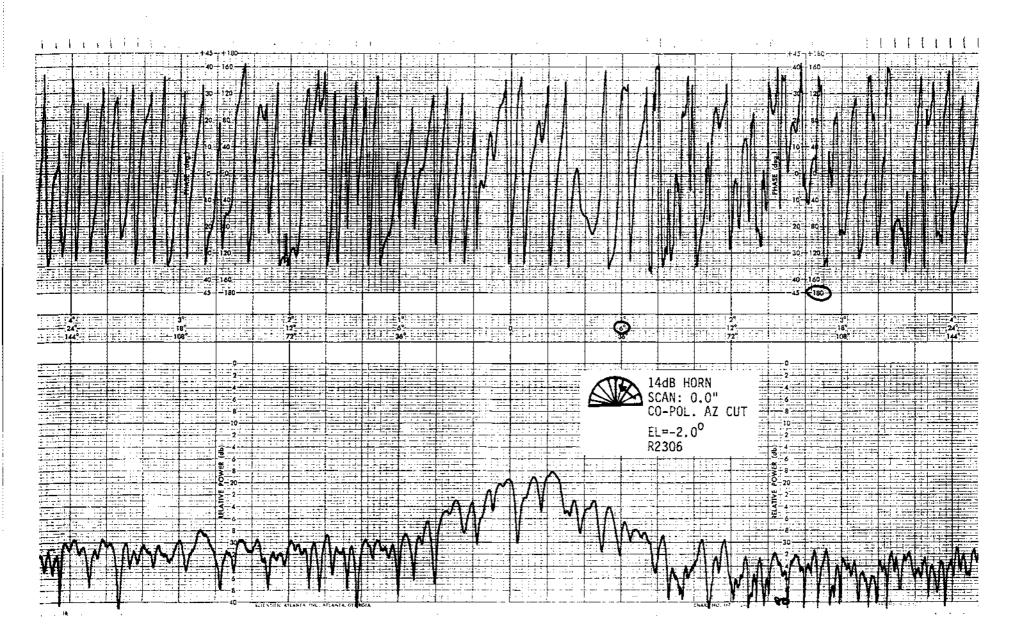


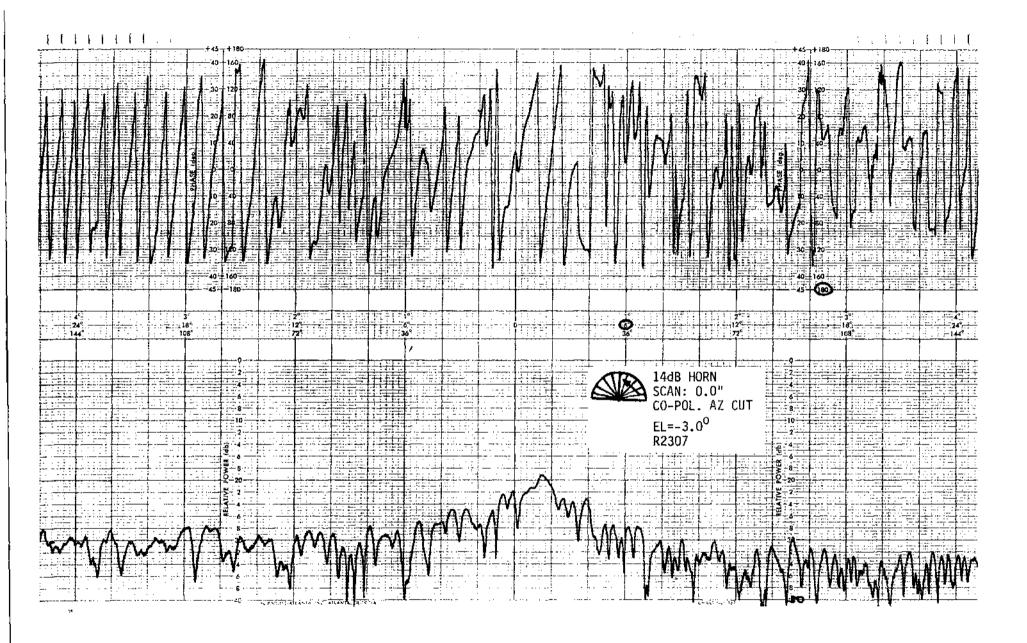


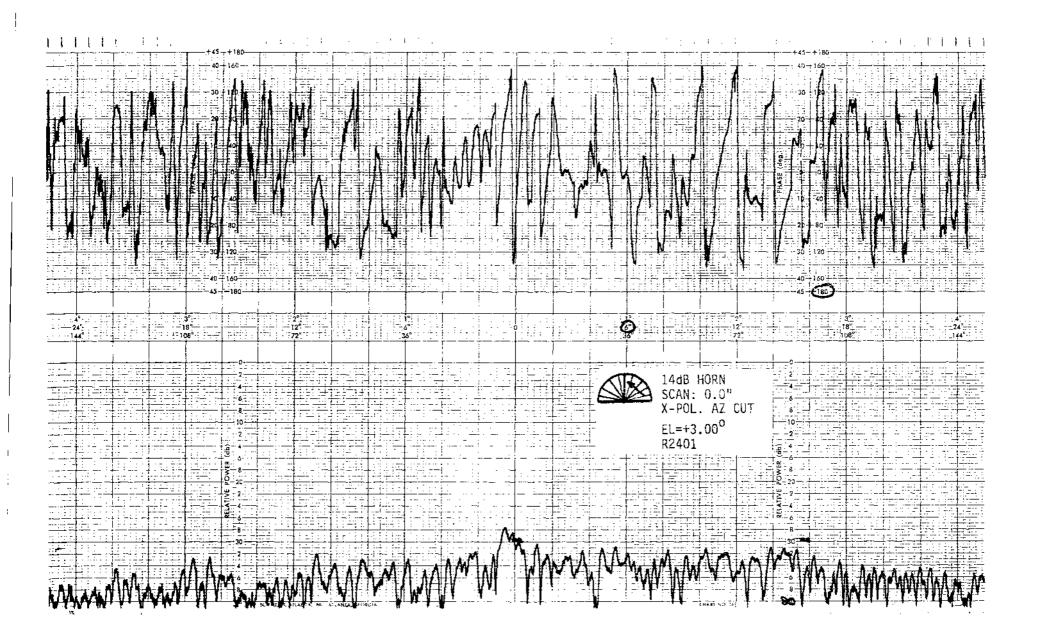


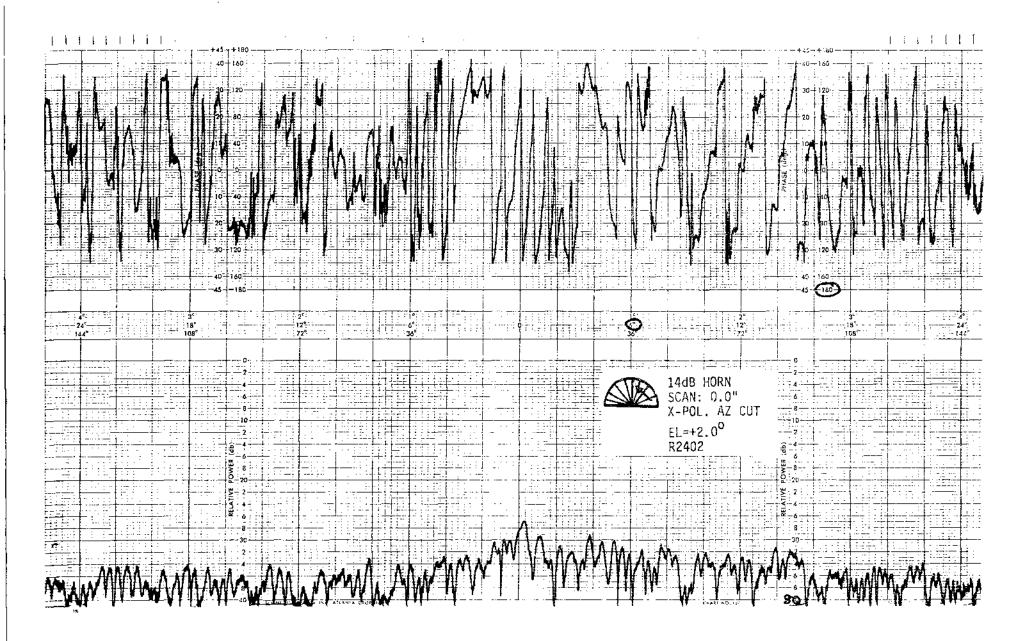


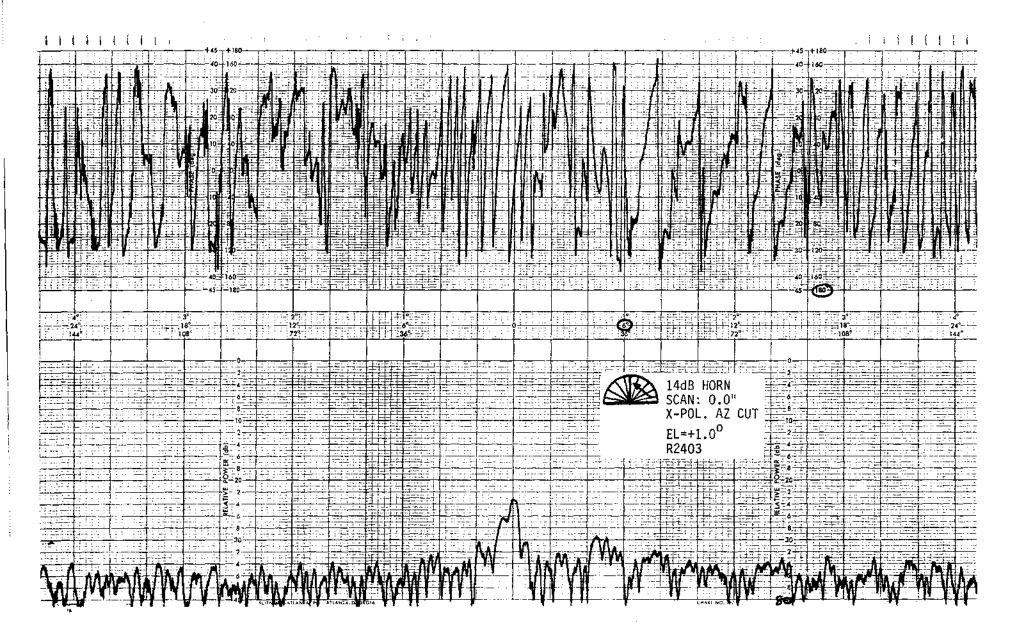


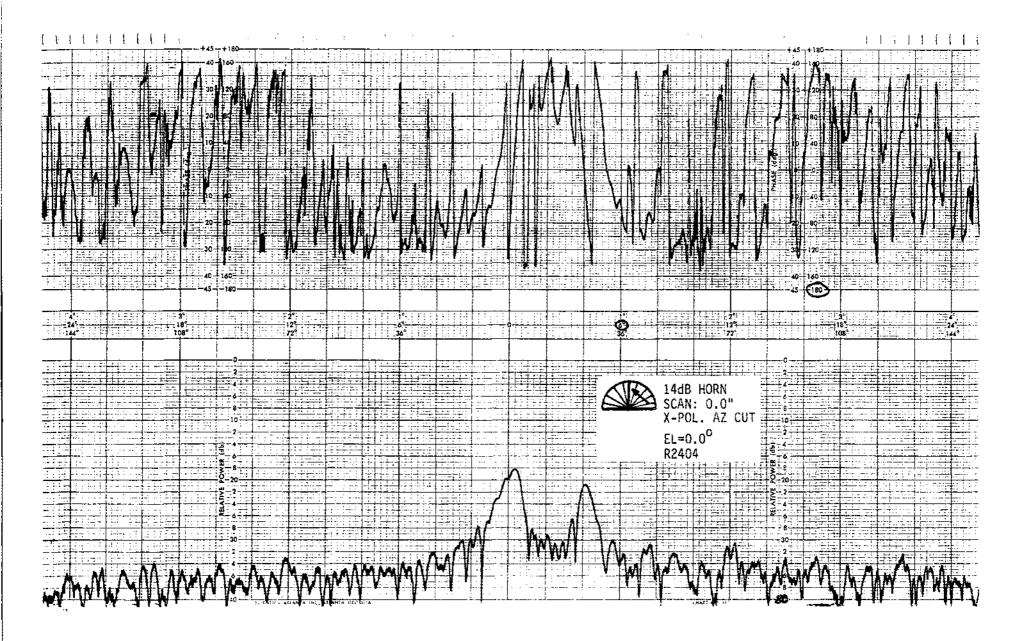






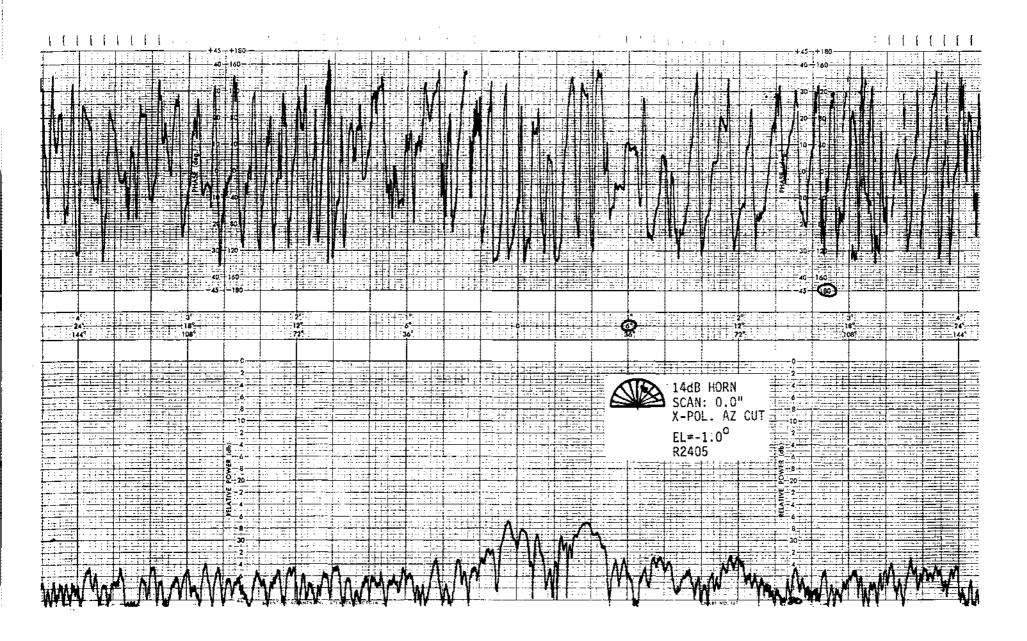


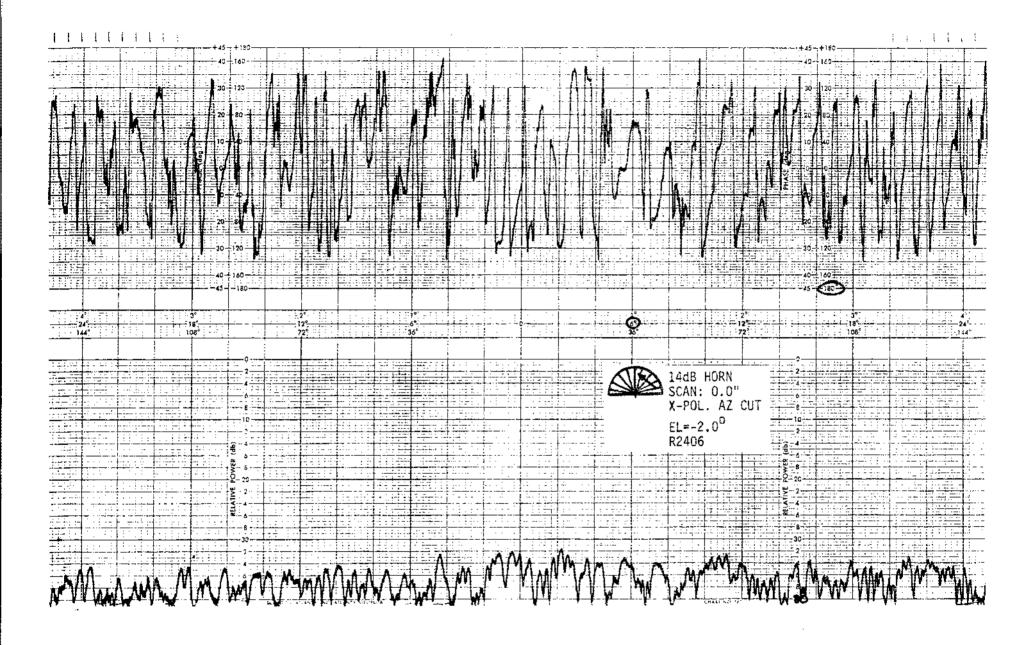




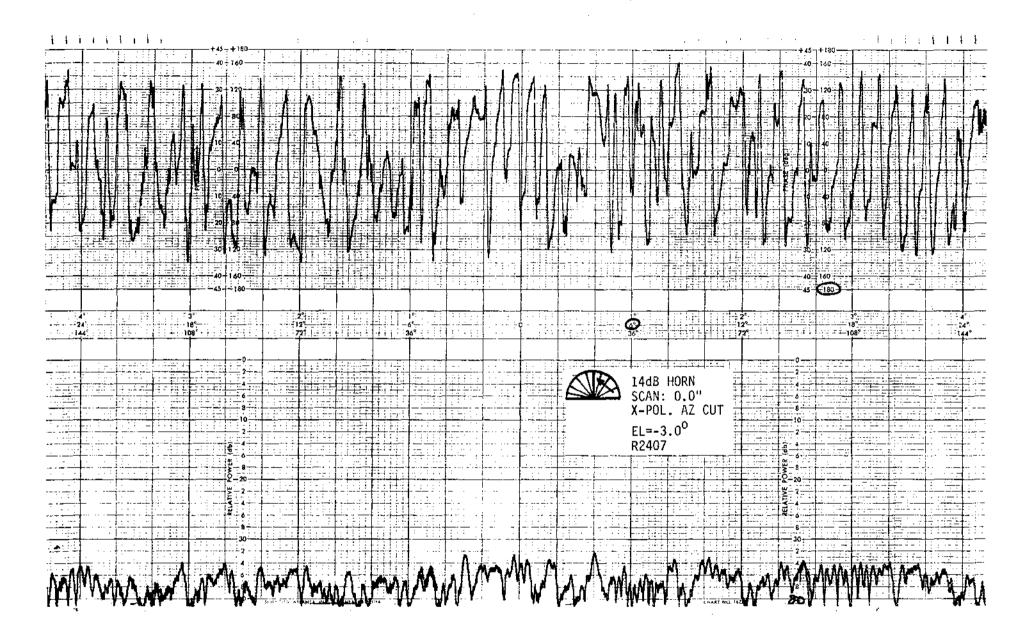
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16. Abstract							
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As part of the Large Space System Technology Program, this report, in two volumes, presents the theoretical and experimental results of the RF characteristic of a hoop/column, quad aperture antenna using an RF verification model. To satisfy the primary purposes of the model it provides experimental pattern data for the quad aperture configuration at different reflector edge illumination levels, from which the geometry and edge effects can be assessed, and provides experimental data which can be compared with calculations using various theoretical reflector scattering formulae. It also experimentally determines the effects upon secondary patterns of scale model quartz cables, as used in the hoop/column design, upon secondary patterns in order to assess the importance of developing a scattering theory to predict such effects. In addition, this report contains a comprehensive theoretical study and the experimental pattern results of quad aperture antenna feeds, a discussion of the fundamental affect of parasitic side lobes, their amplitude, and location in space.							
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